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NOTICE OF MEETING

CABINET

will meet on

THURSDAY, 1ST DECEMBER, 2022 At 7.00 pm

at

GREY ROOMS - YORK HOUSE, AND AVAILABLE ON RBWM YOUTUBE

TO: MEMBERS OF CABINET: COUNCILLORS:

ANDREW JOHNSON LEADER OF THE COUNCIL; GROWTH & OPPORTUNITY (CHAIRMAN)

STUART CARROLL DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF CABINET; CHILDREN'S SERVICES, EDUCATION, HEALTH, MENTAL HEALTH, & TRANSFORMATION

DAVID CANNON ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME, AND PUBLIC PROTECTION

DAVID COPPINGER ADULT SOCIAL CARE & MAIDENHEAD

SAMANTHA RAYNER DEPUTY LEADER OF THE COUNCIL; BUSINESS, CORPORATE & RESIDENTS SERVICES, CULTURE & HERITAGE, & WINDSOR

PHIL HASELER PLANNING, PARKING, HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORT

DAVID HILTON ASSET MANAGEMENT & COMMERCIALISATION, FINANCE, & ASCOT

DONNA STIMSON CLIMATE ACTION & SUSTAINABILITY

ROSS MCWILLIAMS DIGITAL CONNECTIVITY, HOUSING OPPORTUNITY, & SPORT & LEISURE

GURPREET BHANGRA - ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, PARKS & COUNTRYSIDE

Karen Shepherd – Head of Governance - Issued: Wednesday, 23 November 2022

Members of the Press and Public are welcome to attend Part I of this meeting. The agenda is available on the Council's web site at www.rbwm.gov.uk or contact the Panel Administrator **Karen Shepherd** karen.shepherd@rbwm.gov.uk or 07766 778286

Recording of Meetings – In line with the council's commitment to transparency the Part I (public) section of the virtual meeting will be streamed live and recorded via Zoom. By participating in the meeting by audio and/or video, you are giving consent to being recorded and acknowledge that the recording will be in the public domain. If you have any questions regarding the council's policy, please speak to Democratic Services or Legal representative at the meeting.

<u>AGENDA</u>

<u>PART I</u>

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	To receive any apologies for absence	
2.	DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST	5 - 6
	To receive any declarations of interest	
3.	MINUTES	7 - 12
	To consider the minutes of the meeting held on 27 October 2022.	
4.	<u>APPOINTMENTS</u>	
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	To consider the Forward Plan for the period December 2022 to March 2023	
6.	CABINET MEMBERS' REPORTS	
	Digital Connectivity, Housing Opportunity, & Sport & Leisure	
	i. Housing Allocations Policy	To Follow
	Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport	
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Agenda Item 2

MEMBERS' GUIDE TO DECLARING INTERESTS AT MEETINGS

Disclosure at Meetings

If a Member has not disclosed an interest in their Register of Interests, they **must make** the declaration of interest at the beginning of the meeting, or as soon as they are aware that they have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI) or Other Registerable Interest. If a Member has already disclosed the interest in their Register of Interests they are still required to disclose this in the meeting if it relates to the matter being discussed.

Any Member with concerns about the nature of their interest should consult the Monitoring Officer in advance of the meeting.

Non-participation in case of Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI)

Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to one of your DPIs (summary below, further details set out in Table 1 of the Members' Code of Conduct) you must disclose the interest, **not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room** unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (as agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer), you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest, just that you have an interest. Dispensation may be granted by the Monitoring Officer in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a DPI.

Where you have a DPI on a matter to be considered or is being considered by you as a Cabinet Member in exercise of your executive function, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest and must not take any steps or further steps in the matter apart from arranging for someone else to deal with it.

DPIs (relating to the Member or their partner) include:

- Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
- Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses
- Any contract under which goods and services are to be provided/works to be executed which has not been fully discharged.
- Any beneficial interest in land within the area of the council.
- Any licence to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer.
- Any tenancy where the landlord is the council, and the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest in the securities of.
- Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:
 - a) that body has a place of business or land in the area of the council, and
 - b) either (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body **or** (ii) the total nominal value of the shares of any one class belonging to the relevant person exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

Any Member who is unsure if their interest falls within any of the above legal definitions should seek advice from the Monitoring Officer in advance of the meeting.

Disclosure of Other Registerable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to one of your Other Registerable Interests (summary below and as set out in Table 2 of the Members Code of Conduct), you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (as agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer), you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

- a) any unpaid directorships
- b) any body of which you are a member or are in a position of general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- c) any body
- (i) exercising functions of a public nature
- (ii) directed to charitable purposes or
- (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union)

of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management

Disclosure of Non- Registerable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to your financial interest or well-being (and is not a DPI) or a financial interest or well-being of a relative or close associate, or a body included under Other Registerable Interests in Table 2 you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer) you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects -

- a. your own financial interest or well-being;
- b. a financial interest or well-being of a friend, relative, close associate; or
- c. a financial interest or well-being of a body included under Other Registerable Interests as set out in Table 2 (as set out above and in the Members' code of Conduct)

you must disclose the interest. In order to determine whether you can remain in the meeting after disclosing your interest the following test should be applied.

Where a matter (referred to in the paragraph above) affects the financial interest or well-being:

- a. to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
- b. a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest

You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer, you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Other declarations

Members may wish to declare at the beginning of the meeting any other information they feel should be in the public domain in relation to an item on the agenda; such Member statements will be included in the minutes for transparency.

Agenda Item 3

CABINET

THURSDAY, 27 OCTOBER 2022

PRESENT: Councillors Andrew Johnson (Chairman), Stuart Carroll (Vice-Chairman), David Cannon, David Coppinger, Samantha Rayner, Phil Haseler, David Hilton, Donna Stimson, Ross McWilliams and Gurpreet Bhangra

Also in attendance: Councillor Julian Sharpe

In attendance virtually: Councillors John Baldwin, Mandy Brar and Helen Price.

Officers: Adele Taylor, Emma Duncan, Kevin McDaniel, James Thorpe, Alysse Strachan, Tim Golabek, Karen Shepherd and Tony Reeves

APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

None received

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

No declarations were made.

MINUTES

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY: That the minutes of the meeting held on 29 September 2022 be approved.

APPOINTMENTS

The Chairman announced the following appointments:

Councillor David Coppinger - Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care & Maidenhead

Councillor Stuart Carroll - Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health, Mental Health, & Transformation

Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra - Cabinet Member for Environmental Services, Parks & Countryside

FORWARD PLAN

Cabinet noted the Forward Plan for the next four months including the following additional changes:

- 'Housing Allocations Policy' would be considered by Cabinet in November 2022
- 'Award of Contract for Case Management System' would be considered by Cabinet in December 2022.
- 'Sport and Leisure Strategy' would be considered by Cabinet in March 2023

CABINET MEMBERS' REPORTS

A) <u>DRAFT ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGEPOINT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN -</u> APPROVAL TO CONSULT

Cabinet considered approval to consult on a draft Electric Vehicle Chargepoint Implementation Plan.

Councillor Haseler, Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways and Transport, explained that officers had been working hard to complete the draft plan, which was very close to completion. The Cabinet paper covered the key aspects, and the draft plan would be shared with all Members prior to the public consultation. Bringing the paper before Cabinet at the meeting would allow the public consultation to take place in November, completing in December, with the final plan coming back to Cabinet in January. This avoided a public consultation over the Christmas period.

Councillor Haseler highlighted that the sale of new petrol and diesel vehicles in the UK would end in 2030, as set out in the 2021 national Decarbonising Transport strategy. Earlier in 2022, in 'Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Strategy - Taking Charge', the government tasked local authorities with developing local strategies to ensure the necessary infrastructure would be in place to support the transition, with a particular responsibility for developing a network of chargepoints on local authority streets. It was projected that half of all cars and vans in the borough would be electric by 2035, rising to virtually all such vehicles by 2040. Increasingly, the borough's residents, businesses and visitors would need and expect the infrastructure to be in place to support electric vehicles.

Whilst the majority of charging would take place on residential driveways and in fleet depots, there was a need for the council to support the delivery of chargepoints on land that it managed, on streets and in council car parks. The plan would fully support the Corporate Plan to create a sustainable borough of opportunity and innovation and the priorities for quality infrastructure and to take action on climate change.

With regards to on-street and public car park chargepoints, it was estimated that the plan would require an investment of around £5 million in chargepoint infrastructure over the 10-year plan period. This would be funded initially by chargepoint operators and government ORCS and LEVI grants. Early supplier engagement had confirmed that the plan could be delivered without any capital investment from the borough, and with existing staff resources.

Optionally, the borough could invest capital from CIL or other sources in the provision of chargepoints. The benefit being that chargepoint operators typically offered a share of profits if local authorities invested their own capital. In such an agreement, the operation and maintenance costs of the chargepoints were met by the chargepoint operator. Returns for the council would initially be very modest, but by 2033 a combination of increased chargepoint profitability from there being more electric vehicles on the roads and the significant number of chargepoints that would be in the borough by that time, created an opportunity for the council to benefit from a significant new income stream. This was estimated to be worth between £250,000 and £500,000 per year to the council, dependent upon the scale to which the council had invested.

Providing chargepoints on street and in car parks would involve contracts with chargepoint operators. There was considerable flexibility about the type of contract the council could enter into, and the plan left the council open to making individual contractual decisions each year of the plan, which would be made with input from the council's procurement team. The details of any contract would be presented for approval at the time they were proposed to be taken forward.

The plan proposed awarding concessions in annual batches over the plan period, with a target of introducing around 75 chargepoints per year. This would give flexibility each year for the council to decide whether, and to what extent, it would invest capital in that financial year. The concessions awarded would be subject to an evaluation of options and best value at the time they were made. It was not necessary for the council to commit to a single chargepoint supplier for the full plan period. Any decision to invest would be subject to a business case at the time, as well as the usual capital project and budget approval process for the year.

Councillor Haseler encouraged residents to actively participate in the consultation so that the plan could be refined and improved as a result of the comments received and ultimately adopted in early 2023.

Councillor Hilton seconded the proposal. He believed that residents would welcome the opportunity to comment on the plans as more chargepoints were wanted across the borough, particularly where there was no off-street parking.

Councillor Haseler confirmed that he would expect chargepoint coverage across the borough. Naturally there would be more chargepoints in the larger towns but the villages would not be overlooked. Locations would be designed in batches of, for example, six sites, with the chargepoint operator choosing five locations and the council reserving the right to determine the sixth location

Councillor Stimson felt the element of flexibility was important to ensure the right chargepoint operators were chosen each time as circumstances could change. Councillor Haseler commented that he would like to see multiple operators in the borough; 12 had already been engaged with to obtain information to take the paper forward.

Councillor Rayner commented that the proposal demonstrated excellent progress in making the borough more sustainable. Residents in Eton and Windsor were keen to buy electric cars but needed the infrastructure in place for charging. She liked the plan to work with the private sector to ensure workplaces, depots and points on route were included.

Councillor Sharpe highlighted the need to work with contractors to ensure maintenance was undertaken regularly and issues fixed quickly. In the south of the borough there were large areas of Victorian housing with no off-street parking. There was a need to ensure the rollout was evenly spread so all areas benefitted. He also suggested builders and developers should be encouraged to include chargepoints in all new developments.

Councillor Johnson commented that one of the key requirements was close cooperation with the utility provides in terms of connection and supply rates to ensure there was no lag between installation and connection.

Councillor Baldwin commented that he was concerned about the consultation. Throughout the trial there had been no Traffic Regulation Orders (TROs) to reserve spaces for electric vehicles. He had been in discussions with officers over the difficulty of wording TROs to allow for a phased Ringo-style option for electric vehicles. He wanted to ensure that residents were presented with realistic options. There were six chargepoints in Lower

Boyn Hill Road which were often occupied for days by station parkers, making them inaccessible for electric vehicles. He requested that the consultation include sufficient questions that were not just push questions and sufficient flexibility of options to allow coherent responses.

Councillor McWilliams joined the meeting.

Councillor Haseler confirmed that parking restrictions on chargepoints would be a strong consideration.

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY: That Cabinet notes the report and:

i) Delegates authority to the Head of Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth Service in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport to approve the draft plan progress to public consultation

B) COUNCIL CARBON EMISSIONS - PLAN FOR DELIVERY

Cabinet considered the plan to deliver a 50% carbon reduction in the Council's emissions by 2025/26, based on a 2018/19 baseline in line with the Council's Environment and Climate Strategy.

Councillor Stimson, Cabinet Member for Climate Action and Sustainability, explained that in the Environment and Climate Strategy, approved in December 2020, the council had made a commitment for a science-based carbon reduction trajectory. The report related to the council's carbon emissions, which was a small part of the overall total, but if the council was going to lead the way it needed to be on top of it. Between 2018/19 and 2025/26 the council committed to reducing emissions by 50% as part of a longer term plan to reduce emissions to net zero by 2050 at the latest.

The council's emissions in 2018/19 were 4500 tonnes. A 50% target reduction by 2025/26 would require a reduction of 2292 tonnes. The paper set out how the council would achieve its target through a combination of operational changes, building improvements and decarbonisation. It outlined the work already completed and planned for the financial year. The report identified the required level of emission reductions need to meet the Corporate Plan goals and a programme of works to achieve that, based on the feasibility studies undertaken by independent specialists to identify opportunities to decarbonise the council's estate.

Councillor Stimson referenced a number of projects including replacing lighting in 14 council buildings and schools with LEDs which delivered a typical 60% saving on the amount of energy and carbon they consumed. 90% of street lighting had been replaced with LEDs, leading to a 63% reduction in electricity consumption. At today's electricity prices, this saved the council £798,000 annually. The final 10% would be completed in the next 12 months. New double glazing had been installed at Tinkers Lane and a number of schools. PV panels had also been installed at a number of schools. There had also been an awareness raising and education support programme to support behaviour change.

There were also projects planned for the coming year. The council had won a bid for capital funding of £1.45m for Decarbonisation Phase 3. Schools with oil fired burners would be replaced, saving an estimated 185 tonnes.

Councillor Johnson seconded the proposal.

Councillor Hilton commented that the trajectory projected was impressive and the council was clearly on track to meet its commitment. As impressive was the ability of officers to secure external grant funding to enable projects to take place.

Councillor Rayner commented that she was pleased schools were benefitting, both in terms of saving money and modelling behaviour.

Councillor Stimson highlighted some of the work with MaidEnergy, a local co-operative that understood the borough and its residents well, including the installation of a heat pump at the Thames Valley Athletic Centre. MaidEnergy had approached both the council and the Climate Partnership with a number of well-founded case studies.

Councillor Coppinger commented that many residents, especially older residents, were concerned about how they would achieve the move. He therefore asked that ideas that could be replicated by others be publicised so everyone understood they were incremental steps.

Councillor Price commented that in the climate paper the council had used the Tindall curve but at section 2.4 of the report a straight-line had been used instead. This made it easier to achieve the target in the early years but more difficult in the long term. She did not understand why the change had been made. James Thorpe, Service Lead for Sustainability and Climate Change, explained that the trajectory to 2050 was using the Tindall curve but to make it simpler, between now and 2025/26, a broadly straight line was used. If it was extended out to 2050 the sharp increase at the beginning would still be evident.

Councillor Johnson commented that it was pleasing to see that carbon reductions were also leading to cost efficiencies.

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY: That Cabinet notes the report and:

i) Approves the plan to deliver a 50% carbon reduction in the Council's emissions by 2025/26 based on a 2018/19 baseline in line with the Council's Environment and Climate Strategy.

The meeting, which began at 7.00 pm, finishe	ed at 7.47 pm
	CHAIRMAN
	DATE



Agenda Item 5

CABINET FORWARD PLAN - CHANGES MADE SINCE PUBLICATION ON 12/10/2022:

ITEM	SCHEDULED CABINET DATE	NEW CABINET DATE	REASON FOR CHANGE
Annual Consultation on School Admission Arrangements	24 Nov 2022	-	Report not required
Housing Allocations Policy	15 Dec 2022	1 Dec 2022	Item brought forward
Award of Contract for Case Management System	-	15 Dec 2022	New item
Broadway Car Park - Nicholson Quarter Development update report	-	15 Dec 2022	New item
Household Support Fund, Winter 2022/23 Allocation	-	15 Dec 2022	New item
Jubilee Drinking Foundation	-	15 Dec 2022	Returning item
Electric Vehicle Chargepoint Implementation Plan	-	26 Jan 2023	New Item
Broadway Car Park – Nicholson Quarter Development Update	15 Dec 2022	26 Jan 2023	Awaiting further clarification on cost position, potential outcome of CPO report due late December from Planning Casework Unit, these items will inform proposed recommendation / decision
Disabled Facilities Grant Policy	15 Dec 2022	26 Jan 2023	To allow time for further work
Contract for Parking Enforcement, Moving Traffic Enforcement, Environmental Enforcement and Highways Enforcement	15 Dec 2022	30 Mar 2023	Delay in procurement process



All enquiries, including representations, about any of the items listed below should be made in the first instance to Democratic Services, Town Hall, St Ives Road, Maidenhead. Email: democratic.services@rbwm.gov.uk

FORWARD PLAN

ITEM	Private Meeting - contains exempt/ confidential information? See categories below.	Short Description	Key Decision, Council or other?	REPORTING MEMBER (to whom representations should be made)	REPORTING OFFICER / DIRECTOR (to whom representations should be made)	Consultation (please specify consultees, dates (to and from) and form of consultation), including other meetings	Date and name of meeting	Date of Council decision (if required)
Biodiversity Action स्निवा	Open -	To consider the Action Plan	Yes	Cabinet Member for Climate Action & Sustainability (Councillor Donna Stimson)	Chris Joyce, James Thorpe	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	
Jubilee Drinking Fountain	Open -	The installation of a new drinking fountain in Windsor Town Centre	Yes	Deputy Leader of the Council & Cabinet Member for Business, Corporate & Residents Services, Culture & Heritage, & Windsor (Councillor Samantha Rayner)	Andrew Durrant	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	
Award of Contract for Case Management System	Fully exempt - 3	The report will summarise the procurement and tendering outcome for the Council's Case Management System. The current contract with the existing supplier is due to	No	Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport (Councillor Phil Haseler), Deputy Leader of the Council & Cabinet Member for Business, Corporate & Residents Services, Culture & Heritage, &	Adrien Waite	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	

N.B. All documents to be used by the decision maker to be listed in the report to Cabinet

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		end in March of 2024.		Windsor (Councillor Samantha Rayner)				
School place planning annual report	Open -	This report provides an update on projected demand for school places in the Royal Borough and may propose options for further development and consultation.	Yes	Deputy Chairman of Cabinet & Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health, Mental Health, & Transformation (Councillor Stuart Carroll)	Kevin McDaniel	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	
Renewal of Microsoft Licencing Agreement	Open -	To obtain delegated approval for the Director of Resources to award the new Microsoft licensing contract to the successful bidder once the tender is complete based on the recommendations provided in the formal cabinet report	Yes	Deputy Leader of the Council & Cabinet Member for Business, Corporate & Residents Services, Culture & Heritage, & Windsor (Councillor Samantha Rayner)	Nikki Craig, Rebecca Stafford	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	
Adoption of the South West Maidenhead Development Framework	Open -	This report will recommend the adoption of the South West Maidenhead	Yes	Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport (Councillor Phil Haseler)	Adrien Waite	External consultation has already been undertaken	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	

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Supplementary Planning Document		Development Framework Supplementary Planning Document, following public consultation on a draft document in the summer						
Household Support Fund, Winter <u>2</u> 022/23 Allocation	Open -	This report outlines the council's approach to allocating the third tranche of the Household Support Fund.	No	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David Hilton), Leader of the Council & Cabinet Member for Growth & Opportunity (Councillor Andrew Johnson)	Rebecca Hatch	Consultation with key stakeholders, including VCS, parishes, health and housing partners.	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	
Review of Local Development Scheme	Open -	The report will update the Local Development Scheme for the Borough which sets out the programme of work on local plans for the next three years. This includes work on the Traveller Local Plan.	Yes	Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport (Councillor Phil Haseler)	Adrien Waite	Internal process	Cabinet 15 Dec 2022	

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Disabled Facilities Grant Policy	Open -	Disabled Facilities Grants (DFG's) provide funding to improve accessibility and enable people to remain living independently in their own homes. This policy will set out the mandatory legal framework for DFGs, and how the Council intends to use its powers under the RRO to provide interventions to promote independent living and wellbeing.	No	Cabinet Member for Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime, and Public Protection (Councillor David Cannon), Cabinet Member for Digital Connectivity, Housing Opportunity, & Sport & Leisure (Councillor Ross McWilliams)	Emma Congerton, Tracy Hendren	Formal consultation with all partner agencies	Cabinet 26 Jan 2023	
Broadway Car Park - Nicholson Quarter Development update report	Fully exempt - 3	To provide an update to Cabinet on the Council's land Interest in the Nicholson Quarter and the associated development obligations.	No	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David Hilton)	Adele Taylor	Internal process	Cabinet 26 Jan 2023	
2023/24 School Condition Works Programme	Open -	This report proposes the schemes to be funded in 2023/24	No	Deputy Chairman of Cabinet & Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health,	Kevin McDaniel	Internal process	Cabinet 26 Jan 2023	

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		using the School Condition Allocation. This funding is used to maintain the sites and buildings of community and voluntary controlled schools.		Mental Health, & Transformation (Councillor Stuart Carroll)				
Electric Vehicle Chargepoint Implementation Pan	Open -	Presents a plan for scaling up electric vehicle chargepoint provision in the borough, to keep ahead of growing consumer demand for electric vehicles and to help bring down carbon emissions. This final plan reflects the feedback from a public consultation. The report seeks approval for the policies in the plan to be adopted, and the actions implemented.	Yes	Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport (Councillor Phil Haseler)	Chris Joyce	Public consultation	Cabinet 26 Jan 2023	
Finance Update	Open -	Latest financial update	No	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation,	Adele Taylor / Andrew Vallance	Internal	Cabinet 26 Jan 2023	

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				Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David Hilton)				
Budget 2023/24	Open -	To approve the budget to recommend to full Council	Yes	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David Hilton)	Adele Taylor, Andrew Vallance	External consultation	Cabinet 9 Feb 2023	Full Council 21 Feb 2023
Award of Contract for Adult Social Care Case Management system	Fully exempt - 3	Report to Cabinet requesting approval to award contract for the supply of a case management system	Yes	Deputy Chairman of Cabinet & Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health, Mental Health, & Transformation (Councillor Stuart Carroll)	Kevin McDaniel	Internal	Cabinet 23 Feb 2023	
Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) and Alternative Provision (AP) Capital Strategy	Open -	This report provides a draft SEND and AP Capital Strategy, following public consultation on a number of proposals to be included.	No	Deputy Chairman of Cabinet & Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health, Mental Health, & Transformation (Councillor Stuart Carroll)	Kevin McDaniel	Internal process	Cabinet 23 Feb 2023	
Determination of admission arrangements	Open -	To approve amended admission arrangements	No	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David Hilton)	Kevin McDaniel	External consultation	Cabinet 23 Feb 2023	

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Contract for Parking Enforcement, Moving Traffic Enforcement, Environmental Enforcement and Highways Enforcement	Fully exempt - 3	A report to set out future options for the contracts across the Borough.	Yes	Cabinet Member for Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime, and Public Protection (Councillor David Cannon), Cabinet Member for Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport (Councillor Phil Haseler)	Alysse Strachan	Internal	Cabinet 30 Mar 2023	
Standards and Quality of Education in Royal -Borough schools	Open -	Annual report on progress against the outcomes set by cabinet that highlights overall performance of all pupils in the academic year including the attainment of disadvantaged pupils	No	Deputy Chairman of Cabinet & Cabinet Member for Children's Services, Education, Health, Mental Health, & Transformation (Councillor Stuart Carroll)	Kevin McDaniel	Internal process	Cabinet 30 Mar 2023	
RBWM Sport and Leisure Strategy - Update and Refresh 2022-23	Open -	To present the draft updated Sport and Leisure Strategy for RBWM, following the work undertaken with a range of stakeholders to inform the refresh strategy.	Yes	Cabinet Member for Digital Connectivity, Housing Opportunity, & Sport & Leisure (Councillor Ross McWilliams)	Andrew Durrant	TBC	Cabinet 30 Mar 2023	
Finance Update	Open -	Latest finance update	Yes	Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot (Councillor David	Andrew Vallance	Internal process	Cabinet 30 Mar 2023	

ITEM	Private Meeting - contains exempt/ confidential information? See categories below	Short Description	Key Decision, Council or other?	REPORTING MEMBER (to whom representations should be made)	REPORTING OFFICER / DIRECTOR (to whom representations should be made)	Consultation (please specify consultees, dates (to and from) and form of consultation), including other meetings.	Date and name of meeting	Date of Council decision (if required)
				Hilton)				
Broadband Digital Lines	Open -	The Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead (RBWM) is seeking to replace its site to site broadband circuits and wide area network connections.	Yes	Deputy Leader of the Council & Cabinet Member for Business, Corporate & Residents Services, Culture & Heritage, & Windsor (Councillor Samantha Rayner)	Nikki Craig	Internal process	Cabinet 30 Mar 2023	

ITEM	Private Meeting - contains exempt/ confidential information? See categories below	Short Description	Key Decision, Council or other?	REPORTING MEMBER (to whom representations should be made)	REPORTING OFFICER / DIRECTOR (to whom representations should be made)	Consultation (please specify consultees, dates (to and from) and form of consultation), including other meetings.	Date and name of meeting	Date of Council decision (if required)
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DESCRIPTIONS OF EXEMPT INFORMATION: ENGLAND

- **1** Information relating to any individual.
- 2 Information which is likely to reveal the identity of an individual.
- 3 Information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information).
- A Information relating to any consultations or negotiations, or contemplated consultations or negotiations, in connection with any labour welations matter arising between the authority or a Minister of the Crown and employees of, or office holders under, the authority.
- **5** Information in respect of which a claim to legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings.
- **6** Information which reveals that the authority proposes:
- (a) to give under any enactment a notice under or by virtue of which requirements are imposed on a person; or
- (b) to make an order or direction under any enactment.
- 7 Information relating to any action taken or to be taken in connection with the prevention, investigation or prosecution of crime.

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Report Title:	Highways Maintenance Contract – Proposal and recommendation for re- procurement and future service delivery
Contains Confidential or	No – Part I
Exempt Information	
Lead Member:	Councillor Haseler – Cabinet Member for
	Planning, Parking, Highways & Transport
Meeting and Date:	24 th November 2022
Responsible Officer(s):	Alysse Strachan – Head of
	Neighbourhood Services
	Andrew Durrant – Executive Director of
	Place Services
Wards affected:	All



REPORT SUMMARY

This report outlines options and recommendations for the future highway maintenance service delivery model, when the current VolkerHighways contract expires on 1 April 2024.

It recommends that a procurement exercise is undertaken in order to obtain contracted services for the majority of activities and functions, and it also recommends strengthening the in-house client team by delivering highway inspections, programme management and quality monitoring 'in house'.

The recommendation is to re-procure for 3 separate contract groupings:

- Highway maintenance
- Street cleansing (including public conveniences)
- Highways professional services

The proposals in this report support the vision of the Corporate Plan (2021-26) and the key objectives of:

- Inspiring Places: Supporting the borough's future prosperity and sustainability.
- A Council trusted to deliver its promises.
- Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.

1. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet notes the report and:

I) Approves the proposed service groupings for re-procurement and the proposal to strengthen the client team by bringing highway inspections, programme management and quality monitoring back 'in house'.

2. REASON FOR RECOMMENDATION(S) AND OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Options Available

	Options	Comments
1.		The proposed recommendation will give greater clarity to officers, residents, and members as well as better accountability and resilience for service delivery. This option provides better quality and cost control for RBWM e.g. inspection, assessment, works ordering and account checking for routine maintenance, which also strengthens RBWM's ability to defend claims.
1	is is the commended option.	
	Extend the existing contract using the provisions in the contract.	This is not possible as the maximum extension has been given to the contract and the Council would be at risk of a legal procurement challenge.
3.	Retender the contract like for like.	The service has evolved in the last 5 years, and it has become clear through a series of reviews that more rigour is needed around control and accountability going forward. Additionally, this option would limit the ability to introduce improvements that have been identified through stakeholder engagement.
4	Deliver services through a partnership / shared service solution	Following an O&S task & finish review, on 29th April 2021 a paper was presented to cabinet and approved in relation to the current extension to the Volker contract. The paper included a review of current contracts in neighbouring authorities and potential opportunities. No contracts were directly 'co terminus' and contained the same series of services required. There is an opportunity to use Wokingham's existing contract, but this doesn't show any benefit in terms of service or cost and doesn't allow us to test the market.
5	Bring all the services back 'in house'.	The Council does not have the capacity to deliver all the services 'in house' and financially it would not be viable to do so. When the revised model including further outsourcing was introduced in 2017, a significant part of the saving achieved was for support functions no longer required. To bring services back in house would come with a cost and resource implication. This is particularly the case for operational and construction functions. The key areas which would need to be addressed but not exhaustive to are: • Management support structure • Governance • I.T. • Plant /vehicle fleet/ fleet manager • HR • Finance • H&S

Bringing technical services such as design back in house would introduce financial risk as the resource level would be fixed rather than being able to flex in line with the capital programme which varies year to year. The small number of roles recommended to be brought back
in house can be line managed within the existing structure and support services.

Background

2.1 In 2017, the Council entered a five-year highways management and maintenance contract with VolkerHighways Ltd to provide a range of services on behalf of the Council. This involved transferring some Council employees across to VolkerHighways under TUPE regulations. In 2021, they were awarded a further 2 year extension until 31st March 2024, which is the maximum that this contract can be extended.

The current commissioned service contains the following core elements:

- Highway and Bridge Inspections
- Highway and Bridge Repairs
- Drainage and gully clearance
- Winter Service
- Street Cleansing
- Project Delivery
- Tree Inspections (2017 2021 optional in the contract and time limited based on funding).
- 2.2 The main contractor is VolkerHighways Ltd. who have sub-contracted street cleansing to Urbaser and sub-contracted scheme development and design; specialist inspections to Project Centre Ltd. Project Centre Ltd also had a direct contract with RBWM for other professional services which was separate from this arrangement and was brought back in house in 2021.

Service review

2.3 Since 2017, the requirements of the highways service and the Council's priorities have evolved. The extension of the contract has allowed the opportunity to review the highways delivery model going forward. Along with the review of current arrangements by the O&S task & finish group in 2021, feedback received from soft market engagement sessions, internal consultation, and consultation with Members, has informed the options for the future procurement and service delivery. This has given vital insight into the opportunities and challenges that are presented to the service in the future. Full details are in Appendix B, C and D, with summaries shown below.

External engagement

In July 2022 a series of soft market engagement sessions took place with 9 suppliers to review the current market and what would be the most advantageous way to procure services in the future. Appendix B details the outcomes of the meeting.

Market Testing - Summary

Reasonable contract length at least 7+ extensions to make it commercially viable Splitting out the cleansing and professional services as not directly delivered by highways contractors

Use the New Engineering Contract – version 4 (NEC4) – widely used form of contract Mobilisation lead in period of 3-6 months

The below scoring split for the tender was generally favoured:

40% price

40% quality

20% social value and carbon savings

Awareness that there is a long lead in time for electric vehicles and the need for additional electrical points to be installed in the depot to facilitate a full electric fleet Basic contract highway model needs to support enough operatives to resource the winter service function

Internal engagement

Alongside the external market testing, similar meetings were held with officers that use and have experience with the current model to run their service area. Appendix C details the outcomes of those meetings.

Internal Engagement - Summary

Potential conflict of interest on some areas of the contract i.e. need to create more independence between inspection, design and works

More in-house performance monitoring and management is required

Inspections to be brought back in house, allowing the insurance process around claims to be dealt with more effectively

Specification to be reviewed to identify areas that could be improved

Street cleansing and professional services to be separate contracts as subcontracting adds a financial uplift and no real benefit

Winter service decision making process to be brought back in house

Member engagement

A questionnaire was circulated to all Members to understand their perception of the current service and what works well along with areas of weakness. Appendix D details the questionnaire and these responses, for which we received a 33% return.

Further use of recyclable materials in the contract is supported Improve responses and information to councillors Improve street cleansing – particularly within rural areas More robust checking of highway work to be carried out More attention to the borough's pavements is required Improved provision to tackle overgrown vegetation

Proposed recommendation

- 2.4 Following the review of the highways service, a series of options have been considered which include bringing the services back 'in house', retaining the current outsourced solution and a blend of both. Each part of the contracted service has been reviewed in accordance with the Council's strategies and constitution. The recommended service delivery model supports the council's commissioning approach and brings back a small but vital area of control and monitoring.
- 2.5 Table 2 sets out where the services sat prior to the outsourcing in 2017 and recommendations of where they should sit going forward based on the review. The rationale for bringing certain aspects back in house is to provide greater quality and cost control for RBWM. The proposal recommends that the majority of elements are delivered by external providers because they are specialist technical activities e.g. technical bridge assessments or are operational or construction functions e.g. winter gritting delivery/ road resurfacing.

Table 2

Service Areas	Pre 2017 arrangement	Current Arrangement	Recommendation post April 2024
Bridge Inspections	External	VolkerHighways	External provider
Highway Inspections	In house	VolkerHighways	'In house'
Design and project management for civil works.	In house	VolkerHighways	'In house' and external provider. See Appendix E
Reactive Highway maintenance	In House	VolkerHighways	External provider
Reactive bridge maintenance	External	VolkerHighways	External provider
Planned Highway maintenance and bridge works	External	VolkerHighways	External provider
Drainage and Gulley Clearance	In house	VolkerHighways	External provider
Street Cleansing	External	VolkerHighways	External provider
Winter Service	External	VolkerHighways	External provider
Customer Enquiries	In house	VolkerHighways	'In house' and external provider. See Appendix E

3. KEY IMPLICATIONS

Defined Outcomes	Unmet	Met	Exceeded	Significantly Exceeded	Date they should be delivered by
Agree to the recommendations and implement the changes for April 2024	No recommendation agreed or implemented by 1st April 2024	Option agreed and changes introduced by 1st April 2024	N/A	N/A	1 st April 2024

- 3.1 The recommendation will lead to some services being delivered directly by the Council and therefore existing staff in VolkerHighways and Project Centre may be in scope to transfer under TUPE regulations.
- 3.2 Any vacant positions required for in-house service delivery that are not within scope of TUPE regulations will need to be recruited to through the normal recruitment processes.
- 3.3 The 3 new contracts will be produced and finalised, working with the procurement team, legal services, and a specialist specification consultant. Appendix E sets out the proposed contract model and where the services will sit.

4. FINANCIAL DETAILS / VALUE MONEY

4.1 The table below shows the spend over the contract's term to give an indication of the financial value and the degree of variation each year. The variation in spend is predominantly due to varying levels of capital funding and grant allocation spent on highway projects throughout the contract term. External service providers have the ability to use their resources flexibly across contracts that would not be possible if those services were resourced in house.

Table below shows GBP amounts per year for capital and revenue:

Year	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Capital	2,548,860	5,701,506	5,560,864	7,176,472	6,159,771
Revenue	3,679,687	3,969,845	4,234,958	4,197,203	4,235,146
Grand Total	6,228,546	9,671,351	9,795,822	11,373,675	10,394,918

- 4.2 The core services within the contract deliver basic safety maintenance. Under this proposal the service levels remain unchanged however the way the Council will manage certain aspects of the service will alter to bring more rigor and independent review to quality and cost control in key focus areas. The cost of bringing a small number of positions 'in house', will mean these positions are no longer required in the future contracts and therefore be cost neutral.
- 4.3 We will work within the current budget envelope and build different cost options into the tender where appropriate. Ultimately the remaining services will go through a procurement process and the contract costs will be representative of the current market. We propose to incorporate the market feedback when selecting the type, terms, and duration of contract so that it attractive to suppliers, encouraging competitive bidding as well as providing a strong contract for RBWM. Specialist technical support has been engaged to ensure that the specifications and supporting documents are comprehensive and robust. Throughout the procurement process, we will seek to drive cost efficiencies to deliver the required services at the best market price.
- 4.4 A paper recommending award of the contracts is planned to be presented to Cabinet in September 2023, any cost implications can be considered in the budget setting process for 2024/25.

4.5 Pensions implications will need to be considered. Any staff in scope for TUPE who are not currently members of the LGPS would be given the opportunity to join. There is potential for this to have ongoing cost implications, and this will be established as the details of any posts are identified working closely with the Royal Berkshire Pension Fund. The cost of any additional in-house elements will need to be offset by the reduced cost requirement within the contract.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 5.1 All new contracts will be procured in line with the Council's constitution and the Public Contracts Regulations 2015. The Council's Legal Services Team are involved and will provide advice and secure external legal advice where required.
- 5.2 The contract is due to terminate on 31 March 2024 and therefore the council can consider alternative approaches to service delivery.
- 5.3 Under the terms of the current contract, the TUPE regulations may apply to employees from VolkerHighways and Project Centre. Although the obligations will mostly relate to VolkerHighways and Project Centre as the current employer, the Council will work closely with them to ensure any consultation is carried out in accordance with the regulations.
- 5.4 The Council will work with Royal Berkshire Pension Fund to put in place any required pension fund admission arrangements where necessary.
- 5.5 Under the current contract arrangements, Tinkers Lane and Stafferton Way depots are utilised by the contractor. We will work closely with the Property Asset Team to ensure that the use/ value of council assets is maximised and with Legal Services to ensure that the necessary leases and licences can form part of the tender documents.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Table 3 Risk management

Risks	Uncontrolled Risk	Controls	Controlled Risk
No bids are received for the new contract	Medium	The Council has carried out a series of positive external market engagements and allowed ample time to for procurement. This will give a reasonable amount of time for the contractors to price and mobilise.	Low
Delay in agreeing the recommended proposal to procure the contract	Medium	Report has been taken to Cabinet and background work has been carried out to make an informed decision. Sufficient timescale allocated to reprocure contract.	Low
Bids exceed the available budget for these services	High	A robust new service model and procurement process together with the pragmatic approach to risk sharing.	Medium

7. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

- 7.1 Equalities. Equality impact assessment screening has been completed. See appendix A.
- 7.2 Climate change/sustainability. There will be an increased emphasis around both climate change and sustainability within the new contracts to align with the councils' targets.
- 7.3 Data Protection/GDPR. GDPR will be adhered to throughout the service change.

8. CONSULTATION

8.1 Market, officer, and Member engagements, as detailed in Appendix B, C and D have been completed ahead of the procurement. It is proposed that a report be presented to Cabinet in September 2023 to agree the award of the new contract.

9. TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

Key dates are provided below.

Date	Details
24th November 2022	Cabinet for approval of re procurement and service
	delivery model
December 2022 - March	Drafting of specifications and preparation of all other
2023	tender documents
April 2023 - May 2023	Launch of tender
31 May 2023	Tender returns
June 2023	Tender evaluation
September 2023	Cabinet for approval to award contract(s)
October 2023 - March	Mobilisation period
2024	
April 1st 2024	Start of new contract(s)

10. APPENDICES

Appendix A - EQIA

Appendix B – Internal engagement

Appendix C - External engagement

Appendix D – Member engagement

Appendix E – Proposed contract and service model

11. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Initial contract award by Cabinet in December 2016. https://rbwm.moderngov.co.uk/documents/s10581/meetings_161215_cab_highways.pdf

Contract extension in 2022. Contract Extension report

12. CONSULTATION (MANDATORY)

Name of consultee	Post held	Date sent	Date returned
Cllr Haseler	Lead Member for Transport and Infrastructure	7/10/22	11/10/22
Tony Reeves	Interim Chief Executive and Head of Paid Service	17/10/22	01/11/22
Adele Taylor	Director of Resources/S151 Officer	17/10/22	25/10/22
Andrew Durrant	Director of Place	17/10/22	18/10/22
Kevin McDaniel	Director of People Services	19/10/22	19/10/22
Alysse Strachan	Head of Neighbourhood Services	17/10/22	18/10/22
Andrew Vallance	Head of Finance	17/10/22	17/10/22
Elaine Browne	Head of Law	17/10/22	17/10/22
Emma Duncan	Deputy Director of Law and Strategy / Monitoring Officer	17/10/22	25/10/22
Nikki Craig	Head of HR Corporate Projects and IT	17/10/22	18/10/22
Louisa Dean	Communications	17/10/22	
Karen Shepherd	Head of Governance	17/10/22	17/10/22

REPORT HISTORY

Decision type:	Urgency item?	To follow item?
Key Decision. First	No	No
entered onto the		
Forward Plan 17		
Aug 2022		

Report Author: Vikki Roberts – Principal Contract Manager Highways Vikki.roberts@rbwm.gov.uk



APPENDIX A - EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Essential information

Items to be assessed: (please mark 'x')

Strategy	Policy	Plan	Project	Х	Service/Procedure	Х
Responsible officer	Vikki Roberts	Service area	Neighbourhood Services	Directorate	Place	
Stage 1: EqIA So (mandatory)	creening	Date created: 06/10/2022	Stage 2 : Full assessi applicable)	ment (if		

Approved by Head of Service / Overseeing group/body / Project Sponsor:

"I am satisfied that an equality impact has been undertaken adequately."

Signed by (print): Alysse Strachan

Dated: 07/10/2022

Guidance notes

What is an EqIA and why do we need to do it?

The Equality Act 2010 places a 'General Duty' on all public bodies to have 'due regard' to:

- Eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act.
- Advancing equality of opportunity between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.
- Fostering good relations between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.

EqIAs are a systematic way of taking equal opportunities into consideration when making a decision, and should be conducted when there is a new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure in order to determine whether there will likely be a detrimental and/or disproportionate impact on particular groups, including those within the workforce and customer/public groups. All completed EqIA Screenings are required to be publicly available on the council's website once they have been signed off by the relevant Head of Service or Strategic/Policy/Operational Group or Project Sponsor.

What are the "protected characteristics" under the law?

The following are protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010: age; disability (including physical, learning and mental health conditions); gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; sexual orientation.

What's the process for conducting an EqIA?

The process for conducting an EqIA is set out at the end of this document. In brief, a Screening Assessment should be conducted for every new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure and the outcome of the Screening Assessment will indicate whether a Full Assessment should be undertaken.

Openness and transparency

RBWM has a 'Specific Duty' to publish information about people affected by our policies and practices. Your completed assessment should be sent to the Strategy & Performance Team for publication to the RBWM website once it has been signed off by the relevant manager, and/or Strategic, Policy, or Operational Group. If your proposals are being made to Cabinet or any other Committee, please append a copy of your completed Screening or Full Assessment to your report.

Enforcement

Judicial review of an authority can be taken by any person, including the Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) or a group of people, with an interest, in respect of alleged failure to comply with the general equality duty. Only the EHRC can enforce the specific duties. A failure to comply with the specific duty.

Stage 1: Screening (Mandatory)

1.1 What is the overall aim of your proposed strategy/policy/project etc and what are its key objectives?

The current Volker highways maintenance and management contract is due to expire in 2024 and the report is being presented to Cabinet with recommendations for the future of the service.

This report outlines options and recommendations for the future highway maintenance service delivery model, when the current VolkerHighways contract expires on 1 April 2024.

It recommends a change in the delivery model for highway services, which will bring highway inspections, programme management and quality monitoring back 'in house' alongside the re procurement of 3 separate contracts for:

- Highway maintenance
- Street cleansing (including public conveniences)
- Highways professional services

The proposals in this report support the vision of the Corporate Plan (2021-26) and the key objectives of:

Inspiring Places: Supporting the borough's future prosperity and sustainability.

A Council trusted to deliver its promises.

Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.

1.2 What evidence is available to suggest that your proposal could have an impact on people (including staff and customers) with protected characteristics? Consider each of the protected characteristics in turn and identify whether your proposal is Relevant or Not Relevant to that characteristic. If Relevant, please assess the level of impact as either High / Medium / Low and whether the impact is Positive (i.e. contributes to promoting equality or improving relations within an equality group) or Negative (i.e. could disadvantage them). Please document your evidence for each assessment you make, including a justification of why you may have identified the proposal as "Not Relevant".

Protected characteristics	Relevance	Level	Positive/negative	Evidence
Age	Not relevant			Key data: The estimated median age of the local population is 42.6yrs [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020]. An estimated 20.2% of the local population are aged 0-15, and estimated 61% of the local population are aged 16-64yrs and an estimated 18.9% of the local population are aged 65+yrs. [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Disability	Not relevant			
Gender re-	Not			
assignment	relevant			
Marriage/civil				
partnership				
Pregnancy and				
maternity				
Race	Not relevant			Key data: The 2011 Census indicates that 86.1% of the local population is White and 13.9% of the local population is BAME. The borough has a higher Asian/Asian British population (9.6%) than the South East (5.2%) and England (7.8%). The forthcoming 2021 Census data is expected to show a rise in the BAME population. [Source: 2011 Census, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Religion and belief				Key data: The 2011 Census indicates that 62.3% of the local population is Christian, 21.7% no religion, 3.9% Muslim, 2% Sikh, 1.8% Hindu, 0.5% Buddhist, 0.4% other religion, and 0.3% Jewish. [Source: 2011 Census, taken from Berkshire Observatory]

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Sex	Not relevant	Key data: In 2020 an estimated 49.6% of the local population is male and 50.4% female. [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Sexual	Not	
orientation	relevant	

Outcome, action and public reporting

Screening Assessment Outcome	Yes / No / Not at this stage	Further Action Required / Action to be taken	Responsible Officer and / or Lead Strategic Group	Timescale for Resolution of negative impact / Delivery of positive impact
Was a significant level of negative impact identified?	No			
Does the strategy, policy, plan etc require amendment to have a positive impact?	No			

If you answered **yes** to either / both of the questions above a Full Assessment is advisable and so please proceed to Stage 2. If you answered "No" or "Not at this Stage" to either / both of the questions above please consider any next steps that may be taken (e.g. monitor future impacts as part of implementation, re-screen the project at its next delivery milestone etc).

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Appendix B - External market engagement feedback 27th June - 4th July 2022

Questions	What would be the most preferred option for you in terms of the potential scope; would your preference be to bid for the contract which has all elements (a-h) or would you prefer a different "mix". What would this "mix" be. a) Highway and Bridge Inspections b) Highway and Bridge Repairs c) Drainage and gully clearance d) Winter Service e) Street Cleansing f) Project Delivery g) Tree Inspections h) Customer enquiries	What do you consider as the biggest challenges in the current market from the supply perspective?	Are there any specific factors that would stop you from bidding?	What do you currently consider as the "best in class" contract in terms of the service delivery model, length of contract, payment arrangements, performance monitoring etc and why?	Mobilisation period	Best tender evaluation split	Climate change/ Social value
Company 1	All preferable Would still tender if cleansing and project works were taken out Needs to be enough to be able to carry out Winter Service function as would use core operatives Having inspections in contract gives them more control	Resource and inflation Also lead in period for fleet	If it was commercially viable, they will bid Allocation of risk – risk vs opportunity	Term Partnering Contract. At least 7+3 Profit based on performance Agile contract	3-6 months.		Carbon reduction plan Client needs to be clear on outcomes/ measures for climate and social value

Would like to see schemes up to £500k included with cap on larger schemes Suggest our notice is open allow for future On mention of services not currently in – signals, permits etc, they can delive but likely to be tier 2 They have experience on working where 3 rd party income included (e.g. highway licences) Company 2 Preferred option would be include all elements (a-h) a shown, plus traffic management, signing. Som collaboration in asset management and involvement in permitting and licensing, and third-party insurance claims Would subcontract design The turnover for all activiticallows enough driver resource for the winter service If any elements were taken out that would be cleansing.	Resource and inflation Also lead in period for fleet	If it was commercially viable, they will bid Short contract length	NEC 4 The best length of contract 7 + 3 years allows good usage of the fleet, and if extensions are awarded on performance early and as the contract progresses, this gives continuity for a new fleet for the second 5 years Sensible number of KPIs Good indexation Risk share	3-6 months. Fleet lead in pressure	40% price 40% quality 20% social value and carbon savings	During the first 5 years innovations in electric fleet will help transform the contract carbon neutral by 2030 for stages 1 & 2; stage 3 by 2040
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Company 3	preferred option would be to include all elements (a-h) Resource overall covers winter service - essential Mentioned that street cleansing was an anomaly Can't deliver enforcement but can deliver signals, possibly permitting	Resource and inflation Also lead in period for fleet	If it was commercially viable, they will bid Undesirable contract length	NEC 4 The best length of contract 7 + 3 years Due to capital investments (fleet etc) Good indexation.	4-6 months Time for TUPE and IT systems. Fleet lead in pressure	30% price 50% quality 20% social value and carbon saving	Have their own carbon neutral target 2040
Company 4	The reference would be that Street Cleansing is not included within the scope because this involves a different skill set Resource to cover winter service essential Self-deliver where possible Design team not a core function they deliver. They could through tier 2 deliver signals, enforcement, permitting etc	Severe weather risk	Several other large tenders out for procurement in 2024	NEC 4 Risk share essential Term 10 to 12 years with a break at 7	3-6 month	40% price 10% Environmental 50% quality	Have their own target - vehicles by 2030 and carbon neutral 2040
Company 5	All - but happy to leave out professional service element of the project delivery Can manage signal maintenance but would subcontract this service	resource/inflation	They would tender again as long as commercially viable. Unlimited liability	NEC4	At least 3 months - 4 to 6 months better if systems integration required		Ask each supplier to provide a carbon reduction plan

Company 6	Lack of appetite for street cleansing or tree inspections Only give support on winter maintenance presently Can manage traffic signals but through tier 2. Don't deliver design – have not delivered street works or permitting	Resources/materials and inflation		NEC 4 8 to 10 years Good indexation 6 to 8 weeks to tender ideal with visits to depot	4-6 months 3 months minimum	-	Scope 1 & 2 – neutral already. Aiming for carbon neutral 2030
Company 7	a. Highway and Bridge Inspections b. Highway and Bridge Repairs c. Drainage and gully clearance d. Winter Service Alternative a. Highway and Bridge Inspections b. Highway and Bridge Repairs c. Drainage and gully clearance d. Winter Service f. Project Delivery Street cleansing and tree inspections do not sit well with these services	Resources/materials and inflation	Making sure it is commercially viable	At least 5 years Early confirmation of extension	4-6 months minimum	60/40 quality higher or 50/50	Carbon offsetting – understand targets of 2040 to 2050

Company 8	Specifically interested in project delivery, bridge inspections and design Possible to include the highways inspections	none	What was included in the contract	NEC4	3 months		Familiar with design to climate strategies
Company 9	Specifically interested in street cleansing. They do also deliver grounds maintenance elsewhere	Long fleet lead in times	Contract scope	7 to 8 years for vehicle life – small sweeper generally last for 4 to 5 years Good asset data is important for pricing	3 - 6 months		Understand need for carbon offsetting.
Overall Feedback	Different dependent on supplier type Larger management contractors would like all or most elements Smaller specialists would prefer their area/s only Common theme that street cleansing and tree surveys should be separate Technical services could sit separately	- Resources - Inflation - Fleet lead in times - Material supplies	- Contract inclusions - Commercial viability - Risk - Short contract length	- Engineering elements (services and works) NEC 4 contract - 7 years minimum + extensions that allow further investment and are agreed early - Good indexation - Good KPIs	Absolute minimum 3 months but 4 to 6 months preferable	30 – 40% price 10 – 20% Environmental/ social value 40 - 50% quality	Most have their own carbon targets with deadlines sooner than RBWM All understand need for emphasis and happy with climate KPIs Suggested suppliers should submit a carbon reduction plan

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Appendix C – Internal feedback

Service area	Highways – 21 July	Drainage – 26 July	Projects – 2 Aug	Claims and Insurance – 3 Aug	Street Cleansing – 9 Aug
Benefits of current set up	Local knowledgeExperienced staffHigh standard service				
Contract	 Potential conflict of interest – current Supplier could recommend work being awarded to themselves Inspectors could identify excessive number of issues to inflate quotes Inspectors could be reluctant to criticise work their colleagues carried out 	Minimal independent review Lack of approval step between preliminary design and orders being placed	More control is needed regarding procurement options for larger schemes RBWM greater financial and value control	 Settlements are made by current supplier and needs more transparency Potential for lack of independence between inspections and liability RBWM has a statutory responsibility to engage with solicitors when required – cannot delegate to contractor 	 Street cleaning is an all-year-round service and needs a constant resource Toilets in parks should not be in a separate contract Direct award reduces overheads
Elements to be considered/added to new contract	More in house checking of what is needed will be required.	 Need robust reporting process for problems Better data provision required – eg history of pipework/maintenance 	Identify a framework of suppliers for larger schemes where we have to tender		 Ensure inflation variances are considered in pricing Clearer definition of continuous cleaning

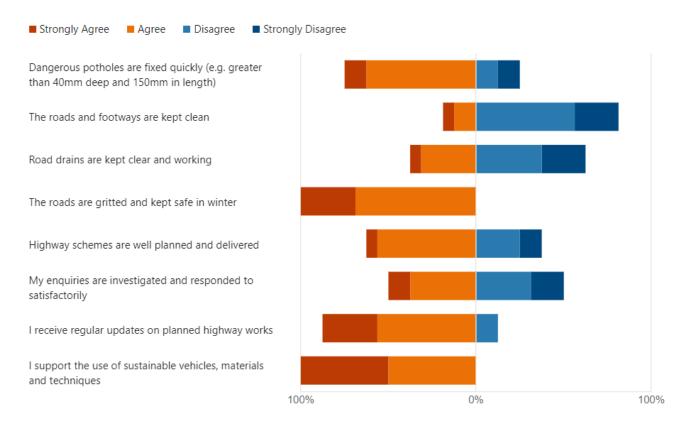
	More in house monitoring will be required	Sustainability metrics – eg carbon reduction statement – should be included	 Highways Development Contract could be an element within the technical contract Build a force majeure or capping element to avoid paying for things we don't need 	 Build in impact of Climate Change factors – eg weed spraying and leaf clearance frequencies and timings Build in regular reviews of additional services Cost of extra bins Consideration of Bridges/Event Management needs Unit pricing for: seasonal evening cleaning, deep cleaning, car park cleaning Add design/landscaping for parks
In house initiative in progress	 Inspectors should be brought in-house Project and cost control should be brought back in house 	 Recruiting Flood Risk Officer and SUDS specialist – will cover planning and applications New in-house resources will not do design work 	Have brought more services back in house recently. Design work split between Lot 1 and Lot 3 depending on complexity	

Split contract comments	 Prefer to bring Inspector's service back in house Any role coming back in house should be re-specified Permits should be kept separate 	A technical contract including design, asset management and development would be useful	 Technical services contract would be beneficial and reduce our risk We should introduce an "intelligent" design reviewer to the in-house team 	 Inspections to be done by RBWM with policy adherence the priority In house inspectors would be more open Less layers would be beneficial for claim handling 	 Street Cleaning should be separated from Highways in contract Street Cleansing are heavier on vehicles and resource than Highways Concern re subcontractor element of bidding – conflict between bidder and subcontractor
Other points	We need to create a role to check and monitor work	Better use of skills crossover could be considered – eg resource who do highways inspections to check drains at same time	 Policy setting work must be an in- house function We need independence between the authoriser and the deliverer 	 Private contractor priorities are different to Local Authority where policy adherence has greater focus Public are unaware who has paid out on a settlement – assume it is RBWM, this is incorrect Need to improve contract wording for indemnity aspect 	Litter regulation – link to Deposit Return Scheme not working effectively yet

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Appendix D – Member Engagement

A questionnaire was sent to Members asking them to rate whether they agreed or disagreed with the following statements. 16 Members provided responses summarised below:



Members were also asked what improvements they would like to see in the future. 13 Members provided comments and the recurring themes keeping footways well maintained and clear of overhanging vegetation, and improvements regarding responses to enquiries.

All comments will be taken into account in developing the new contracts.



Appendix E – Proposed Contract Model

• Winter Service - decisions

Contract 1 Highway Maintenance Term Contract	Stree	ontract 2 et Cleansing Contract	Contract 3 Highway Professional Services Contract	
 Highway repairs Bridge Repairs Drainage works Gully clearance Winter Service - operational Project Delivery (annual programmes) Related customer enquiries 	Flytipping rerGraffiti remo	parks) er bin emptying moval	 Highway Asset Management policy support Bridge Inspections Drainage investigations Annual programme – scheme design and project management Traffic & Road Safety schemes Drainage schemes Highway schemes Related customer enquiries 	
Brought back in ho	use		Alternative delivery	
 Highway capital programme ma Highway scheme/ works monito Highway Inspections (including of 	oring	separately	to be procured or resourced ure design/ project management and	

delivery – to be obtained through competitive process

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Agenda Item 6iii)

Report Title:	2022/23 Month 6 Budget Monitoring Report
Contains	No - Part I
Confidential or	
Exempt Information	
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Hilton, Cabinet Member for Asset
	Management & Commercialisation, Finance,
	& Ascot
Meeting and Date:	Cabinet – 1 December 2022
Responsible	Andrew Vallance, Head of Finance and
Officer(s):	Deputy S151 Officer
	Adele Taylor, Executive Director of Resources
	and S151 Officer
Wards affected:	All



REPORT SUMMARY

This report details the forecast outturn against budget for the 2022/23 financial year as at the end of September (Month 6). It includes the revenue and capital budgets along with the forecast financial reserve position at year end.

1. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATION(S)

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet:

- i) notes the forecast revenue outturn for the year is an overspend on services of £1.301m which reduces to an underspend of £0.876m that would be transferred to general fund reserves, when considering unallocated contingency budgets and changes to funding budgets (para 4.1);
- ii) approves four budget virements (para 12); and
- iii) notes the forecast capital outturn is expenditure of £49.744m against a budget of £59.978m (para 14); and
- iv) approves two capital budget virements (para 14.2 and 14.3)

2. REASON(S) FOR RECOMMENDATION(S) AND OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Options

Table 1: Options arising from this report

Option	Comments
To note the Council's outturn.	This is the recommended option.
To not note the Council's outturn.	This is not the recommended option.

3. KEY IMPLICATIONS

3.0 The Council faces considerable financial risks that can have a significant and immediate impact on its finances. However, whilst reserves are currently above minimum levels that the S151 has deemed are required to protect

against financial and service risks, they remain low compared to optimum level that should be held. The Medium-Term Financial Plan assumes that the Council will identify sustainable savings over the medium term and therefore remain above the minimum level of reserves identified by the S151 Officer (£6.700m).

Table 2: Key Implications

Outcome	Unmet	Met	Exceeded	Significantly Exceeded	Date of delivery
General	<£6.7m	£6.7m to	£6,9m to	> £16.9m	31
Fund		£6.9m	£16.9m		March
Reserves					2023

4. 2022/23 MONTH 6 REVENUE FORECAST OUTTURN

- 4.1 The current forecast is an overspend on service budgets of £1.301m, a favourable movement of £0.807m from month 4. Including unallocated contingency and changes to funding budgets, this reduces to an underspend of £0.966m, a favourable variance of £1.299m from the position reported in month 4. However, the contingency is an important part of the strategy to strengthen financial reserves and it is essential that efforts continue so that it is not required to support the in-year position.
- 4.2 Despite this improved financial forecast there is further work to be done to reduce the overspend in service budgets on a sustainable basis, particularly in the knowledge that there are significant challenges and uncertainty in respect of the 2023/24 budget. Within this report Directorates set out specific actions they are taking, but Council-wide actions also being taken include:
 - invoices without a purchase order expenditure now require Director approval;
 - the Section 151 Officer and Chief Executive to approve all recruitment requests and to do a monthly review of agency, consultant, and overtime spend;
 - a renewed focus on debt recovery (see paragraph 10 below); and
 - finance led review of the balance sheet to identify any balances held, particularly government grants held in earmarked reserves, to confirm they are held for specific purposes or can be released to the General Fund;
 - consideration of any invest to save proposals to reduce growth or ongoing demand; and
 - regular line by line review of all income and expenditure budgets.

Table 3: 2022/23 Revenue Budget Forecast Outturn

	Current Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change since month 4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adults and Housing	40,385	40,881	496	(95)
Children's Services	26,841	27,096	255	(161)
Place	13,531	14,927	1,396	(285)
Resources	5,356	4,815	(541)	(290)
Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	3,712	3,393	(319)	10
Chief Executive Department	279	293	14	14
Total Service Expenditure	90,104	91,405	1,301	(807)
Contingency	2,573	653	(1,920)	(145)
Other funding and non-service expenditure	(92,677)	(93,024)	(347)	(347)
Increase in General Fund	0	(966)	(966)	(1,299)

General Fund		
Opening balance	(8,753)	(8,753)
Transfer in	0	(966)
Closing balance	(8,753)	(9,719)

- 4.3 Commentary on service budgets, along with the actions being taken to address any overspends, are set out in following sections.
- 4.4 The Contingency budget forecast is showing a favourable movement of £0.145m. This is still assuming £0.750m of the budget is used to fund Adult Social Care pressures. Additionally, extra unfunded costs relating to the Council's response to the Queens funeral and committal service in Windsor (£0.135m) and anticipated redundancy costs from the recent restructure have been included, offset by funds already released as part of the balance sheet review mentioned in paragraph 4.2 above.
- 4.5 Non-service expenditure is also showing an underspend of £0.347m, due to a review of the Minimum Revenue Provision (a statutory amount that needs to be set aside for external borrowing) being lower than budgeted.

5. ADULTS & HOUSING

5.1 The Adults & Housing directorate is forecasting an overspend of £0.496m, a favourable variance from month 4 of £0.095m. It should be noted that this is assuming £0.750m of the contingency is allocated to offset demographic pressures, and significant use of one-off earmarked reserves. This forecast overspend is largely due to pressures arising from the continued support for

the increased number of older people placed into residential care in the winter and spring of 2021/22 as a result of the pandemic which continue to impact in this financial year. Strict measures have been put in place to bring this number down and there has been a reduction of ten placements since month 4 (see appendix G), however the health system continues to see heightened levels of demand as the winter season approaches.

- 5.2 The directorate is implementing a series of actions, in addition to the Council-wide actions, to address this overspend including:
 - Integrated Care System to secure and deploy additional resources from the one-off £500m national winter support fund (area allocations yet to be announced);
 - Optalis have been instructed to accelerate plans to secure recurrent savings such as automating the operation of some internal management systems; and
 - reviewing the use of accommodation by some residents with learning difficulties and seeking to relaunch a Supported Lives scheme locally which should reduce costs recurrently alongside improving the quality of care provided.

Table 4: Adults and Housing Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change since month 4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Director & Support	1,939	1,863	(76)	94
Housing	2,742	2,761	19	(55)
Adult Social Care	35,704	36,257	553	(134)
Total	40,385	40,881	496	95

5.3 Of the £0.956m budgeted savings, £0.856m (90%) are currently forecast to be achieved. However, the Shared Lives scheme is yet to be implemented and so unlikely to impact on this year's outturn, and the recruitment challenges are making the savings in respect of staff resourcing challenging to achieve. Appendix B summarises the position on budgeted savings.

Director & Support

- 5.4 There has been a £0.094m adverse movement within Director & Support, due to staffing pressures identified within the transformation team. Much of the work done by this team gets grant funded so further work is being done to ascertain which costs can be recharged to specific grants. This should help reduce the overspend over the remainder of the year.
- 5.5 Expenditure on the Homes for Ukraine scheme is managed as part of the Director and Support budget. The Council is current providing support to 320 refugees. The Council receives grant funding of £10,500 per refugee to cover costs, such as additional burdens on housing and social care teams. There is separate grant to cover the £350 monthly payments to the host.

5.6 Homes for Ukraine one-off grant for the first two quarters of this financial year is estimated at £3.000m, with a smaller amount expected for the final two quarters. Current estimated costs are approximately £1.000m but work is ongoing to ensure all costs related to the scheme are identified and funded by this grant which may help the current forecast. Note that the estimated costs include funds of £0.500m that will be earmarked from this grant to guard against potential increase in temporary accommodation costs in the future.

Adult Social Care

- 5.7 Adult Social Care services are forecasting an outturn overspend of £0.553m, a favourable variance of £0.134m. This is primarily due to a high-volume of continuing residential placements for older people. The residential pressure reflects continuing costs from an extended period of high demand via NHS sources that previously would have been funded by the hospital discharge fund.
- 5.8 It should be noted that this position reflects the use of £2.150m of one-off earmarked Adult Social Care reserves and Better Care Fund monies provided to contribute to Winter Pressures. The pressure is also being partly mitigated by an underspend on Learning Disability clients' placements.
- 5.9 Appendix G includes a table showing the number of placements for nursing beds above the number provided in our block contracts. This shows the significant increase in 2021/22 and the impact of efforts this year to restrain further growth ahead of the expected demand due to winter effects.
- 5.10 The service are working with the Integrated Care System to secure and deploy additional resources from the £500m national winter support fund recently announced by the DHSC. The focus of this work is to provide immediate support to people so they can recuperate at home, thus requiring less statutory care.
- 5.11 The management of the services, provided by Optalis, are seeking to accelerate plans to secure savings such as automating the operation of some internal management systems, reviewing the use of accommodation by some residents with learning difficulties, and seeking to relaunch a Supported Lives scheme locally.
- 5.12 The contingency includes £0.750m for adult demographic pressures which has been assumed as being used to reduce the additional pressure. Further detail on Adult Social Care budget forecasts is provided below.

Table 5: Adults Social Care Forecast Outturn

	Budget £000	Forecast outturn £000	Forecast over / (under) spend £000	Change £000
Older people & physical dis.	21,403	22,751	1,348	31
Learning disability	15,708	14,919	(789)	(359)
Mental health	2,949	3,337	388	(162)
Other Adult Social Care	3,358	3,676	318	318

Better Care Fund income	(7,714)	(7,676)	38	38
Less: use of contingency	0	(750)	(750)	0
Total	35,704	36,257	553	(134)

- 5.13 The pressure on older people in residential placements is significantly higher than in previous years pre-covid due to the high numbers placed, rather than returning home with support during the pandemic. Officers have developed an action plan jointly with Optalis which is managing decisions to provide residential care, with a focus on care at home as this will be key to reducing placements in the medium term. Actions include working with care providers to increase capacity, providing support to the officers commissioning services, and review of internal processes such as the 6-weekly review. However, it should be noted that this demand led budget remains a significant risk to the final outturn as few residents return home from residential or nursing care once admitted.
- 5.14 Appendix G details Adult Social Care client numbers and demonstrates why there is a pressure on the older people budget. The number of older people in receipt of care packages is currently 138 (22%) higher than assumed when setting the budget.

Housing

- 5.15 Housing services are forecasting an outturn overspend of £0.019m, a favourable movement of £0.055m from month 4.
- 5.16 Hackney carriage license renewals are reporting a pressure of £0.130m, Street performing licenses renewals are also forecast to overspend by £0.010m. There is underspend due to recruitment delays of £0.066m and underspend on supplies & services £0.55m.
- 5.17 Temporary accommodation is forecast to overspend on current numbers by £0.133m which is to be funded from homelessness prevention grant held in earmarked reserves. However, this is a volatile area and cost of living pressures may impact numbers going forward. Currently there are 221 households in temporary accommodation. The service are in discussion with our Registered Providers to enable several currently vacant units to be redeployed for use as temporary accommodation where possible.
- 5.18 There is further work to be done in Housing concerning the financial impact of various grants being received. Rough Sleeping Initiative grant of £1.492m for the next three years has recently been awarded, and some grant from last year has been rolled forward in earmarked reserves. Finance is completing further work to clarify the impact of these grants on the outturn (as per the actions in paragraph 4.2 above).

6. CHILDREN'S SERVICES

Non-Dedicated Schools Grant

6.1 Non-school Children's Services show a net overspend of £0.255m. This mainly relates to increased demand on Home to School Transport, the impact

- of the National Transfer Scheme for unaccompanied asylum-seeking children and high legal costs due to complex cases.
- 6.2 An AfC Leadership Management Recovery Plan has been implemented to reduce the overspend. The indicative in-year mitigations total £0.481m and are reflected in the reported overspend position. The key mitigations include:
 - expanding the existing vacancy management process;
 - matching grants to existing resources; and
 - release of non-essential expenditure budgets.

Table 6: Children's (non-Dedicated Schools Grant) Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change
	£000	£000	£000	£000
AfC: Social Care and Early Help	19,860	20,438	578	(238)
AfC: Mgt & Business Services	3,489	3,347	(142)	(54)
AfC: Education	3,067	3,363	296	321
AfC: Public Health	1,597	1,616	19	19
AfC: Special Educational Needs	1,528	1,442	(86)	(32)
Retained Children's Services	(2,700)	(3,110)	(410)	(177)
Total	26,841	27,096	255	(161)

- 6.3 The primary reason for the net overspend relates to Home to School Transport which since the start of the academic year has evidenced an increased volume and complexity of the current and planned cohort of pupils £0.400m. There is also continued pressure on the Legal Services contract due to high volumes, increased complexity, and duration of the legal process £0.241m, along with a forecast overspend of £0.169m due to the net impact of the unfunded National Transfer Scheme for unaccompanied asylum-seeking children where the Borough is supporting 35 young people, meeting the national 0.1% ratio set by the Home Office.
- These costs in AfC have been partly offset by underspends relating to the review of direct payment support packages of £0.139m.
- 6.5 The underspend on Retained Children's Services of £0.410m is primarily due to additional grants of £0.363m being utilised to match against increased costs within the AfC Contract and reduced central education support costs £0.047m.
- 6.6 Of the £0.587m budgeted savings, £0.387m (66%) are currently forecast to be achieved. The savings not forecast to be achieved relate to Home to School Transport and Legal costs as referred to paragraph 6.3 above, and lack of internal capacity for Therapy Provision. Appendix B summarises the position on budgeted savings.

Dedicated Schools Grant

6.7 The Dedicated Schools budget forecast overspend is £0.403m. This overspend is transferred to a dedicated reserve, therefore, does not impact on the general fund. However, it should be noted that the accumulated projected deficit as at 31 March 2023 now stands at £2.450m.

Table 7: Dedicated Schools Grant Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change
	£000	£000	£000	£000
AfC – DSG	12,987	13,731	744	0
Retained – DSG	59,456	59,115	(341)	0
Transfer (to) / from DSG reserve	(72,443)	(72,846)	403	0
Total	0	0	0	0

Dedicated Schools Reserve
Opening Deficit
Forecast 2022/23 deficit
Closing Deficit

£000
2,047
0.403
2.450

- 6.8 The Schools Block underspend £0.450m relates to the release of uncommitted pupil growth fund as no new school places have been required this year.
- 6.9 The Central School Services Block underspend £0.100m relates to reduced management overheads and non-independent special school places.
- 6.10 The Early Years Block underspend £0.080m reflects historic funding levels compared to planned levels of provision.
- 6.11 The High Needs Block overspend of £1.033m is primarily due to provision of Independent Special or Non-Maintained Schools and other associated direct support.
- 6.12 The Dedicated Schools Grant conditions require that any authority with an overall deficit on its Dedicated Schools Grant account at the end of the financial year prepare a Deficit Management Plan, including a recovery period of three to five years. It will be challenging to clear the cumulative deficit with increased costs and rising demand for complex service provision, and the SEND reforms (2014) that increased support to include individuals up to 25 years of age. The Deficit Management Plan was reported to the Schools Forum in May 2022.
- 6.13 In conjunction with the Deficit Management Plan, AfC is participating with the DfE Delivering Better Value (DBV) in SEND support programme. The programme will provide dedicated support and funding to help local authorities

with substantial deficit issues to reform their high needs systems. In addition, the aim of the programme is to establish a more sustainable structure, so authorities are better placed to respond to the forthcoming SEND Review reforms. The DBV programme commenced in the summer of 2022 and operate for 30/36 months.

6.14 The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities is currently consulting on whether the statutory override, which allows the Dedicated Schools Grant deficit to be kept separate from the General Fund, should be extended past 31 March 2023. The Council has responded to this consultation that the removal of the override would have a significant and detrimental impact on the Council's finances.

7. PLACE

- 7.1 The Place directorate forecast outturn is an overspend of £1.396m a favourable variance of £0.285m from month 4. The directorate is implementing a series of actions, in addition to the Council-wide actions, to address this overspend including:
 - development of targeted actions to improve parking season ticket sales;
 - engagement with significant contractors (including Serco and Tivoli) so that opportunities for efficiencies can be identified i.e. part of contract re-procurement;
 - vacant staff positions are being reviewed and given careful consideration before being recruited to;
 - review of consultancy spend to ensure it is achieving value for money;
 and
 - review of s106 funds to ensure they have been properly applied and reflected in the forecast outturn.
- 7.2 This movement is mainly due to the parking income, offset against a shortfall in income generated by the Tourist Information Centre in Windsor. It should also be noted that there is a significant risk in leisure services from the increasing cost of utility bills, though further work is to be done on potential mitigations before that is included in the forecast.

Table 8: Place Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change since month 4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Executive Director of Place	237	237	0	0
Neighbourhood Services	8,643	9,514	871	(315)
Planning	1,355	1,667	312	0
Communities	(950)	(789)	161	(10)
Health Partnerships	176	176	0	0
Infrastructure, Sust. & Transport	4,070	4,122	52	40
Total	13,531	14,927	1,396	(285)

- 7.3 Neighbourhood Services is forecasting an overspend of £0.871m, a favourable variance of £0.315m. This movement is primarily due to the updated parking forecast, including the impact of the Queen's funeral on daily parking arrangements as well as an increase of visitors and 3rd party contributions towards usage of parking space.
- 7.4 Income from pay and display car parks is averaging at 92% of the profiled budget. A similar level of has been assumed for the remainder of the year but this will be kept under review as it is a volatile budget. Appendix G gives further information on parking income performance.
- 7.5 The Tourist Information Centre in Windsor is predicted a shortfall of income of £0.040m, mainly due to the adverse impact of volume in bookings taken face to face and changing trends because of the pandemic. Further work is required to determine if actions can be taken to mitigate the in-year pressure.
- 7.6 Planning is reporting an overspend of £0.321m, mostly due to pressures in the Arboricultural team. A new framework contract was recently procured for tree maintenance works, starting from April 2022. This has had to respond to above average number of emergency tree works during major storm events and because of the dry summer months. The forecast assumes that works commissioned are delivered; if they are not this overspend may reduce. Further mitigations are also being considered to reduce the pressure.
- 7.7 As reported in month 4, Communities is reporting an overspend of £0.161m income from the Leisure centre concession contract with Leisure Focus for Braywick Leisure Centre is less than budgeted.
- 7.8 As previously reported, there is also a potentially significant risk not yet recognised in the forecast in respect of utility fees. Leisure Focus Trust have advised the Council that their utility costs will be significantly more by the end of the year. Discussions are ongoing in respect of what further actions can be taken to mitigate the pressure, in addition to what has already been actioned, but our best estimate at this stage is that the Council's exposure could be an additional £0.350m.

7.9 Of the £0.772m budgeted savings, £0.652m (84%) are currently forecast to be achieved. However, there are several savings highlighted as amber risk including sponsorship to cover costs of Christmas lights, review of operating model for allotments to increase charges and/or reduce cost of operating with the aim to be self-financing over time and generating additional parking fines income through recruitment of two additional parking enforcement officers through the NSL contract. Appendix B summarises the position on budgeted savings.

8. RESOURCES

8.1 The Resources directorate forecast outturn is an underspend of £0.451m, a favourable movement of £0.290m from the prior month. This is due to several smaller variances, the most significant of which are detailed below.

Table 9: Resources Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Executive Director of Resources	218	234	16	16
Libraries & Residents Services	2,349	2,185	(164)	(82)
Revenues and Benefits	1,561	1,247	(314)	(63)
Housing Benefit	(320)	(160)	160	40
HR, Corporate Projects, and IT	2,917	2,737	(180)	(160)
Corporate Management	(42)	(32)	10	10
Finance	1,531	1,448	(83)	(94)
Property	(2,858)	(2,844)	14	43
Total Resources	5,356	4,905	(451)	(290)

- 8.2 HR, Corporate Projects, and IT is showing a favourable movement of £0.180m. This is mostly due to lower-than-expected IT costs of £0.100m due to system upgrades no longer required and staff vacancies not filled of £0.080m.
- 8.3 Finance shows a favourable movement of £0.094m. This is due to a review of the Pension Fund budget to ensure all costs of administration are properly charged to the fund.
- 8.4 Libraries & Residents Services is showing a favourable movement of £0.082m. This is mainly due to additional grant £0.030m (Building Better Opportunities National Lottery Community Fund), contributions from parishes towards services to the running costs of the library and staff vacancies.

8.5 Of the £0.435m budgeted savings, £0.415m (95%) are currently forecast to be achieved. The saving unlikely to be achieved relates to utility costs at the Town Hall. Appendix B summarises the position on budgeted savings.

9. GOVERNANCE, LAW, STRATEGY & PUBLIC HEALTH

- 9.1 The Governance, Law, Strategy and Public Health directorate forecast outturn is an underspend of £0.319m, a small adverse movement of £0.010m from month 4.
- 9.2 The Public Health grant is now being reported in Governance Law and Strategy. This shows as a nil variance as the grant is ringfenced and any under or overspend gets transferred to or from an earmarked reserve.
- 9.3 Non-staff costs in relation to Operation London Bridge total £1.064m. These will be refunded by central government but are held within the Governance budget. Note the staff payroll costs are not met from this funding and so will be met from the Council's contingency budget.
- 9.4 Of the £0.288m budgeted savings, £0.213m (74%) are currently forecast to be achieved. The savings unlikely to be achieved relate to delays recruiting to the commercialisation post and sale of sponsorship on the website. Appendix B summarises the position on budgeted savings.

Table 10: Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health Forecast Outturn

	Budget	Forecast outturn	Forecast over / (under) spend	Change since month 4
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Deputy Director	112	161	49	49
Communications & Marketing	341	313	(28)	8
Governance	2,093	2,020	(73)	(16)
Law	636	580	(56)	(31)
Performance Team	380	326	(54)	0
Policy Comms & Engagement	4,172	4,172	0	0
Public Health	(4,166)	(4,381)	(215)	0
Public Health income	144	202	58	0
Total	3,712	3,393	(319)	10

10.SUNDRY DEBT

10.1 The current level of overdue sundry debt is £10.759m. There are significant increases in the bad debt provision for Adult Social Care and Housing. To an extent large amounts of debt in these areas is in line with national trends as well as reflective of the levels of income we are raising. However, further

actions are in progress to raise the profile of debt within directorates and tackle the level of arrears including:

- charging the cost of the bad debt provision to directorates rather than funding centrally;
- developing more focused reports to directorates to highlight areas of concern; and
- establishing a debt panel to ensure overdue debt is discussed.

Table 11: Aged Debt and bad debt provision

	> 1 month	> 2 month	> 6 month	> 1 year £000	Debt Sep 2022	Inc (dec) in debt prov. £000
People Services						
Adult Social Care	557	804	765	1,992	4,119	310
Children's	0	10	0	7	17	8
Housing	4	231	257	1,121	1,613	409
Deferred Payments	10	20	34	378	442	0
GLS&PH	0	1	0	2	3	2
Place	102	99	27	159	387	35
Resources						
Commercial property	20	113	211	294	638	78
Other	24	10	0	121	154	0
Total Agresso Debt	717	1,287	1,296	4,074	7,373	841

Debt on other systems:

HB Overpayments	3,379	(60)
Housing Rents	7	2
Total debt	10,759	783

- 10.2 The adult social care debt represents the contribution to care costs which the Council considers to be the responsibility of individuals in receipt of care about the current financial thresholds, and which has not yet been received despite the providers having been paid. There is a monthly review process underway to resolve the largest outstanding situations with families. There is further work to do with residents to improve early care planning so that we reduce the number of times there is a funding dispute.
- 10.3 The increase in Housing debt is largely the result of how rent debt was raised on the system. For 2021/22 a single invoice was raised for a year's worth of rent at the start of the financial year. Arrears in respect of this rent went over 12 months old on 1 April 2022 resulting in a large increase in the bad debt

provision. From June 2022, housing rents have moved to a specialised rent accounting system (ARA) which should resolve this issue going forward. Despite this there remains a significant amount of Housing debt to be addressed.

10.4 The increase in the bad debt provision for Commercial Property is mainly due to the regulations that were in place during the pandemic meaning that rent arrears could not be chased. Unsurprisingly, arrears have therefore increased. This debt is being actively managed by the Propco to maximise returns from this debt.

11. RESERVES

11.1 Appendix H details the movements in reserves based on current forecasts.

12. BUDGET VIREMENTS

12.1 Budget virements more than £0.100m should be approved by Cabinet. They should also be approved by Cabinet when over £0.025m and move budgets between portfolios. The following virements are proposed and have been reflected in this report.

Table 12: Budget virements for Cabinet approval

Reference	Budget Line	Debit	Credit
		£000	£000
1	Resources	149	
1	Place	176	
1	Corporate Budgets	49	
1	Children's Services		(108)
1	Adults and Housing		(266)
2	Place	134	
2	Funding: Taxation and non-specific grant income		(134)
3	GLS&PH – Public Health spend	4,156	
3	GLS&PH – Public Health income		(4,165)
3	Adults and Housing – Public Health income	5,069	
3	Adults and Housing – Public Health spend		(5,060)
4	GLS&PH	71	
4	Resources		(27)
4	Place		(44)
	Total	9,804	(9,804)

12.2 Virement 1 represents the impact of the recent senior management restructure including the creation of a single Director of People Services and the deletion of the Head of Service post for transformation. It also covers the resultant

move of functions into different Directorates. This includes the previous transformation team in Adults and Housing moving partly to Place and Resources, and procurement staff moving from Adults to Governance, Law, Strategy and Public Health.

- 12.3 Virement 2 reflects additional grant from the Department for Transport to develop capacity to continue development of bus services.
- 12.4 Virement 3 represents a tidying up of the Public Health budget to match grant received along with the transfer of this function from Adults and Housing to Governance, Law, Strategy and Public Health.
- 12.5 Virement 4 reflects centralisation of refuse collection budgets which will now be managed centrally by the Civics Team Manager.

13. BORROWING

- 13.1 Borrowing is only undertaken to finance capital projects that have been approved by the Council and lead to clear future benefits. It is not used to support day to day operational expenditure. Throughout the year the Council's borrowing levels are updated based on cash-flow and spending on the capital programme. Currently, the Council is borrowing temporarily pending anticipated capital receipts in future years. £20.000m of long-term PWLB borrowing was taken out in July to help reduce the Council's exposure to future interest rate rises.
- 13.2 The Treasury Management Mid-Year Review report that updated Members on the delivery of the Treasury Management Strategy for the first six months of the year was approved by the Audit and Governance Committee in October 2022. The report confirmed that the Council has complied with all its treasury and prudential limits. The Draft Treasury Management Strategy for 2023/24 detailing the Council's planned approach and limits for its treasury management activities in the following financial year was also approved at the same meeting.
- 13.3 Table 13 details current borrowing offset against investment balances.

Table 13: Net borrowing

	Opening balance	Current balance	Year-end forecast
	£000	£000	£000
Long term	71,265	91,265	90,265
Short term – Local Authority	119,000	109,000	106,000
Short term – LEP / Trusts	15,598	16,423	10,000
Investments	(41,609)	(70,665)	(16,288)
Total	164,254	146,023	189,977

14. CAPITAL

- 14.1 Capital expenditure is currently projected at £49.744m. Appendix E details the capital budget movements and Appendix F provides more detail on variances.
- 14.2 An increase in budget of £140,000 met by s106 funding and budget virements is requested for the Windsor Girls expansion project. This has arisen due to increased costs relating to inflation, alongside increased costs arising from the inclusion of lower carbon heating elements, such as an air source heat pump. £40,000 of these costs can be met from s106 contributions held for carbon offsetting. The remaining £100,000 can be vired from the new primary school places (CSLN) capital budget. The primary school places budget will in turn be replenished by a £100,000 virement from Charters PD Works (CSKV) High needs provision capital allocation. These movements preserve the High Needs Provision Capital Allocation for SEND work. There is no impact on borrowing.
- 14.3 A budget virement of £250,000 from CX40 Operational Estate Improvements to CI33 Clyde House demolition is requested to allow for the works to proceed. It is estimated that the demolition works will cost £300,000. An existing budget of £50,000 is held for works from previous years slippage. The site is due to become vacant after which business rates liability will fall to the Council. The site is due to be demolished as part of regeneration works and timely demolition will ensure that the business rates costs of £65,000 do not place a revenue pressure on the Council's budget.
- 14.4 Due to the current economic climate and sharp rise in interest rates, capital budgets have been reviewed and, where feasible, scheme budgets have been reduced or rephased.
- 14.5 £3.731m net budget savings have been identified which reduce interest costs by £95,000 in 2022/23.
- 14.6 Slippage of £2.810m net generate further interest savings of £72,000 in the current year. Due to increased interest rate projections, two affordable housing schemes have been rephased to 2024/25. Short-term borrowing rates which were 0.5% at the beginning of 2022/23 are now 2.56% and expected to rise further to 5% during 2023/24. This places greater pressure on the Council's revenue budget. Schemes will continue to be reviewed throughout the year. Where possible, any unused CIL and S106 funding will be reallocated to alterative current year schemes to reduce the impact on borrowing. The review

of CIL & S106 balances will also determine which 2023/24 capital schemes can be included in the capital programme.

Table 14: Capital programme outturn

	Gross budget	Slippage	Current year variances	Gross outturn
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Chief Executive department	0	0	0	0
GLS&PH	289	0	0	289
Children's Services	10,434	(355)	1	10,080
Adults and Housing	2,691	0	0	2,691
Resources	22,297	(3,148)	(3,551)	15,598
Place	24,267	(2,816)	(365)	21,086
Total	59,978	(6,319)	(3,915)	49,744

14.7 The £59.978m of 2022/23 projected capital expenditure will be funded by the income streams as set out below. At present the cost of borrowing at a short-term borrowing rate of 2.56% is estimated to cost £0.7m for current year projected expenditure; a significant increase compared to previously low interest rates.

Table 15: Capital programme financing

Source of funding	£000
Government grants	(12,271)
Developers' contributions (s106 & CIL)	(9,855)
Other contributions	(275)
Corporate funding	(27,343)
Total	(49,744)

Table 16: Capital programme status

Number of schemes in programme	
Yet to start	4%
In progress	76%
Completed	11%
Ongoing programmes e.g., Disabled Facilities Grant	9%

15. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

15.1 In producing and reviewing this report the Council is meeting its legal obligations to monitor its financial position.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

16.1 Projected variances require mitigation to reduce them during the financial year.

17. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

- 17.1 Equalities. See EQIA at Appendix J.
- 17.2 Climate change/sustainability. There are no direct impacts.
- 17.3 Data Protection/GDPR. There are no direct impacts.

18. CONSULTATION

18.1 None.

19. TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

Implementation date if not called in: 'Immediately'.

20. APPENDICES

20.1 This report is supported by nine appendices:

Appendix A Revenue monitoring statement

Appendix B Savings tracker

Appendix C Growth tracker

Appendix D Capital budget summary

Appendix E Capital programme budget movements

Appendix F Capital monitoring report

Appendix G Key financial information

Appendix H Children's variance analysis

Appendix I Usable reserves

Appendix J EQIA

21. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

21.1 This report is supported by one background document, the budget report to Council February 2022.

22. CONSULTATION

Name of consultee	Post held	Date sent	Date returned
Mandatory:	Statutory Officers (or deputies)	JOIN	returned
Adele Taylor	Executive Director of Resources/S151 Officer	21/10/22	24/10/22

10/22
10/22
10/22
10/22
1
10/22
10/22
10/22

Confirmation	Cabinet Member for Asset	Yes
relevant Cabinet	Management &	
Member(s)	Commercialisation, Finance, &	
consulted	Ascot	

REPORT HISTORY

Decision type:	Urgency item?	To follow item?
Non-key decision	No	No

Report Author: Julian McGowan, Senior Finance Business Partner



Original budget	Service	Current budget	Forecast outturn	Forecast variance	Previously reported variance	Change from previously reported
£000		£000	£000	£000	£000	variance £000
	Chief Executive Department					
279		279	293	14	0	14
2/9	TOTAL CHIEF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT	279	293	14	0	14
	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health					
112	Deputy Director of Governance, Law & Strategy	112	161	49	0	49
383	Communications & Marketing	341	313	(28)	(36)	8
2,032		2,093	2,020	(73)	(57)	(16)
636		636	580	(56)	(25)	(31)
380		380	326	(54)	(54)	0
5,058 (5,069)	·	4,172 (4,166)	4,172 (4,381)	0 (215)	(215)	0
93		(4,100)	202	58	58	0
	TOTAL GOVERNANCE, LAW & STRATEGY	3,712	3,393	(319)	(329)	10
	·		-			
4	Children's Services		4		4	
(79)		(65)	(100)	(35)	(35)	0
42,863	_	42,528	43,937	1,409	1,410 (539)	(1) (177)
57,365 (73,004)	Dedicated Schools Grant - Income	56,821 (72,443)	56,105 (72,846)	(716) (403)	(420)	17
, , ,	TOTAL CHILDREN'S SERVICES	26,841	27,096	255	416	(161)
		20,012				(===)
	Adults and Housing					
2,315	Director, Support Teams & Provider support	1,939	1,863	(76)	(170)	94
2,742	Housing	2,742	2,761	19	74	(55)
35,489	Adult Social Care	35,704	37,007	1,303	1,437	(134)
12,090	Better Care Fund - Spend	15,020	15,020	0	0	0
(12,090)		(15,020)	(15,020)	0	0	0
0	Use of contingency	0	(750)	(750)	(750)	0
40,546	TOTAL ADULTS, HEALTH AND HOUSING	40,385	40,881	496	591	(95)
	Resources					
218	Executive Director of Resources	218	234	16	0	16
2,355	Library & Resident Services	2,349	2,185	(164)	(82)	(82)
1,150	Revenues & Benefits	1,561	1,247	(314)	(251)	(63)
90		(320)	(160)	160	120	40
2,857		2,917	2,737	(180)	(20)	(160)
(42)	_	(42)	(32)	10	0	10
1,162		1,531	1,448	(83)	11	(94)
(2,914)	Property TOTAL RESOURCES	(2,858) 5,356	(2,844) 4,815	14 (541)	(29) (251)	43 (290)
4,870	TOTAL RESOURCES	3,330	4,813	(341)	(231)	(250)
	Place					
237	Executive Director of Place	237	237	0	0	0
8,651	Neighbourhood Services	8,643	9,514	871	1,186	(315)
1,308		1,355	1,667	312	312	0
(950)	_	(950)	(789)	161	171	(10)
0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		176	0		0
3,901	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	4,070	4,122	52	12	(205)
13,14/	TOTAL PLACE	13,531	14,927	1,396	1,681	(285)
89,618	TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE	90,104	91,405	1,301	2,108	(807)
	Sources of funding and non-service expenditure					
2,562	1	2,573	653	(1,920)	(1,775)	(145)
1,931	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,931	1,931	0		0
2,078		2,078	2,512	434	0	434
(102,755) 3,797	Taxation and non-specific grant income Minimum Revenue Provision	(103,033) 3,797	(103,033) 3,020	0 (777)	0	0 (777)
(1,542)	Use of earmarked reserves	(1,761)	(1,765)	(4)	0	(4)
4,311		4,311	4,311	0	0	0
	TOTAL FUNDING AND NON-SERVICE EXPENDITURE	(90,104)	(92,371)	(2,267)	(1,775)	(492)
0	(INCREASE) DECREASE IN GENERAL FUND	0	(966)	(966)	333	(1,299)



Ref	Title	Category	Directorate	Service Area	Description	Budgeted Saving	Forecast saving	%	RAG	Comments
1	Review of packages and right sizing	Transformation	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing	Review of packages and right sizing -strengthening our reviewing function including for long term packages, to ensure consistent reviewing practice at the 6 week review where actual rather than anticipated needs are clear.	£000 275	275	100%	GREEN	£150k achieved to date, further work on this will continue throughout the year.
2	Review of resourcing	Service Redesign/change	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing		250	200	80%	AMBER	Optalis Reviewing establishment, in light of harder recruitment conditions. Focus on permanent recruitment into roles which support care at home to reduce pressure on the care budgets. To avoid clients moving into Residential and Nursing settings. Which are much higher placement costs.
3	Transitions	Transformation	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing	Transitions - Earlier and smarter commissioning of services provided under the Care act rather than the Children's act should enable more resource effective services to be provided, in particularly support at home and towards independence.	200	200	100%	GREEN	
4	Implement shared lives scheme	Transformation	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing	Expand current Shared Lives scheme - the scheme enables our customers with support needs to live in someone's home who supports them and is paid for the use of the house and the support provided. These arrangements are tailored, flexible and can be more resource effective than more formal placements in care settings.	50	0	0%	RED	Work has begun on this project, however we are not forecasting any savings to be achieved in the current year as there will be lead-in time before savings are realised.
5	Savings resulting from the cessation of contracts in People Commissioning - Alzheimer's Dementia Support	Contract Change	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing	The service currently provides funding to Alzheimer's Dementia Support on a three year contract. This contract expires on 31 March 2022.	45	45	100%	GREEN	Completed 1st April 2022
6	Savings resulting from the cessation of contracts in People Commissioning - Berkshire Vision	Contract Change	Adults & Housing	Director of Adults, Health & Housing	The service currently provides funding to Berkshire Vision on a three year contract. This contract expires on 31 March 2022.	16	16	100%	GREEN	Completed 1st April 2022
7	Temporary Accommodation Management	Service Redesign/change	Adults & Housing	Housing	The outsourced temporary accommodation management function is to be brought in-house to reduce costs by 10%	65	65	100%	GREEN	Annual Savings already realised as we are have reduced payment to Open4u for management of 22 units, activity moved in-house
8	Supported Accommodation Savings	Contract Change	Adults & Housing	Housing	A 10% cost saving is being sought on supported accommodation schemes in the Borough	41	41	100%	GREEN	£3.5k Monthly savings achieved as now inhouse support is provide to Wellesley House
9	Subjective Savings	Service	All	All	Subjective Savings e.g. employee mileage, stationery.	350	350	100%	GREEN	tenants rather than provided by Look Ahead ltd.
10	Corporate Subscriptions	Redesign/change Service	Chief Executive	Chief Executive	Reduction of corporate subscriptions budget in line with actual costs .	8	8	100%	GREEN	
	Full year effect of home to school transport	Redesign/change	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Following policy updates in 2021 and full contract retender process further efficiencies have	165	0	0%	RED	Home To School Transport net pressure £400,000 reflecting current term and indicative future
	reprocurement				been achieved.					terms indicative provision for 2022/23.
12	Refocus of parenting work to edge of care	Transformation	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Develop edge of care approach to work with families	114	114	100%	GREEN	On track to be delivered within AFC Contract.
	Health Contribution Traded services scope and cost	Transformation Income Generation	Childrens Services Childrens Services	Childrens Services Childrens Services	Review health contributions for continuing health care Increase in fees for services traded with schools, and other local authorities	101 67	101 67	100% 100%	GREEN	On track to be delivered within AFC Contract. On track to be delivered within AFC Contract.
15	Multi Agency Safeguarding Hubs (MASH)	Transformation	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Review MASH working and partnership arrangement including partner contributions	37	37	100%	GREEN	On track to be delivered within APC Contract. On track to be delivered within AFC Contract.
	Staff Transport Costs	Service	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Reduction in mileage budget to reflect new hybrid way of working	30	30	100%	GREEN	On track to be delivered within AFC Contract.
	•	Redesign/change	Childrens Services	Childrens Services		25		0%	RED	
	External Legal Costs	Service Redesign/change			Increased internal Legal triage to support consistent thresholds for seeking legal advice		0			Legal Services indicative overspend circa £300,000 reflects expected reduction in volumes and complexity of cases for 2022/23. Delivery of Savings Plan difficult to evidence in light of current projected overspend.
	Printing	Service Redesign/change	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Reflects increased use of digital information in Children's Services	20	20	100%	GREEN	On track to be delivered within AFC Contract.
	Cross-skill role development Therapy Provision	Transformation Transformation	Childrens Services Childrens Services	Childrens Services Childrens Services	Increase resilience and flexibility of internal support teams including finance Further transform the therapy provision for Children in care	18 10	18 0	100% 0%	GREEN RED	On track to be delivered within AFC Contract. Therapeutic provision currently limited internal capacity leading to continued reliance on external providers.
21	Printing	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Civic and Facilities	Reduction in printing requirements by officers	30	30	100%	GREEN	
22	Review of resources within Facilities	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Civic and Facilities	Review of resources within Facilities Services	27	27	100%	GREEN	
23	Review of resources within Civic Services	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Civic and Facilities	Review of resources within Civic Services	15	15	100%	GREEN	
24	Centralised Stationery	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Civic and Facilities	Reduced demand for stationery by officers	5	5	100%	GREEN	
25	Sale of advertising and sponsorship on website	Income Generation	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Communications & Marketing	Income from sale of advertising and sponsorship on website and other areas - income generation to be identified	50	25	50%	AMBER	Work is ongoing but at present income is yet to be secured.
26	Set up and facilitate local good causes lottery	Transformation	Place	Democratic Services	Set up local good causes lottery and replace revenue funded small grants to local organisations, set up costs in year one - estimated £25k have reduced the saving in 22/23	25	0	0%	RED	Potential operator due to present proposed delivery model to Senior Management Team.
27	Commercialisation	Income generation	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Deputy Director of Law & Strategy	identification and maximisation of income generating opportunities. A fixed term post initially would be required to review all of RBWM current fees and charges with a view to maximising sponsorship, advertising and identifying new opportunities. £100k growth, rising to £150k in 2026/27.	50	0	0%		Post not appointed toyet and will take time to realise savings.
28	Land Charges Income	Income Generation	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Electoral and Information Governance	increase income target for 22/23 only, in recognition of current economic activity.	50	50	100%		
29	Land Charges Income	Income Generation	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Electoral and Information Governance	Amend fees to bring RBWM more into line with neighbouring authorities.	13	13	100%	GREEN	
30	Remove parish elections budget	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Electoral and Information Governance	Costs to be fully recharged to parishes.	10	10	100%	GREEN	
	Legal services saving	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Law	Services delivered by shared service now provided by head of Law & Governance	30	30	100%	GREEN	
32	Magistrates Court	Service Redesign/change	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Law	Reducing loan repayment liability	8	8	100%	GREEN	

Pof	Title	Category	Directorate	Service Area	Description	Budgeted	Forecast	0/	RAG	Comments
Kei	ritte	Category	Directorate	Service Area	Description	Saving £000	saving	76	KAG	Comments
33	Review of resources within Communities	Service Redesign/change	Place	Communities	Review of resources within Communities	73	73	100%	GREEN	
34	Review of resources	Service Redesign/change	Place	Executive Director of Place	Surplus staff budget identified no longer required	15	15	100%	GREEN	
35	Public transport funding	Income Generation	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	There is £84k of \$106 funding that could be used to cover some of the growth bid for public transport subsidy during 2022/23	84	84	100%	GREEN	
36	Christmas Lights - Sponsorship	Income Generation	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Obtain sponsorship income to cover contract costs for Christmas Lights across the borough.	69	44	64%	AMBER	A combined sponsorship plan for businesses is being developed which will incorporate Christmas lights. At this stage we identified £44k of funding which includes sponsorship and s106. Other in-year savings are being sought across the service to mitigate the impact.
37	Concessionary Fares	Service Redesign/change	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Align expenditure budgets with actual expected costs	30	30	100%	GREEN	
38	Energy	Service Redesign/change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	We currently spend £330k on energy for street lighting and close to £20k on powering water fountains in the borough. Turning lights and fountains off overnight could help to reduce energy bills as well as other carbon and biodiversity benefits.	20	20	100%	GREEN	
	Cemetery Income	Income Generation	Place		Income budget increase for one year only	20		0%		Exceptionally high burials income received in last couple of years due to COVID. Demand for burials has dropped, as such this saving may not materialise. Will be reviewed over coming months as further data emerges.
40	Berkshire records office	Income Generation	Adults & Housing	Commissioning & Support	There is £13.8k of S106 one-off funding available that could be put towards our revenue funding of the Berkshire Records office	14		100%	GREEN	
41	Waste Management	Income Generation	Place	Neighbourhood Services	There is S106 funding under waste management (£11.2k) that could be used as one-off support for the waste budget	11		100%	GREEN	
42	Allotments - operating model Increased parking enforcement	Income Generation Service	Place	Neighbourhood Services Neighbourhood Services	Review of operating model for allotments to increase charges and/or reduce cost of operating with the aim to be self-financing over time. Increase parking enforcement - two new officers within the NSL contract, expected to	10 50	10	100%		Changes not yet implemented Enforcement contract is outsourced. Further work is required to assess viability of these
43	increased parking enforcement	Redesign/change	Flace	Neighbourhood Services	increase parking enforcement, - wo new orders within the INSE Contract, expected to significantly improve enforcement around the borough. Income raised in penalties should fund this service and allow a contribution towards overheads.		o o	0%		savings. Currently (Month 6) £150k forecast PCN income shortfall against budget.
	Waste Mobilisation	Service Redesign/change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Budget no longer required	50		100%	GREEN	
45	Street Lighting	Service Redesign/change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Align expenditure budgets with actual expected costs	30	30	100%	GREEN	
	Cash Collection costs	Contract Change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Reduce cash collection costs - Libraries service - maintain cashless strategy	30		100%	GREEN	
47	Cash Collection costs	Contract Change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Reduced cash collection requirements as customers increase use of pay by phone and card methods of payment	25		100%	GREEN	
	Public Toilets	Service Redesign/change	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Council tax expenditure budget no longer required	20		100%	GREEN	
	Planning Fees	Income Generation	Place	Planning Services	Income target increased to align with anticipated activity levels, subject to annual review.	125		100%	GREEN	
	Building control Planning Policy	Income Generation Service	Place Place	Planning Services Planning Services	Building Control fees to be set to contribute to reasonable RBWM overheads Align expenditure budgets with actual expected costs	45 40	45 40	100% 100%	GREEN GREEN	
		Redesign/change		Finance	Review of funding and resourcing of Insurance and Risk service	40		100%	GREEN	
52	Review of resourcing of Insurance and Risk service Corporate - Business Development	Redesign/change	Resources			10		100%	GREEN	
53	Telephony Savings	Income Generation Contract Change	Resources Resources	Finance Human Resources,	Income target increased to align with activity levels Savings generated by moving to new telephony technologies and a reduction in mobile	70	70	100%	GREEN	
	Weddings Income	Income Generation	Resources	Corporate Projects & IT	Javings generated by moving to new telephony technologies and a reduction in mobile phones. Income from delayed weddings - one off impact as a result of the Covid-19 emergency	100	100	100%	GREEN	
33	Weddings income	Income Generation	resources	Library & Resident Dervices	restrictions.	100	100	10070	OKELIV	
56		Income Generation	Resources	Property Services	Clyde House in occupation by external tenant. Agreed rental income £101K p.a. Termination of agreement scheduled for March 2023. Assumes building demolished 24/25 and related property costs saved of £68k	101	101	100%	GREEN	
57	Development & Regeneration-Removal of revenue professional fees	Service Redesign/change	Resources	Property Services	Removal of provision for RBWM Property Company project management fees - these are now mainly capitalised against relevant projects	40	40	100%	GREEN	
58	Rental Income	Income Generation	Resources	Property Services	Rental income budget from estate shops brought into line with actual expected income.	24	24	100%	GREEN	
59	Town Hall Electricity costs	Service Redesign/change	Resources	Property Services	Review Town Hall electricity / utilities budgets given reduced levels of occupation.	20	0	0%	RED	Given current inflation on energy bills unlikely to be achieved.
60	Review of NNDR provision-G10-G12 Alma Rd, Windsor & St Edmunds House, M'head	Service	Resources	Property Services	Reduce budget provision by £10k to match actual costs	10	10	100%	GREEN	
61	Review Maintenance provision for Estate Shops	Service Redesign/change	Resources	Property Services	Reduce budget by £7K to reflect actual level of likely costs. Saving linked to capital bids for Commercial Investment Property Portfolio-Repairs.	7	7	100%	GREEN	
62	St Mary's House - Utilities costs	Service	Resources	Property Services	Review St Mary's House - electricity / utilities budgets given reduced levels of occupation.	6	6	100%	GREEN	
		Redesign/change								

Summary		
GREEN: Saving expected to be achieved	2,602	2,602
AMBER: Saving at risk or unlikely to be achieved in full	379	279
RED: Saving will not or is unlikely to be achieved	415	0
Total	3 306	2 881

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Ref	Title	Directorate	Service Area	Brief Description	Budgeted Growth £000	Forecast Growth £000	%	RAG	Comments
1	Private Rented Sector Officer - invest to save	Adults, Health & Housing	Housing	A Private Rented Sector Officer will reduce temporary accommodation spend by assisting homeless households into settled accommodation.	60	0	0%	RED	Post has not been recruited to yet. Grant underspend from 21/22 was rolled forward to 22/23 which should be able to fund this, so this growth should not be required in 22/23
2	ncrease in Employers National Insurance from 2022/23	All	Corporate	The increase in employers national insurance of 1.25% from April 2022 will have an impact on direct and indirect employees costs, this bduget is to cover those costs.	500	500	100%	GREEN	
3	Commercial income budget reduction	Resources	Property Services	Request to reduce current Budget to align with actual rental Income after the loss of rental at Siena Court.	225	225	100%	GREEN	
4	Building Services - unachievable income target	Resources	Property Services	Request to reduce current income budget of £179k to align with actual income achievable of £114k split between, Maintained Schools £73k and Academies £41k. A reduction of £83k.	83	83	100%	GREEN	
5	Property repair & maintenance contingency	Resources	Property Services	Budget required for ongoing issues relating to parcels of land/boundary fences and Tree maintenance across the Borough for which there is no current budget.	40	40	100%	GREEN	
6	Cost of provision for open cases	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	The expected increase in costs to manage the care and support for the cohort of children currently open to the Councils services, inclusive of inflation and savings related to the process of regular placement reviews.	1,041	1,041	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
7	Estimated future demand	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	The estimated costs to manage the likely future demand, including the continued impact of the pandemic and maintaining the domestic abuse support service to mitigate the level of demand.	985	985	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
8	Norkforce transformation	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Three year plan to reduce reliance on agency workers by offering strong professional development in a highly supportive environment with lower than average case holding levels. Transformation supported by short-term stability incentives.	465	465	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
9	Practice Transformation	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Investment in an edge of care team and continued support for domestic abuse services to support families from reaching point of crisis.	325	325	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
10	ncreased costs of compliance	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Additional capacity to respond to information requests (Subject Access Requests), health and safety, insurance and apprenticeship levy.	156	156	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
11	ncreases in volume of children with additional needs	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Additional posts required within the education and disability services to support the ability to respond within the statutory timescales for processing reviews and changes in education, health and care plans.	92	92	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
12	t income (Covid)	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Lost income relating to education welfare regulations and use of group facilities	55	55	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
13	Grant changes	Childrens Services	Childrens Services	Implications of regulatory changes on the amounts of money that can be used from the ring-fenced Dedicatred Schools Grant for school improvement.	19	19	100%	GREEN	Growth fully committed within current forecast.
14	/RU Coordinator	Place	Communities	This bid is to provide one -off funding for a Violence Reduction Coordinator. A Bill, currently going through parliament, will place a new duty on all LA's to work on an ongoing basis to reduce violence and work with partners to share information and coordinate work to achieve a reduction in serious violence the local area.	40	20	50%	AMBER	Recruitment process not yet complete so growth unlikely to be required in full this year.
15	Bus Service Support Investment	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Additional investment to support the alignment of our approach with the national bus strategy and our environment and climate strategy	300	300	100%	GREEN	
16	RBWM Climate Partnership	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	The proposals, set out in further detail in a paper to cabinet on 30 September 2021, will set up a new independent RBWM Climate Partnership to lead on the delivery of the Borough Wide Environment and Climate Strategy. This will better engage the private sector and community organisations to support delivery for the goals of the strategy and enable the council to focus on its own commitments to deliver carbon reductions on its own estate, deliver biodiversity recovery in its green spaces	250	250	100%	GREEN	
17	ocal Enterprise Partnership (LEP)	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Funding to continue the LEP from 2022/23	75	75	100%	GREEN	
18	Vaste Contract	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Waste Contract	500	500	100%	GREEN	
19	Section 81 works extra resource - self funding rom year 2	Place	Neighbourhood Services	This spend to save initiative aims to enhance resources relating to enforcement/management of Sections 81 works, this should be self funding in future years.	75	75	100%	GREEN	
20	Paving Maintenance Cleaning	Place	Neighbourhood Services	This growth bid is for additional street cleaning in both Maidenhead and Windsor Town Centre. Currently under the street cleansing contract there are a few cleans leaving the towns looks neglected and unkempt which leads to a negative perception of the town and a lack of funding from new businesses.	21	21	100%	GREEN	
21	T post - Technology Solutions Architect	Resources	Human Resources, Corporate Projects & IT	Post requirement in the IT team to work across the whole council in the delivery of the IT strategy, providing strategic technological insight to all services and working collaboratively with all teams when identifying suitable technology solutions for the delivery of improved services. Salary plus 28% on costs.	96	24	25%	AMBER	Post not yet recruited to but in progress. Full amount will be required, but probably less this financial year.
22	aptop warranty extension - modern workplace devices	Resources	Human Resources, Corporate Projects & IT	Extension of the current 3 year warranty with Dell for modern workplace devices to 5 years.	46	46	100%	GREEN	

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		2022/2	:3 Original Bu	ıdget	New Scheme	s – 2022/23 Estimate A	Approved		udget from S ved in Prior Y B		Revised	l Budget 2022 A+B	2/23
Cap	oital Ptogramme Portfolio Summary	Gross	Income	Net	Gross	Income	Net	Gross	Income	Net	Gross	Income	Net
_		£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
Law	v & Strategy												
	Corporate Communications	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	-	59	59	-	59
	Democratic representation	261	-	261.00			-	230		230	230	-	230
IOU	al Law & Strategy	261	0	261	-		-	289		289	289	-	289
Plac	ce Directorate												
	Neighbourhood Services	8,170	(6,364)	1,806	6.797	(6,210)	587	2.585	(1,318)	1,267	9.382	(7,528)	1,854
	Local Enterprise Partner Schemes	4,640	(1,166)	3,474	-	-	-	7,265	(1,467)	5,798	7,265	(1,467)	5,798
	Communities	684	(309)	375	450	(25)	425	646	(294)	352	1,096	(319)	777
	Planning	465		465	-		-	1,155	(254)	901	1,155	(254)	901
	Green Spaces & Parks	292	(292)	0	261	(261)	-	36	0	36	297	(261)	36
	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	3,316	(2,916)	400	3,857	(3,007)	850	1,215	(492)	723	5,072	(3,499)	1,573
Tota	al Place Directorate	17,567	(11,047)	6,520	11,365	(9,503)	1,862	12,902	(3,825)	9,077	24,267	(13,328)	10,939
Adu	ults, Health & Housing												
	Housing	2,156	(1,356)	800	1,800	(1,000)	800.00	506	(451)	55	2,306	(1,451)	855
	Adult Social Care	385	(385)	0	185	(185)	0	200	(200)	0	385	(385)	0
Tota	al Adults, Health & Housing	2,541	(1,741)	800	1,985	(1,185)	800	706	(651)	55	2,691	(1,836)	855
Chi	Idrens Services												
	Non Schools	370	-	370	-	-	-	504	(58)	446	504	(58)	446
~	Schools - Non Devolved	3,044	(3,044)	0	6,246	(4,886)	1,360.00	2,991	(2,991)	0	9,237	(7,877)	1,360
∞	Schools - Devolved Capital	194	(194)	0	261	(261)	0	432	(433)	(1)	693	(694)	(1)
Total	al Childrens Services	3,608	(3,238)	370	6,507	(5,147)	1,360	3,927	(3,482)	445	10,434	(8,629)	1,805
D	ources												
Kes	Finance	248	_	248	248		248	597		597	845		845
	Technology & Change Delivery	590	_	590	590		590	109		109	699	-	699
	Revenues & Benefits	_	_	-	-		0	22		22	22		22
	Library & Resident Services	310	(190)	120	189	(189)	0	407		407	596	(189)	407
	Property	42,855	(893)	41,962	16.325	(2.082)	14,243	3,810	(16)	3,794	20,135	(2.098)	18,037
Tota	al Resources	44,003	(1,083)	42,920	17,352	(2,271)	15,081	4,945	(16)	4,929	22,297	(2,287)	20,010
		,	(1,7111)	,	,	(-,,	,	.,	(,	.,	,	(-),	
	Total Committed Schemes	67,980	(17,109)	50,871	37,209	(18,106)	19,103	22,769	(7,974)	14,795	59,978	(26,080)	33,898
				(£'000)									(£'000)
Port	tfolio Total			67,980									59,978
Fvt	ernal Funding												
	Government Grants			(7,694)									(14,626)
	Developers' Contributions			(9,206)									(11,179)
	Other Contributions			(209)									(11,179)
Tat	al External Funding Sources			(17,109)									(26,080)
100	a External radding Sources			(17,109)									(20,000)
Tota	al Corporate Funding		-	50,871								_	33,898

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Capital Programme Movements 2022/23	Expenditure £'000	Income £'000	Net £'000
Original Budget 2022/23 Budget Changes to 31 October 2022	67,980	(17,109)	50,871
Final slippage-in from previous year	11,535	(5,647)	5,888
Schools DFC budget adjustment to reflect final grant allocation	53	(53)	-
Schools budget approvals - Council April 2022	2,065	(2,065)	-
Reprofiling of Property budgets to reflect projections per July Finance update	(24,614)	-	(24,614)
Academies s106 funding	69	(69)	0
Windsor Girls School Expansion - Council July 2021	2,708	(1,349)	1,359
Waste vehicles budget drawdown	395	-	395
Budgets no longer required	(210)	210	0
Roundings	(3)	2	(1)
Revised Budget 2022/23	59,978	(26,080)	33,898



Capital Monitoring Report 2022/23

	Exp	Inc	Net
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Revised Budget	59,978	(26,080)	33,898
Variances identified	(3,915)	184	(3,731)
Slippage to 2023/24	(6,319)	3,509	(2,810)
Projected outturn 2022/23	49,744	(22,387)	27,357

Variances from	n revised budget	£'000	£'000	£'000	Commentary
	ent economic climate and sharp rise in interest rates, capital budg				
Due to the curre	ent economic climate and sharp has in interest rates, capital budgi	bis have been revie	wed and, wil	CI C ICASIDI	e, project budgets have been reduced.
Infrastructure,	Sustainability & Transport				
CC51	Datchet Barrel Arch Drainage Repairs	(70)	-	(70)	Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CC60	Hostile Vehicle Mitigation Measures for Windsor	(65)	-	(65)	Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CD92	Telemetry System Replacement	(45)	-	(45)	Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CD99	Traffic Monitoring-Replacement Counters	(150)	150	0	Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CF02	Emergency Active Travel Measures	(29)	29		Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CLF4	RBWM Audio Upgrade	(1)	-	(1)	Scheme complete
Green Spaces					In
CC87	Public Rights of way - General	(5)	5	-	Scheme complete
Library & Resi	dant Sarvicas				
CC65	Refurbishment M'head, Windsor, Ascot , Eton Libs	(10)	- 1	(10)	Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CLE1	Cox Green Lib - Building Repairs Etc	(5)			Revised Business Case - budget reduced
CLE6	Upgrade Public PCs	(39)	-		Scheme complete
CLG7	Libraries-Upgrade of Self Serve Kiosks	5	-		Revised Business Case - budget reduced
					·
Property					
CI75	York House-Leasing & Building Adaption Costs	(27)	-		Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX40	Operational Estate Improvements	(225)			Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX41	Commercial Investment Property Portfolio-Repairs	(187)	-		Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX45	Affordable Housing - 16 Ray Mill Ave East, MHead	(2,734)	-		Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
			-	(28)	Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX61	Fire Compartmentalisation Works-Maintained Schools			(200)	
CX61 CX74	Commercial Estates-Compliance	(300)	-		Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX61	Commercial Estates-Compliance		- 184	(300) (3,731)	Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced
CX61 CX74 Total Variance	Commercial Estates-Compliance	(300) (3,915)	184	(3,731)	
CX61 CX74 Total Variance	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23	(300) (3,915) £'000	184 £'000	(3,731) £'000	Residual budget no longer required - budget reduced Commentary
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20: Slippage previo	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912)	184 £'000 705	(3,731) £'000 (207)	Commentary
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20: Slippage previo	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912)	184 £'000 705	(3,731) £'000 (207)	Commentary
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912)	184 £'000 705	(3,731) £'000 (207)	Commentary
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912)	184 £'000 705	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored.
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be	£'000 705 en rephased	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be	£'000 705 en rephased	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored.
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be	£'000 705 en rephased	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored.
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20: Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure,	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be	£'000 705 en rephased 1	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24.
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be	£'000 705 en rephased 1 2,000	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20)	184 £'000 705 en rephased 2,000 300 20	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20)	184 £'000 705 en rephased 2,000 2,000 300 20	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary Lears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20: Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMA	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 1 2,000 300 20 80 175	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20)	184 £'000 705 en rephased 2,000 2,000 300 20	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary Lears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 1 2,000 300 20 80 175	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100)	184 £'000 705 en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye	Commentary ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CC150 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resic	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (300) (175) (100)	184 £'000 705] en rephased : 2,000] 300 20 80 175 100	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future yes (32)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (4)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CC150 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resic	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (44) (98)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100 - 98	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (44)	Commentary Pears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (44)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (44) (98)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100 - 98	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (44)	Commentary Pears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (44) (98)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100 - 98	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (44)	Commentary Pears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5 CLG8	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 usly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works Pop Up Libraries-Equipment	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (300) (20) (175) (100) (32) (4) (98) (31)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100 - 98	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future yet (32) (4) 0	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5 CLG8 Property CX43	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works Pop Up Libraries-Equipment Affordable Housing-St Edmunds	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (4) (98) (31)	### 184 ####################################	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (4) 0 0 (1,826)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5 CLG8 Property CX43 CX46	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works Pop Up Libraries-Equipment Affordable Housing-St Edmunds Affordable Key Worker Hsing- School House	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (4) (98) (31)	184 £'000 705] en rephased 2,000 300 20 80 175 100 98 31	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (4) 0 0 (1,826) (768)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24 Slippage to 2023/24
CX61 CX74 Total Variance Slippage to 20 Slippage previo Further slippage Neighbourhoo CC95 Infrastructure, CD98 CI50 Schools - Non CSMA CSMA CSMB CSMC Library & Resi CC53 CLB2 CLE5 CLG8 Property CX43	Commercial Estates-Compliance s 22/23 susly reported e is reported as follows. Due to the current economic climate, som d Services Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair Sustainability & Transport A308 / Holyport Road Junction-Improvements Brill Close Flood Alleviation Scheme Devolved Furze Platt Infants Heating Upgrade Furze Platt Junior Heating Investigations and Upgrade Alwyn Infants Heating Upgrade dent Services Contact Centre - Ventilation & Back-up Generator Sunninghill Library Lease Repairs Maidenhead Library-External Works Pop Up Libraries-Equipment Affordable Housing-St Edmunds Affordable Key Worker Hsing- School House York House-Leasing & Building Adaption Costs	(300) (3,915) £'000 (912) e budgets have be (2,000) (300) (20) (80) (175) (100) (32) (4) (98) (31)	### 184 ####################################	(3,731) £'000 (207) to future ye (32) (4) 0 0 (1,826) (768)	Commentary Ears where feasible and will continue to be monitored. Scheme to proceed in 2023/24. Slippage to 2023/24 Additional slippage reported this month Works scheduled for Summer 2023 Slippage to 2023/24



Adult Social Care Client Numbers

	Budget*	Budget	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Current Variance
	£0	No.							
Older people									
Res & Nur	13,843	290	343	346	339	337	337	340	50
Domiciliary & other	6,164	328	438	434	429	429	422	416	88
Total older people	20,007	618	781	780	768	766	759	756	138
Physical Disability									
Res & Nur	828	16	16	16	18	18	18	17	1
Domiciliary & other	911	43	42	42	41	40	41	41	(2)
Total physical disability	1,739	59	58	58	59	58	59	58	(1)
Learning disabilities									
Res & Nur	5,186	64	56	56	56	56	57	57	(7)
Domiciliary & other	3,819	104	111	112	112	112	114	116	12
Total learning disabilities	9,006	168	167	168	168	168	171	173	5
Mental Health									
Res & Nur	689	17	23	23	23	22	22	22	5
Domiciliary & other	1,494	82	78	73	73	72	72	72	(10)
Total mental health	2,183	99	103	102	96	94	94	94	(5)
Total	32,935	944	1,109	1,108	1,091	1,086	1,083	1,081	137

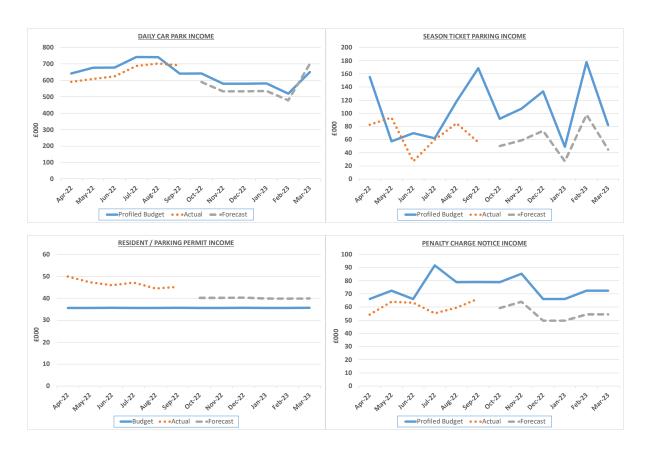
^{*} Gross budget for commissioned care packages – excludes other costs such as staff costs and excludes client income.

Adult Social Care nursing placements over number provided by Block Contracts

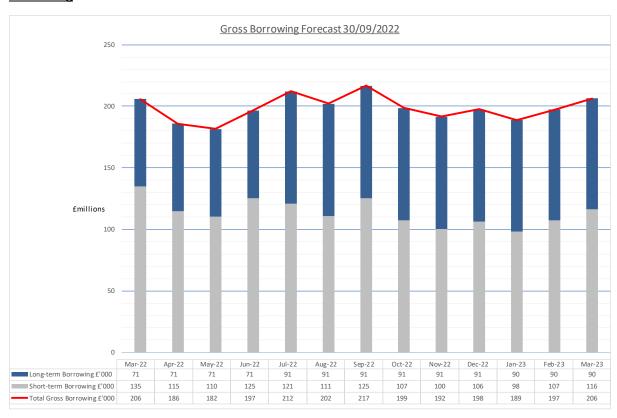
	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/21	2021/2022	2022/2023
April	4	6	1	7	12
May	6	9	1	4	13
June	7	5	5	6	4
July	5	6	6	9	7
August	6	3	9	11	2
September	8	8	7	7	1
October	7	9	3	6	
November	8	4	8	7	
December	6	2	9	6	
January	6	3	5	1	
February	5	6	5	9	
March	7	3	5	9	
Total	75	64	64	82	39

Parking income

Appendix G: Key financial information



Borrowing



Children's Services	
Service	Original Budget
	£'000
Children's Services non Dedicated Schools Grant	
Social Care and Early Help	
Employee & Operational Related Expenditure	7,143
Legal Services	657
Placements	10,432
Family Hubs including Employee & Operational Expenditure	1,651
National Transfer Scheme	0
Total Social Care and Early Help	19,883
Other	
Management & Business Services	3,824
Education	1,102
Public Health	1,597
Special Educational Needs and Children with Disabilities	3,471
Children's Services - Retained	(2,738)
Total Other	7,255
Total Children's Services non Dedicated Schools Grant	27,138
Dedicated Schools Grant	
AfC Contract - Dedicated Schools Grant	12,987
Dedicated Schools Grant - Retained	58,896
Dedicated Schools Grant Income	(71,883)
Total Dedicated Schools Grant	0
Total Children's Services and Dedicated Schools Grant	27,138
Summary Position	
Achieving for Children Contract	42,863
Children's Services - Retained	(2,738)
Dedicated Schools Grant - Retained	58,896
Total Children's Services net budget	99,021

Current	Forecast	Previously	Change in
Budget	Budget Outturn		Reported
	Variance	Variance	Variance
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
7,120	125	325	(200)
657	241	241	0
10,432	57	81	(24)
1,651	(14)	0	(14)
0	169	169	0
19,860	578	816	(238)
3,489	(142)	(88)	(54)
3,067	296	(25)	321
1,597	19	0	19
1,528	(86)	(54)	(32)
(2,700)	(410)	(233)	(177)
6,981	(323)	(400)	77
26,841	255	416	(161)
12,987	744	761	(17)
59,456	(341)	(341)	0
(72,443)	(403)	(420)	17
0	0	0	0
26,841	255	416	(161)
42,528	1,409	1,410	(1)
(2,700)	(410)	(233)	(177)
59,456	(341)	(341)	0
99,284	658	836	(178)

Revenue Reserves	Opening balance	Forecast		_	Description of reserve
	±	tranfers in £	transfers out £	balance £	
Better Care Fund	(3,399,541)	0	1,402,000	(1,997,541)	Funds directed by the BCF Board.
Business Rates Section 31 Grant Reserve	(23,052,535)	0	21,687,000	(1,365,535)	This relates to additional s31 grant to cover for the Covid-19 reliefs granted to businesses.
Business Rates Volatility Reserve	(3,193,668)	0	1,600,000	(1,593,668)	To cover any deficits on business rate collection. £1.6m earmarfked for 2023/24 budget per MTFP.
Community Infrastructure Levy Revenue	(329,090)	0	0	(329,090)	CIL contributions to revenue costs.
Covid-19 General Reserve	(2,143,972)	0	2,143,972	0	To meet funding gap in 2022/23 due to the impact of the pandemic, identified in the MTFP.
Insurance Reserve	(901,064)	0	100,000	(801,064)	To fund insurance claims.
Grant funded future commitments reserve	(2,927,866)	(18,019)	1,822,813	(1,123,072)	New burdens and other unringfenced government grants.
Optalis Development Reserve	(380,747)	0	380,747	0	Optalis Board agreed that this would be provided to offset the Central Management costs
Property Reserve	(500,000)	0	78,000	(422,000)	Funding property specific one-off costs.
Public Health Fund	(587,984)	0	194,500	(393,484)	Ring-fenced Public Health Grant.
Arts funding reserve	(140,000)	0	0	(140,000)	Specific funding for the arts.
Safeguarding Reserve	(194,018)	0	170,000	(24,018)	Use to fund in year spend.
Building Control Reserve	69,241	(69,241)	0	0	Deficit from the joint service to be met from future fees & charges.
Grave Maintenance Reserve	(7,535)	0	0	(7,535)	To meet expenditure on closed graveyards.
Nature Reserve Maintenance Fund	(122,682)	0	0	(122,682)	Arthur Jacobs Nature Reserve.
Old Court Maintenance Reserve	(16,434)	0	0	(16,434)	Art Centre in Windsor
Total earmarked reserves	(37,827,894)	(87,260)	29,579,032	(8,336,122)	

School Reserves					
Schools Forum De delegated school services	(547,029)	0	0	(547,029)	Funding passed back (de-delegated) for school services with Schools Fourum approval.
Sensory Consortium Service	(245,457)	0	70,000	(175,457)	Berkshire joint arrangement for specialist ducation support.
Schools Revenue Balances	(3,003,155)	0	0	(3,003,155)	School specific reserves.
DSG Adjustment Account	2,046,845	0	403,000	2,449,845	Ringfenced deficit on education services held separately from general fund.
Total schools reserves	(1,748,796)	0	473,000	(1,275,796)	

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Essential information

Items to be assessed: (please mark 'x')

Strategy	Plan	Pro	ject	Service	procedure	Х
Responsible officer	Andrew Vallance	Service area	Finance	Directorate	Reso	ources
Stage 1: EqIA Screen	ing (mandatory) Date cr	eated: 21/10/2022	Stage 2 : Full assessm	ent (if applicable)	Date created: NA	4

Approved by Head of Service / Overseeing group/body / Project Sponsor:

"I am satisfied that an equality impact has been undertaken adequately."

Signed by (print): Andrew Valance

Dated: 21/10/2022

Guidance notes

What is an EqIA and why do we need to do it?

The Equality Act 2010 places a 'General Duty' on all public bodies to have 'due regard' to:

- Eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act.
- Advancing equality of opportunity between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.
- Fostering good relations between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.

EqIAs are a systematic way of taking equal opportunities into consideration when making a decision, and should be conducted when there is a new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure in order to determine whether there will likely be a detrimental and/or disproportionate impact on particular groups, including those within the workforce and customer/public groups. All completed EqIA Screenings are required to be publicly available on the council's website once they have been signed off by the relevant Head of Service or Strategic/Policy/Operational Group or Project Sponsor.

What are the "protected characteristics" under the law?

The following are protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010: age; disability (including physical, learning and mental health conditions); gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; sexual orientation.

What's the process for conducting an EqIA?

The process for conducting an EqIA is set out at the end of this document. In brief, a Screening Assessment should be conducted for every new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure and the outcome of the Screening Assessment will indicate whether a Full Assessment should be undertaken.

Openness and transparency

RBWM has a 'Specific Duty' to publish information about people affected by our policies and practices. Your completed assessment should be sent to the Strategy & Performance Team for publication to the RBWM website once it has been signed off by the relevant manager, and/or Strategic, Policy, or Operational Group. If your proposals are being made to Cabinet or any other Committee, please append a copy of your completed Screening or Full Assessment to your report.

Enforcement

Judicial review of an authority can be taken by any person, including the Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) or a group of people, with an interest, in respect of alleged failure to comply with the general equality duty. Only the EHRC can enforce the specific duties. A failure to comply with the specific duties may however be used as evidence of a failure to comply with the general duty.

Stage 1 : Screening (Mandatory)

1.1 What is the overall aim of your proposed strategy/policy/project etc and what are its key objectives?

This report sets out the financial position of the Council in respect of the current year. The report reviews the various elements of the Council's financial position including the revenue budget and its funding, the capital programme, and the Council's financial reserve position. The report reviews the main areas of financial risk affecting the revenue and capital budgets and in respect of these risks sets out the assumptions that underpin the forecast position for the year.

1.2 What evidence is available to suggest that your proposal could have an impact on people (including staff and customers) with protected characteristics? Consider each of the protected characteristics in turn and identify whether your proposal is Relevant or Not Relevant to that characteristic. If Relevant, please assess the level of impact as either High / Medium / Low and whether the impact is Positive (i.e. contributes to promoting equality or improving relations within an equality group) or Negative (i.e. could disadvantage them). Please document your evidence for each assessment you make, including a justification of why you may have identified the proposal as "Not Relevant".

Protected characteristics	Relevance	Level	Positive/negative	Evidence
Age	Not			
	Relevant			
Disability	Not			
	Relevant			
Gender re-	Not			
assignment	Relevant			
Marriage/civil	Not			
partnership	Relevant			
Pregnancy and	Not			
maternity	Relevant			
Race	Not			
	Relevant			
Religion and belief	Not			
	Relevant			
Sex	Not			
	Relevant			
Sexual orientation	Not			
	Relevant			

Outcome, action and public reporting

Screening Assessment Outcome	Yes / No / Not at this stage	Further Action Required / Action to be taken	Responsible Officer and / or Lead Strategic Group	Timescale for Resolution of negative impact / Delivery of positive impact
Was a significant level of negative impact identified?	No	Not at this stage		
Does the strategy, policy, plan etc require amendment to have a positive impact?	No	Not at this stage		

If you answered **yes** to either / both of the questions above a Full Assessment is advisable and so please proceed to Stage 2. If you answered "No" or "Not at this Stage" to either / both of the questions above please consider any next steps that may be taken (e.g. monitor future impacts as part of implementation, rescreen the project at its next delivery milestone etc).

Stage 2 : Full assessment

2.1 : Scope and define

2.1.1 Who are the main beneficiaries of the proposed strategy / policy / plan / project / service / procedure? List the groups who the work is targeting/aimed at.
2.1.2 Who has been involved in the creation of the proposed strategy / policy / plan / project / service / procedure? List those groups who the work is targeting/aimed at.

2.2: Information gathering/evidence

2.2.1	What secondary data have you used in this assessment? Common sources of secondary data include: censuses, organisational records.
2.2.2	What primary data have you used to inform this assessment? Common sources of primary data include; consultation through interviews, focus
	What primary data have you used to inform this assessment? Common sources of primary data include: consultation through interviews, focus os, questionnaires.

Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation

Protected Characteristic	Advancing the Equality Duty: Does the proposal advance the Equality Duty Statement in relation to the protected characteristic (Yes/No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Negative impact : Does the proposal disadvantage them (Yes / No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Please provide explanatory detail relating to your assessment and outline any key actions to (a) advance the Equality Duty and (b) reduce negative impact on each protected characteristic.
Age					
Disability					
Gender reassignment					
Marriage and civil partnership					
Pregnancy and maternity					
Race					
Religion and belief					
Sex					
Sexual orientation					

Advance equality of opportunity

Protected Characteristic	Advancing the Equality Duty: Does the proposal advance the Equality Duty Statement in relation to the protected characteristic (Yes/No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Negative impact : Does the proposal disadvantage them (Yes / No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Please provide explanatory detail relating to your assessment and outline any key actions to (a) advance the Equality Duty and (b) reduce negative impact on each protected characteristic.
Age					
Disability					
Gender reassignment					
Marriage and civil partnership					
Pregnancy and maternity					
Race					
Religion and belief					
Sex					
Sexual orientation					

Foster good relations

Protected Characteristic	Advancing the Equality Duty: Does the proposal advance the Equality Duty Statement in relation to the protected characteristic (Yes/No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Negative impact : Does the proposal disadvantage them (Yes / No)	If yes, to what level? (High / Medium / Low)	Please provide explanatory detail relating to your assessment and outline any key actions to (a) advance the Equality Duty and (b) reduce negative impact on each protected characteristic.
Age					
Disability					
Gender reassignment					
Marriage and civil partnership					
Pregnancy and maternity					
Race					
Religion and belief					
Sex					
Sexual orientation					

2.4 Has your delivery plan been updated to incorporate the activities identified in this assessment to mitigate any identified negative impacts?

If so please summarise any updates.

These could be service, equality, project or other delivery plans. If you did not have sufficient data to complete a thorough impact assessment, then an action should be incorporated to collect this information in the future.

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Agenda Item 6iv)

Report Title:	Council Tax Base 2023/24
Contains	No - Part I
Confidential or	
Exempt Information	
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Hilton, Cabinet Member for Asset
	Management & Commercialisation, Finance
	and Ascot
Meeting and Date:	Cabinet – 1 December 2022
Responsible	Adele Taylor – Executive Director of
Officer(s):	Resources & Section 151 Officer.
	Andrew Vallance - Head of Finance and
	Deputy S151 Officer
Wards affected:	All



REPORT SUMMARY

This report deals with the statutory requirement to set the Council's tax base for 2023/24. The tax base is used by Thames Valley Police, Berkshire Fire and Rescue Authority, local Parish Councils as well as the Royal Borough for setting precepts and Council Tax next year.

The tax base is in line with the level anticipated in the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan and has increased since last year mainly due to the number of properties being built within the Borough.

1. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATION(S)

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet notes the report and:

- i) Approves the Council Tax base for the whole of the Borough area, for 2023/24 at 70,250.20 as detailed in this report and appendices. This is an increase of 513.88 over the 2022/23 base, a 0.74% increase.
 - ii) Notes a Council Tax collection rate of 99.5% for 2023/24
 - iii) Notes an estimated deficit on the Council Tax Collection Fund in 2022/23 of £1.989m, of which the Council's share is £1.58m.

2. REASON(S) FOR RECOMMENDATION(S) AND OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Options

Table 1: Options arising from this report

Option	Comments
Approve the Council Tax base, and note the collection rate and estimated deficit	Council Tax is likely to achieve planned levels.
Reduce the non-payment percentage	There is no guarantee the Council would recover the increased Council Tax arising from this action.

Section 33 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) (England) Regulations 2012 requires the Council as the Billing Authority to calculate a Council Tax Base for its area by 31 January each year.

Under Government regulations it is necessary for the Council to review its Collection Fund and decide the following:

- The Council Tax Base to be used for setting its 2023/24 Council Tax.
- Its Council Tax Collection Rate for 2023/24; and
- The estimated Council Tax deficit for 2022/23.

3. KEY IMPLICATIONS

- 3.1 **New Properties.** Provision needs to be made in the 2023/24 tax base for new properties that are likely to be occupied before the end of the next financial year. This provision is calculated by the revenues team taking onto account information on known properties coming on stream and in addition analysis of information through the planning service of properties expected to be completed in the new year and added to the Council Tax list. The growth in local housing continues at a high level and the part year effect of **1,089** additional properties will be included in the provision for 2023/24. New properties need to be added as a Band D equivalent, so for properties banded A-C they are proportionally lower than 1 and E-H are proportionately higher than 1.
- 3.2 Appendix D sets out the Band D equivalent properties at the end of September 2022 that were included in the CTB1 return to DLUHC as **69,605.09**. Added to this is the estimated full year impact of additional properties and revaluations, **998.11**, less an allowance for non-collection or estimated reductions for valid discounts of **353** to give the tax base of **70,250.20**.
- 3.3 **Collection Rate.** A review of eventual collection rates has been carried out which revealed that assumptions used to calculate the 2023/24 tax base (99.5%) are adequate and no changes are proposed. This takes into account cash collected in year as well as amounts recovered over a longer period of time.
- 3.4 **Business Rates.** Under the localisation of Business Rates initiative, the borough has a financial interest in the local business rate tax base as the Borough shares in the risks and rewards associated with growth in the local economy. Whilst the Business rate tax base can be estimated using last year's returns the actual Business Rate tax base cannot be calculated until DLUCH publishes the NNDR1 return in January. Information on the business rate tax base will, therefore, be included in the Budget report to February Cabinet along with other assumptions that have been made about the income that is likely to accrue.

4. FINANCIAL DETAILS / VALUE FOR MONEY

4.1 The Council Tax base for the individual parts of the Royal Borough (both parished and unparished areas) is as follows:

Table 2: Local Tax Base 2023/24 by Parish

PARISH	Local Tax Base (Band D equivalents) 2023/24
Bisham	737.95
Bray	4,481.83
Cookham	2,980.26
Cox Green	3,058.25
Datchet	2,275.47
Eton	1,833.55
Horton	465.79
Hurley	1,019.83
Old Windsor	2,427.73
Shottesbrooke	83.01
Sunningdale	3,558.08
Sunninghill & Ascot	6,698.39
Waltham St Lawrence	691.29
White Waltham	1,299.91
Wraysbury	2,157.51
UNPARISHED	
Maidenhead	22,644.94
Windsor	13,836.41
TOTALS	70,250.20

- 4.2 The Council's budget requirement divided by the tax base (above) equals the Band D Council Tax that is set by the Council in February 2023.
- 4.3 The tax base has increased by 513.88 band D equivalent properties since 2022/23 which is an increase of 0.74%
- 4.4 Band D equivalent properties are the number of band D properties in the area which would raise the same council tax as the actual number of properties in all bands. For example, one band H property is equivalent to two band D properties, because the taxpayer in a band H property pays twice as much council tax.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1 This report is part of the process required for the Council to meet its legal obligations to set its tax base that it notifies to Parish Councils, Police and Fire.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Table 3: Impact of risk and mitigation

Risk	Level of uncontrolled risk	Controls	Level of controlled risk
That the non-collection rate of 0.5% proves to be inadequate.	A deficit on the collection fund will result and	The non-collection rate is the best estimate based on past collection rates.	Minimal
	this would be used to adjust future calculations of council tax.	The collection rate is monitored throughout the year.	

7. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

- 7.1 Equalities. No implications.
- 7.2 Climate change/sustainability. No implications
- 7.3 Data Protection/GDPR. No implications.

8. TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

8.1 The budget for 2023/24 will be finalised in February 2023 with full details going to Cabinet and Council in February 2023. Residents will be advised of their Council Tax in March 2023.

9. APPENDICES

9.1 This report is supported by 4 appendices:

Appendix A Equality Impact Assessment

Appendix B Analysis of properties
Appendix C Tax base by parish by band

Appendix D 2023/24 tax base compared with 2022/23

10. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

None

11. CONSULTATION

Name of consultee	Post held	Date sent	Date returned
Mandatory:	Statutory Officers (or deputy)		
Adele Taylor	Executive Director of Resources/S151 Officer	21/10/22	28/10/22
Emma Duncan	Deputy Director of Law and Strategy / Monitoring Officer	21/10/22	21/10/22
Deputies:			
Andrew Vallance	Head of Finance (Deputy S151 Officer)	20/10/22	21/10/22
Karen Shepherd	Head of Governance	21/10/22	27/10/22
Elaine Browne	Head of Legal	21/10/22	
Other consultees:			
Directors (where relevant)			
Heads of Service (where relevant)			
Louise Freeth	Head of Revenues & Benefits	21/10/22	
Adrien Waite	Head of Planning	21/10/22	

Confirmation	Cabinet Member for Asset	Yes
relevant Cabinet	Management &	
Member(s)	Commercialisation, Finance and	
consulted	Ascot	

REPORT HISTORY

Decision type:	Urgency item?	To follow item?
Non-key decision	No	No
-		

Report Author: Report Author: Andrew Vallance, Head of Finance & Deputy S151 Officer.

APPENDIX A - EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Essential information

Items to be assessed: (please mark 'x')

Strategy	Policy		Plan		Project		Servic	e/Procedure	Х
Responsible officer	Andrew Valla	ance Serv	vice area	Finance		Directora	te	Resources	
Stage 1: EqIA Sci (mandatory)	reening	Date created 18/10/2022		ge 2 : Full blicable)	assessme	nt (if	Date cre	eated : NA	

Approved by Head of Service / Overseeing group/body / Project Sponsor: "Dam satisfied that an equality impact has been undertaken adequately."

Signed by (print): Andrew Vallance

Dated: 20/10/2022

Guidance notes

What is an EqIA and why do we need to do it?

The Equality Act 2010 places a 'General Duty' on all public bodies to have 'due regard' to:

- Eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act.
- Advancing equality of opportunity between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.
- Fostering good relations between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.

EqIAs are a systematic way of taking equal opportunities into consideration when making a decision, and should be conducted when there is a new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure in order to determine whether there will likely be a detrimental and/or disproportionate impact on particular groups, including those within the workforce and customer/public groups. All completed EqIA Screenings are required to be publicly available on the council's website once they have been signed off by the relevant Head of Service or Strategic/Policy/Operational Group or Project Sponsor.

What are the "protected characteristics" under the law?

The following are protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010: age; disability (including physical, learning and mental health conditions); gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; sexual orientation.

What's the process for conducting an EqIA?

The process for conducting an EqIA is set out at the end of this document. In brief, a Screening Assessment should be conducted for every new opereviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure and the outcome of the Screening Assessment will indicate whether a Full sessment should be undertaken.

Openness and transparency

RBWM has a 'Specific Duty' to publish information about people affected by our policies and practices. Your completed assessment should be sent to the Strategy & Performance Team for publication to the RBWM website once it has been signed off by the relevant manager, and/or Strategic, Policy, or Operational Group. If your proposals are being made to Cabinet or any other Committee, please append a copy of your completed Screening or Full Assessment to your report.

Enforcement

Judicial review of an authority can be taken by any person, including the Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) or a group of people, with an interest, in respect of alleged failure to comply with the general equality duty. Only the EHRC can enforce the specific duties. A failure to comply with the specific duties may however be used as evidence of a failure to comply with the general duty.

Stage 1: Screening (Mandatory)

1.1 What is the overall aim of your proposed strategy/policy/project etc and what are its key objectives?

REPORT SUMMARY

This report deals with the statutory requirement to set the Council's tax base for 2023/24. The tax base is used by Thames Valley Police, Berkshire Fire and Rescue Authority, local Parish Councils as well as the Royal Borough for setting precepts and Council Tax next year.

The tax base is in line with the level anticipated in the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan and has increased since last year mainly due to the number of properties being built within the Borough.

12. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATION(S)

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet notes the report and:

- iv) Approves the Council Tax base for the whole of the Borough area, for 2023/24 at 70,250.20 as detailed in this report and appendices. This is an increase of 513.88 over the 2022/23 base, a 0.74% increase.
 - v) Notes a Council Tax collection rate of 99.5% for 2023/24
- vi) Notes an estimated deficit on the Council Tax Collection Fund in 2022/23 of £1.989m, of which the Council's share is £1.58m.

1.2 What evidence is available to suggest that your proposal could have an impact on people (including staff and customers) with protected characteristics? Consider each of the protected characteristics in turn and identify whether your proposal is Relevant or Not Relevant to that characteristic. If Relevant, please assess the level of impact as either High / Medium / Low and whether the impact is Positive (i.e. contributes to promoting equality or improving relations within an equality group) or Negative (i.e. could disadvantage them). Please document your evidence for each assessment you make, including a justification of why you may have identified the proposal as "Not Relevant".

Protected characteristics	Relevance	Level	Positive/negative	Evidence
Age	Not			
	Relevant			
Disability	Not			
	Relevant			
Gender re-	Not			
assignment	Relevant			
Marriage/civil				
partnership	Relevant			
Pregnancy and	Not			
maternity				
Race	Not			
	Relevant			
Religion and	Not			
belief	Relevant			
Sex	Not			
	Relevant			
Sexual	Not			
orientation	Relevant			

Outcome, action and public reporting

Screening Assessment Outcome	Yes / No / Not at this stage	Further Action Required / Action to be taken	Responsible Officer and / or Lead Strategic Group	Timescale for Resolution of negative impact / Delivery of positive impact
Was a significant level of negative impact identified?	No	Recommendations made as per the audit report will be actioned in future years accounts	Andrew Vallance/Raman Singla	Its on-going
Does the strategy, policy, plan etc require amendment to have a positive impact?	No	Recommendations made as per the audit report will be actioned in future years accounts	Andrew Vallance/Raman Singla	Its on-going

If you answered **yes** to either / both of the questions above a Full Assessment is advisable and so please proceed to Stage 2. If you answered "No" or "Not at this Stage" to either / both of the questions above please consider any next steps that may be taken (e.g. monitor future impacts as part of implementation, re-screen the project at its next delivery milestone etc).

APPENDIX B Tax Base 2023/24 - Analysis of Properties

BAND		A (Entitled to Disabled Relief Reduction)	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	TOTAL
Number Of Properties		,									
Full Charge		3	834	1,227	5,174	10,733	9,501	6,223	7,794	1,625	43,112
25%Discount	25.00%	1	1,004	2,243	4,457	5,023	3,425	1,847	1,594	186	19,780
Empty Property Zero Discount <2Y	0.00%	0	32	65	198	194	123	77	61	22	772
Empty Property 100% Discount	100.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Second Homes	0.00%	0	92	56	103	145	129	65	95	57	742
Empty Property Premium >2Y	100.00%	0	18	20	25	24	38	13	21	9	168
Statutory 50% Discounts	50.00%	0	3	0	6	9	6	12	31	12	79
emptions		0	149	274	237	311	191	112	138	29	1,441
Equivalent property reductions resulting from discounts to Council Tax Support claimants		0	(184)	(672)	(899)	(725)	(207)	(72)	(35)	(0)	(2,796)
MOD Properties		0	0	172	113	63	12	10	40	0	409
Total No. of Properties		4	1,949	3,384	9,414	15,776	13,217	8,286	9,739	1,939	63,707
Total Equivalent No.		3.75	1,565.12	2,569.68	8,084.80	14,228.46	12,204.86	7,719.03	9,207.60	1,866.61	57,449.91
Ratio to Band D		5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	1	11/9	13/9	15/9	2	
BAND D EQUIVALENT		2.10	1,043.42	1,998.65	7,186.48	14,228.46	14,917.05	11,149.71	15,346.00	3,733.22	69,605.09

APPENDIX C Tax Base 2023/24 - Band D Equivalents

BAND	A (Entitled to Disabled Relief Reduction)	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	TOTAL
Parish										
Bisham	0.00	4.83	3.89	3.33	31.24	110.61	126.76	362.33	96.00	738.99
Bray	0.56	161.78	187.06	199.32	509.58	1,021.42	760.14	1,399.65	234.50	4,474.01
Cookham	0.56	66.91	24.44	150.42	327.86	790.73	482.44	892.50	248.50	2,984.36
Cox Green	0.00	4.86	57.77	179.89	763.28	1,140.02	697.72	216.97	8.00	3,068.51
Datchet	0.00	28.21	52.97	334.04	389.82	462.71	389.80	594.85	34.50	2,286.90
Eton	0.00	10.12	53.84	187.58	576.68	508.04	204.22	230.00	60.50	1,830.98
Horton	0.00	17.61	10.60	57.51	77.84	105.22	106.46	80.67	12.22	468.13
Hurley	0.00	38.63	17.89	55.09	155.32	171.98	113.71	348.33	118.00	1,018.95
Old Windsor	0.00	26.76	48.79	144.34	390.93	812.14	412.13	526.90	73.50	2,435.49
Shottesbrooke	0.00	1.33	1.36	2.44	6.77	21.39	7.94	21.25	15.50	77.98
Sunningdale	0.00	32.67	35.25	104.18	415.63	504.94	488.12	905.00	1,003.50	3,489.29
Sunninghill & Ascot	0.00	107.02	90.36	350.93	883.49	867.52	1,156.49	2,104.62	1,024.50	6,584.93
Waltham St Lawrence	0.00	14.56	4.86	17.16	49.63	126.73	88.47	294.58	92.00	687.99
White Waltham	0.00	35.12	62.27	96.63	310.84	291.72	122.42	323.33	58.00	1,300.33
→ Wraysbury	0.00	37.51	38.59	44.83	220.31	258.78	469.92	967.52	127.00	2,164.46
UNPARISHED										
Maidenhead	0.56	197.90	802.88	3,913.49	5,055.17	4,202.29	3,596.51	4,128.82	301.00	22,198.62
Windsor	0.42	257.60	505.83	1,345.30	4,064.07	3,520.81	1,926.46	1,948.68	226.00	13,795.17
	2.10	1,043.42	1,998.65	7,186.48	14,228.46	14,917.05	11,149.71	15,346.00	3,733.22	69,605.09
	2.10	1,045.42	1,990.00	7,100.40	14,220.40	14,917.03	11,149.71	13,340.00	3,733.22	09,003.09
New build & valuation changes in year 2023/24		48.68	109.68	579.55	158.00	15.87	8.65	71.68	6.00	998.11
	2.10	1,092.10	2,108.33	7,766.03	14,386.46	14,932.92	11,158.36	15,417.68	3,739.22	70,603.20
Deduct										
Non-Collection Rate of 0.50%	0.00	5.45	10.53	38.84	71.99	74.65	55.77	77.07	18.70	353.00
COUNCIL TAX BASE	2.10	1,086.65	2,097.80	7,727.19	14,314.47	14,858.27	11,102.59	15,340.61	3,720.52	70,250.20

APPENDIX D Local Tax Base 2023/24

PARISH	Band D Equivalents	ADD New build & valuation changes in 2023/24	Sub Total	LESS Non- Collection Allowance	APPENDIX D Local Tax Base 2023/24	Local tax Base 2022/23	Change
Bisham	738.99	2.67	741.66	(3.71)	737.95	735.38	2.57
Bray	4,474.01	30.34	4,504.35	(22.52)	4,481.83	4,434.44	47.39
Cookham	2,984.36	10.88	2,995.24	(14.98)	2,980.26	2,974.88	5.38
Cox Green	3,068.51	5.11	3,073.62	(15.37)	3,058.25	3,055.20	3.05
Datchet	2,286.90	0.00	2,286.90	(11.43)	2,275.47	2,268.93	6.54
Eton	1,830.98	11.78	1,842.76	(9.21)	1,833.55	1,833.47	0.08
Horton	468.13	0.00	468.13	(2.34)	465.79	466.51	(0.72)
Hurley	1,018.95	6.00	1,024.95	(5.12)	1,019.83	1,020.51	(0.68)
Old Windsor	2,435.49	4.44	2,439.93	(12.20)	2,427.73	2,432.95	(5.22)
Shottesbrooke	77.98	5.45	83.43	(0.42)	83.01	75.06	7.95
Sunningdale	3,489.29	86.67	3,575.96	(17.88)	3,558.08	3,479.19	78.89
-Sunninghill & Ascot	6,584.93	147.12	6,732.05	(33.66)	6,698.39	6,644.13	54.26
₩altham St Lawrence	687.99	6.77	694.76	(3.47)	691.29	693.18	(1.89)
White Waltham	1,300.33	6.11	1,306.44	(6.53)	1,299.91	1,293.99	5.92
Wraysbury	2,164.46	3.89	2,168.35	(10.84)	2,157.51	2,148.41	9.10
UNPARISHED							
Maidenhead	22,198.62	560.11	22,758.73	(113.79)	22,644.94	22,370.69	274.25
Windsor	13,795.17	110.77	13,905.94	(69.53)	13,836.41	13,809.40	27.01
TOTALS	69,605.09	998.11	70,603.20	(353.00)	70,250.20	69,736.32	513.88

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Agenda Item 6v)

Report Title:	2023/24 Draft Revenue Budget
Contains	No - Part I
Confidential or	
Exempt Information	
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Hilton, Cabinet Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance, & Ascot
Meeting and Date:	Cabinet – 1 December 2022
Responsible	Andrew Vallance, Head of Finance and
Officer(s):	Deputy S151 Officer
	Adele Taylor, Executive Director of Resources and S151 Officer
Wards affected:	All



REPORT SUMMARY

This report sets out the Council's proposed draft revenue budget for 2023/24 based on information as we currently know it.

Like all organisations, Local Government faces significant financial challenges. High interest rates and inflation pose significant cost pressures. For councils, there is additional uncertainty over funding levels. Although the Autumn Statement confirmed Council Tax can be increased by up to 2.99% before a referendum is required, with a further 2% adult social care precept, uncertainties remain. It is not yet clear to what extent additional Adult Social Care grant funding is new and what conditions are attached, and other grants such as the New Homes Bonus have not been confirmed. An exact date for when we will have more certainty is still not known although it is understood to be at some point in December.

At the same time demand for services such as Children's and Adults' social care and housing continues to grow, and recruitment challenges remain across all services. Questions remain to the extent certain income budgets will fully recover post-pandemic. The delay in the Adult Social Care reforms for two years until October 2025 does offer some respite as the additional costs and workforce pressures these would entail are significant. A key focus of this budget and the MTFP is working to look to prevent the growth in demand for the most intensive services by working differently with people across the Borough.

The Council approved a balanced budget in February 2022, reflecting continued recovery from the pandemic and strengthening of the financial reserves to stabilise the Council's financial position and address the issues for longer term financial sustainability.

The position for the Council is more acute than some other councils, due to our low level of Council Tax rates and low levels of general reserves. The low level of Council Tax means each percentage point allowed by central government generates less funds than for others. The reserves, whilst in a stronger position than a few years ago, remain low and there is the added uncertainty as to the extent the current year's budget pressures can be mitigated.

For all councils, reserves are set aside to mitigate and smooth out the impact of financial shocks in the short term given they are one-off sources of funding. Sustainable savings would always need to be found to address ongoing increases in levels of activity.

This report presents pressures and mitigating savings to enable the Council to balance its budget in 2023/24. The proposals in this paper will be consulted on in the period between this Cabinet and the February 2023 budget meetings of Cabinet and Full Council. They will also be reviewed by Overview and Scrutiny panel in December 2022. The results of these consultations will be reported to Cabinet in February alongside analysis from engagement with other appropriate stakeholders including residents, businesses, and partner organisations

This report presents likely continuing pressures from both the Covid-19 pandemic and the financial consequences of service issues, as well as proposed savings to enable the Council to balance its budget in 2023/24 and consideration of the way in which future years potential savings gaps will be mitigated and managed.

1. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet agrees the draft budget that will be consulted on prior to final budget setting during February 2023 including the:

- i) draft budget and revised Medium Term Financial Plan set out in Appendices A and B.
- ii) proposed growth and budget pressures set out in Appendix C; and
- iii) proposed savings set out in Appendix D.

2. REASON(S) FOR RECOMMENDATION(S) AND OPTIONS CONSIDERED Options

Table 1: Options arising from this report

Option	Comments
Cabinet is requested to agree the draft	This is the recommended
budget that will be consulted upon prior	option
to final budget setting during February	
2023.	

- 2.1 The Local Government Act 2000 states that it is the responsibility of the full council, on the recommendation of the executive to approve the budget and related council tax demand. Failure to set a legal budget may lead to intervention from the Secretary of State under section 15 of the Local Government Act 1999.
- 2.2 Notwithstanding the legislative requirement to set a budget, financial plans are important because they act as a financial expression of the Council's policies and instruct officers on the areas they should attribute spend. The budget is effectively the resources that are required to deliver the Council's stated objectives in its corporate plan.

3. KEY IMPLICATIONS

3.0 The Council faces considerable financial risks that can have a significant and immediate impact on its finances. However, whilst reserves are currently above minimum levels that the S151 Officer has deemed are required to protect against financial and service risks, they remain low compared to the optimum level that should be held. The Medium-Term Financial Plan assumes that the Council will identify sustainable savings over the medium term and therefore remain above the minimum level of reserves identified by the S151 Officer (£6.700m). The minimum level of reserves will be reviewed prior to the final budget setting report in February 2023 to consider the most up to date financial risks at that time.

Table 2: Key Implications

		. •			
Outcome	Unmet	Met	Exceeded	Significantly Exceeded	Date of delivery
General Fund Reserves	<£6.7m	£6.7m to £6.9m	£6,9m to £16.9m	> £16.9m	31 March 2024

4. FINANCIAL DETAILS

Introduction

- 4.1 Like many other authorities, the Council continues to face considerable financial challenges from the economic turbulence, including high inflation and interest rates. At the same time, there is uncertainty over some aspects of the grant funding announced in the Autumn Statement. As well as increasing demand for social care, there also continues to be questions over how much some income budgets will fully recover to pre-pandemic levels.
- 4.2 Unlike many other councils, low levels of reserves and low council tax have made the Council's financial position more challenging when balancing increasing demographic pressures with other service demands.
- 4.3 This document sets out the draft budget for 2023/24. Once agreed, it will be consulted upon to inform the final budget proposals in February 2023. The final budget will take account of the responses to the consultation process, as well as final funding settlements from the Government.

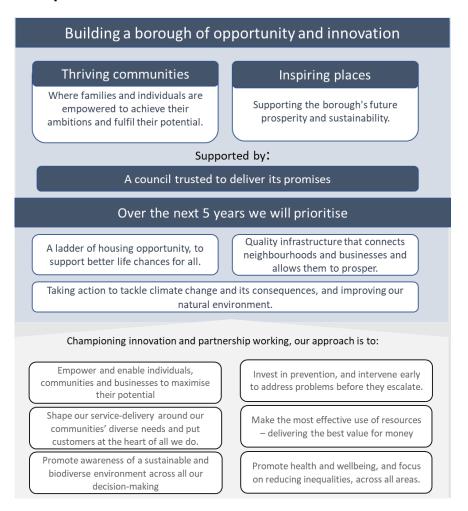
Corporate Priorities

- 4.4 The Council's Corporate Plan for the period 2021-2026, "Building a borough of opportunity and innovation" sets out our overarching strategy and priorities. The Plan sets out the Council's objectives, and the specific goals to be achieved in support of those objectives, over the 2021-26 period.
- 4.5 Our Medium-Term Financial Strategy, and the underpinning Medium Term Financial Plan, are aligned with the priorities set out in the Corporate Plan. The Strategy provides a framework for prioritising resources and taking the difficult budgeting decisions necessary due to the significant uncertainty around funding and the economic environment.
- 4.6 When the Corporate Plan was agreed in November 2021, we agreed to review it after a year. This process is currently under way and will be informed by the

changes in the external context, as well as the Council's internal financial position. The review will not change the overarching objectives and priorities of the Council but will reflect the increased pressures on Council finances and the resourcing decisions being considered as part of budget setting. New evidence from the 2022 Residents Survey, 2021 Census and the inequalities project, plus progress and performance against the Corporate Plan goals will also be considered.

- 4.7 The rises in cost of living are putting financial pressure on both our residents, and the Council, and risk driving rises in inequalities within the borough and increasing demand on services. The Council is responding by working with partners to deliver support to mitigate the impacts of cost of living rises. (For more information see our Here to Help campaign.) The more difficult economic climate increases the importance of strengthening our approach to prevention, both to improve outcomes for our residents, and to reduce demand on high cost, high threshold services. Our response to these pressures will be reflected within the Corporate Plan refresh, as well as in the Medium-Term Financial Strategy and Plan.
- 4.8 The Corporate Plan refresh and budget-setting processes are being taken forward in parallel, to ensure that the 2023/24 budget and refreshed Corporate Plan are fully aligned, and together form the framework for planning and decision-making going forward.

Figure 1: Corporate Plan Overview



Financial Climate

- 4.9 Over recent years all local authorities have faced significant spending reductions as part of government efforts to reduce the national budget deficit. It looks likely that this approach will continue. At the same time pressure on core service delivery has increased, particularly in Children's Services and Adult Social Care, as well as housing and homeless services.
- 4.10 Inflation and interest rates are also high which adds further pressure to the finances. Inflation increases the cost of services and increases staff expectations of pay increases. High interest means the cost of borrowing to fund capital schemes increases.
- 4.11 In addition to this, whilst the impact of the pandemic has diminished for some in everyday life, the impact on public services continues. For example, there continue to be pressures in adult social care nursing and residential costs as hospitals look to protect capacity going into the winter period. Parking income remains under pressure as changing working patterns have resulted in a lower take up of season tickets.
- 4.12 Over recent years all councils have adopted different approaches to address their budget gaps. This has included outsourcing key services and entering service delivery partnerships with other councils, as well as looking at other forms of sustainable income through regeneration activities and a greater focus on commercial activity. Each council, including RBWM, will have looked to consider the most appropriate package of responses when considering their own local circumstances.

RBWM Financial Context

- 4.13 The Council is on the face of it better placed than some authorities to meet the financial challenges that it faces.
 - Relatively low levels of deprivation mean that it does not have the same level of pressure on Adult Social Care and Children's Services that some councils have experienced although this does mean that small changes in client numbers can make relatively large differences to budgets.
 - Significant capital assets have enabled it to continue to fund its capital programme at a time when government support for capital schemes has diminished.
 - Lower reliance on Government Grant also meant that the impact of spending reductions was less than in some other councils, noting the corollary of the increased importance of Council Tax, compared to others.
 - A focus on developing other income streams using both the Council's asset base and regeneration activities which, unlike many councils, has not left the authority overexposed to fluctuations in market conditions.
- 4.14 The Council has still had to make significant savings. It has also been able to protect local non-statutory services to a greater extent than other councils through some of the actions that it took including sharing services with other councils and changing delivery models.

- 4.15 In more recent years the Council has also embarked on significant investment in regenerating the borough which will in the medium to long term provide significant financial benefits overall which are important when considering longer term financial sustainability.
- 4.16 The Council has several significant risks that need to be considered as part of its budget and medium-term financial plans and any potential mitigations identified, where possible.
 - Council Reserves are under considerable pressure. Whilst reserves were strengthened in 2021/22 they remain low and there is uncertainty over the current year's outturn. Reserves should only be used to smooth and mitigate short term impacts as they are one-off sources of funding so should never be relied upon in lieu of a financially sustainable budget, but they can be used to manage short-term risks whilst longer-term, often transformative, solutions are put in place.
 - The Pension fund deficit means that a growing share of Council funding is required to cover pension deficits in the future before budget is allocated to services. This is an issue for all local authorities.
 - High inflation. The cost of goods and services is increasing due to high inflation. Staff will expect salary increases to help with the increased cost of living.
 - Higher interest rates on borrowing. An increasing share of the Council's budget is required to service debt before money can be spent on day-to-day services. This risk has become more acute this financial year with the rise in interest rates. Getting the balance right between ensuring that sufficient money is spent on longer term capital projects to generate sustainable income or to reduce ongoing pressures is an important part of the consideration that the Council needs to make when determining how to utilise its resources.
 - Maintaining a low level of council tax, means that the Council has missed out on additional revenue from raising council tax in prior years. It also means that any future increases will generate less as they start from a lower base. National policy on council tax capping has also meant that our ability to increase our funding has been difficult, which is particularly pertinent given a significant proportion (approximately 80%) of our funding comes from council tax that we collect.
 - Growing pressures around Children and Adult Services and other demand led services have been widening the budget gap further.

Proposed Draft Revenue Budget 2023/24

4.17 The proposed draft revenue budget is set out in the table below. Appendix A provides further detail.

Table 3: Draft Revenue Budget 2023/24

	22/23 Budget	Inflation ¹	Savings	Growth	Other	23/24 Budget
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Chief Executive	279	10	(2)	20	0	307
Adults & Housing	40,126	1,798	(4,899)	3,816	3	40,845
Children's Services	26,798	1,289	(3,751)	2,992	(74)	27,254
GLS&PH	3,699	89	(418)	291	0	3,661
Place	13,434	(273)	(1,943)	1,731	(1,272)	11,676
Resources	5,498	297	(991)	202	135	5,141
Total services	89,834	3,211	(12,005)	9,052	(1,208)	88,884

Central budgets	13,512	0	(129)	475	2,523	16,380
Funding	(103,346)	0	0	0	(1,919)	(105,265)

|--|--|

^{1.} Inflation includes inflation on Council fees and charges.

Budget Growth

- 4.18 Budget growth in 2023/24 is driven by the following factors:
 - Increasing demand and complexity for both Adults and Children's social care.
 - High inflation and interest costs increasing pressures on all our partners and suppliers.
 - Continuing impact of the pandemic on behaviour, especially in respect of parking services.
 - External changes beyond the Council's control, such as changes to grant allocations and additional responsibilities through legislation change.
- 4.19 The table below summarises the main cost pressures that exceed £0.100m. Further detail is provided in Appendix C.

Table 4: Service Department Budget Growth above £0.100m

Directorate / Growth Description	£m
Adults & Housing	
Nursing placements	2.567
Residential placements	0.277
Block contracts	0.313
Client contributions to care	0.418
Hackney carriage licence income	0.120
Items less than £0.100m	0.121
Sub-total	3.816

Directorate / Growth Description	£m
Children's Services	
Children in care costs	0.694
Fostering recruitment strategies	0.157
Home to school transport	0.352
New case management system	0.200
Unaccompanied asylum-seeking children	0.703
External legal services	0.300
Invest to save: Intensive Support Scheme	0.448
Items less than £0.100m	0.138
Sub-total	2.992
Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	
Local elections 2003	0.206
Items less than £0.100m	0.085
Sub-total	0.291
Place	
Leisure Centre concession income	0.194
Public transport subsidies	0.200
Tree maintenance	0.454
Parking income season tickets	0.250
Car parks	0.210
Fly Tipping	0.100
Tivoli Contract	0.150
Items less than £0.100m	0.173
Sub-total	1.731
Resources	
ICT costs	0.114
Items less than £0.100m	0.088
Sub-total	0.202
Chief Executive	0.020
Total Growth	9.052

Budget Savings

- 4.20 The table below summarises the main savings that exceed £0.100m. Further detail is provided in Appendix D.
- 4.21 Each saving has been evaluated for whether an equality impact assessment is required. Appendix E includes initial assessments where they are required. These will be completed more fully ahead of the February Cabinet and Full Council.

 Table 5: Service Department Budget Savings above £0.100m

Directorate / Saving Description	£m
Adults & Housing	
Reablement for all	(0.300)
Right-sizing care with wider support	(0.250)
Long term independent living	(0.160)
Promote independence	(0.250)
Top-up fees and choice policy	(0.150)
Charging recipients of Adult Social Care	(0.350)
Review of partner contributions for support	(0.250)
Provider services	(0.215)
Domestic Abuse Funding	(0.177)
Utilisation of temporary accommodation	(0.100)
Review of environmental health teams	(0.160)
Line by line budget review	(0.411)
Review policies for access to care	(1.000)
Review Optalis agency use and establishment	(0.750)
Items less than £0.100m	(0.376)
Sub-total	(4.899)
Children's Services	
Children in care costs	(0.694)
Children in care placement review	(0.375)
In-house provision of accommodation	(0.100)
Reduction in reliance on agency workers	(0.144)
Workforce retention initiatives	(0.170)
Reduction in reliance on external legal services	(0.300)
Unaccompanied Asylum Seeker Children	(0.500)
Review SEND policies	(0.250)
Reduction in Business Support Service Team	(0.170)
Non-statutory Family Hub services	(0.480)
Family Support Worker posts	(0.110)
Items less than £0.100m	(0.458)
Sub-total	(3.751)
Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	
Recharge of corporate costs to Public Health	(0.190)
Items less than £0.100m	(0.228)
Sub-total	(0.418)
Place	
Line by line review of budget	(0.376)
Public transport subsidies	(0.350)
Transformation programme	(0.250)

Directorate / Saving Description	£m
Economic growth team	(0.115)
Climate partnership funding	(0.100)
Items less than £0.100m	(0.752)
Sub-total	(1.943)
Resources	
Line by line review of budget	(0.275)
Debt recovery	(0.190)
Property assets	(0.118)
Staffing review in resources	(0.100)
Items less than £0.100m	(0.308)
Sub-total	(0.991)
Other savings	(0.002)
Total Savings	(12,005)

Funding Settlement and Council Tax

- 4.22 At the time of writing local authorities have not received detailed information in relation to the funding settlement and it has not yet been confirmed whether it will be a multiyear settlement. Current assumptions in the draft budget are therefore:
 - Council tax is increased in line with the referendum limit (2.99%) and Adult Social Care precept (2%) for a total increase of 4.99%.
 - Government Grant funding remains largely unchanged in 2023/24 with the exception that the New Homes Bonus Funding does not continue. Adult Social care grants referenced in the Autumn Statement will not be included until it is certain they are new monies.
- 4.23 In short, there is still a considerable level of uncertainty around financial plans for 2023/24 and beyond. They will continue to be revised as more information becomes available.
- 4.24 A 4.99% increase would equate to an increase for a Band D property by £58.09 from £1,164.99 to £1,223.11. It should be noted this is only the RBWM element of Council Tax with relevant other precepts from police and fire and rescue on top of this amount. Each 1% of Council Tax raises £0.831m.

Income

4.25 Increases in fees and charges income for 2023/24 will be part of the budget consultation. The Council generally seeks to increase fees to cover costs. Clearly, with inflation being particularly high at present to achieve cost recovery increases need to be higher than in previous years. Some of the more significant income streams are set out below:

Table 6: Fees and charges income

	22/23 Budget	23/24 Draft Budget	Average Increase
	£000	£000	%
Parking Services	(10,272)	(11,465)	11.61%
Adult Social Care	(9,850)	(10,312)	4.68%
Property services	(4,342)	(4,469)	2.92%
Planning services	(2,111)	(2,624)	24.28%
Highways	(1,465)	(1,666)	13.77%
Housing	(1,253)	(1,290)	2.99%
Waste & Highways Environmental	(1,102)	(1,183)	7.39%

- 4.26 Some fees and charges are statutory, such as planning fees which are set nationally. Others, such as Adult Social Care, the Council has little discretion over and increases are determined by factors such as the pensions triple lock or increases in welfare benefits. Similarly, income in Housing is largely dependent on changes to the Local Housing Allowance set by the DWP.
- 4.27 Areas that the Council does have discretion on include budgets such as parking, highways, and waste.

Sensitivity Analysis

4.28 There are many uncertainties in the budget, but one of the most material items is interest on borrowing. Different scenarios are detailed in the table below, but the current budget assumes interest at 4.19%. The table below models fluctuations in this rate.

Table 7: Interest on borrowings

- abic it into out on bottoming											
Interest rate	3.19%	3.69%	4.19%	4.69%	5.19%						
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000						
Borrowing costs	6,116	6,353	6,592	6,828	7,065						
Investment income	(887)	(1,020)	(1,152)	(1,284)	(1,416)						
Net	5,229	5,333	5,440	5,544	5,649						
Variance from base	(211)	(107)	0	104	209						

- 4.29 The budget currently assumes a sum equivalent to a 3% pay increase for all staff. Each 1% of pay increase is currently expected to cost £0.514m. Note this includes an assumption that AfC and Optalis follow the RBWM pay award, and so includes the anticipated increase in the relevant contract should this be required. Negotiations on pay continue and final recommendations on pay proposals will be included in the final budget setting report in February 2023.
- 4.30 The New Homes Bonus grant is assumed not to continue. If it does this could equate to up to an additional £0.500m but would not be on a sustainable, recurrent basis. Other government grants have been adjusted for what we know to date, but final figures will not be known until the final settlement. Each 1% of inflation on these grants equates to £0.054m.

5. Closing the Budget Gap in Future Years

- 5.1 The immediate challenge has been to close the budget gap to enable the Council to set a balanced budget for 2023/24. Legally, the Council must balance the financial year in which it is going into and should consider the resources it has over the medium term.
- 5.2 There is considerable uncertainty around the size and scale of future budget gaps and a lot of this will depend on final Government funding decisions. While there is always room to be more efficient, the Council is already a low spending council which constrains it from reducing costs easily.
- 5.3 On this basis it would be unwise to assume that the projected budget gaps could be closed through greater efficiency alone. There is a fine dividing line between further efficiency and a reduction in service.
- 5.4 Future savings plans will need to continue to focus on more transformative savings measures.
- 5.5 The Council agreed a revised Medium Term Finance Strategy at Full Council in September 2022. It contained 6 objectives on how the Council will manage its resources over the medium to long term, aligned with the corporate plan principles. These are:
 - Empower and enable individuals, communities, and businesses to maximise their potential.
 - Invest in prevention and intervene early to address problems before they escalate.
 - Shape our service delivery around our communities' diverse needs and put customers at the heart of all we do.
 - Make the most effective use of resources delivering the best value for money.
 - Promote awareness of a sustainable and biodiverse environment across all our decision making.
 - Promote health and wellbeing, and focus on reducing inequalities, across all areas.
- 5.6 Appendix B details an updated Medium Term Financial Plan. However, this will need to be further updated when the details of the final settlement are known. At this stage it continues to make several assumptions that may become clearer in the coming weeks.
- 5.7 In developing the budget for 2023/24 consideration has also been given to how to manage council resources in the medium to long term by defining areas to explore through specific projects that will help shape resource requirements in future years. These include:
 - Making more efficient use of our physical assets.
 - Regeneration and placemaking impacting on our service demands.
 - Prevention, demand management and partnership working.
 - Reprioritisation of services that do not impact on corporate plan.

- Income review including fees and charge, external funding, and debt management.
- Transformation of services.
- External funding including CIL/S106.
- 5.7 Underpinning the management of our resources both in the short and medium term is working to manage demand in our services for the most vulnerable in our community, especially Children's and Adults services.
- 5.8 Working with our partners especially around preventative measures will ensure that we can look to be a more financially sustainable council but just as importantly, provide improved outcomes for our those in our community who may need additional support. Whilst work has already started to deliver savings and service changes that will impact in 2023/24, this remains a focus over the medium term and fully aligns with our corporate plan outcomes.

6. Next steps

- 6.1 The proposals contained in this report will be subject to consultation that will inform final decisions at Cabinet and Council in February 2023. The Council will consult with residents, businesses, partners, and its own staff.
- 6.2 Equality Impact Assessments have been completed for relevant savings and these will be updated throughout the remaining budget setting process.
- 6.3 This draft budget will be amended once the Local Government Finance Settlement is published.
- 6.4 The Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Panel will review the proposals in December 2022.
- 6.5 Final budget proposals will be considered by Cabinet on 9 February 2023, with recommendations to Full Council on 21 February 2023.

7. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

7.1 None at this stage of the budget process.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

8.1 Failure to identify sufficient savings as part of the budget process would risk the Council being unable to maintain minimum levels of reserves. Failure to deliver the planned savings would have the same effect.

9. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

9.1 Equalities. A full EQIA will be undertaken on the budget submitted to Council in February 2023. Saving proposals will also have an EQIA undertaken where

appropriate. Appendix E includes draft EQIAs. All EQIAs will be revised in the light of any relevant consultation responses.

- 9.2 Climate change/sustainability. The potential impact of budget recommendations will be considered once details of budget submissions are published.
- 9.3 Data Protection/GDPR. Not applicable.

10. TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

Implementation date if not called in: Immediate.

11. APPENDICES

- 11.1 This report is supported by three appendices:
 - Appendix A Draft revenue budget 2023/24
 - Appendix B Medium Term Financial Plan
 - Appendix C Growth
 - Appendix D Savings
 - Appendix E Equality Impact Assessments

12. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

12.1 None.

13. CONSULTATION

Name of consultee	Post held	Date sent	Date returned
Mandatory:	Statutory Officers (or deputies)		
Adele Taylor	Executive Director of Resources/S151 Officer	10/11/22	21/11/22
Emma Duncan	10/11/22	10/11/22	
Deputies:			
Andrew Vallance	Head of Finance (Deputy S151 Officer)	10/11/22	22/11/22
Elaine Browne	Head of Law (Deputy Monitoring Officer)	10/11/22	
Karen Shepherd	Head of Governance (Deputy Monitoring Officer)	10/11/22	
Mandatory:	Equalities Officer		
Ellen McManus- Fry	Equalities & Engagement Officer	10/11/22	22/11/22
Other consultees:			
Directors			
Tony Reeves	Interim Chief Executive	10/11/22	21/11/22
Andrew Durrant	Executive Director of Place	10/11/22	15/11/22

Kevin McDaniel	Executive Director of People Services	10/11/22	21/11/22

Confirmation	Cabinet Member for Asset	Yes
relevant Cabinet	Management &	
Member(s)	Commercialisation, Finance, &	
consulted	Ascot	

REPORT HISTORY

Decision type:	Urgency item?	To follow item?
For information	No	Not applicable

Report Author: Andrew Vallance, Head of Finance



	2022/23 Budget	Reversal of Covid budgets	Full year impact of prior year savings and growth	Inflation	Inflation on fees & charges	Savings	Growth	Governme nt grants	Changes to non- service costs and funding	2023/24 Budget
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Chief Executive	279	0	0	10	0	(2)	20	0	0	307
Adults & Housing	40,126	0	14	2,720	(921)	(4,899)	3,816	(11)	0	40,845
Children's Services	26,798	0	(74)	1,289	0	(3,751)	2,992	0	0	27,254
Governance, Law, Strategy and Public Health	3,699	0	0	137	(48)	(418)	291	0	0	3,661
Place	13,434	(1,092)	(180)	1,762	(2,035)	(1,943)	1,731	0	0	11,676
Resources	5,498	0	135	561	(264)	(991)	202	0	0	5,141
Total for services	89,834	(1,092)	(105)	6,479	(3,267)	(12,005)	9,052	(11)	0	88,884
Non-service budgets										
Contingency and Corporate Budgets	2,548	0	0	0	0	(129)	475	0	0	2,893
Interest received	(249)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(903)	(1,152)
→ Interest paid	2,537	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,055	6,592
Minimum revenue provision	3,797	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(658)	3,139
Pensions including past service deficit	4,311	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	429	4,740
Other miscellaneous costs	568	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(400)	168
	13,512	0	0	0	0	(129)	475	0	2,523	16,380
Funding										
Business rates	(13,334)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	708	(12,626)
Propco dividend	(210)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(50)	(260)
Government grants	(5,948)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	891	(5,057)
Earmarked reserves	(1,361)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,268	(93)
Council tax	(82,493)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(4,736)	(87,229)
	(103,346)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,919)	(105,265)
Net	(0)	(1,092)	(105)	6,479	(3,267)	(12,134)	9,527	(11)	604	(0)

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	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	Notes
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	.10163
SERVICES BASE BUDGET	89,834	88,885	90,911	93,191	99,331	
Inflation						
- Pay (excludes DSG funded, include increase in pension contribution)	1,003	792	816	840	865	1
- Utilities (water, gas, electricity)	368	278	333	400	480	
- Contract inflation (includes AfC and Optalis pay)	5,108	5,603	4,386	3,761	3,889	2
- Fees & charges	(2,388)	(562)	(573)	(584)	(596)	
- Adult Social Care client charges	(879)	(258)	(264)	(271)	(278)	
Growth	9,052	2,000 0	2,200 0	2,300 0	2,400 0	
Savings Removal of one-off COVID budgets	(12,005) (1,092)	0	0	0	0	
Changes in government grants	(1,092)	0	0	0	0	
Full year effect of previously agreed savings / pressures	(105)	(2,891)	(1,753)	477	(513)	
Service Base Budget Before Savings	88,885	93,847	96,056	100,113	105,579	
Efficiency Savings (-ve) - TO BE IDENTIFIED	0	(2,937)	(2,865)	(782)	(148)	3
Service Net Expenditure	88,885	90,911	93,191	99,331	105,431	
NON-SERVICE BUDGETS						
Contingency	2,893	2,418	2,418	2,418	2,418	
Interest received	(1,152)	(805)	(754)	(748)	(745)	
Interest paid	6,592	8,571	8,066	7,078	6,349	
Minimum revenue provision	3,139	3,499	3,772	3,890	3,804	
Other non-service costs	168	168	168	168	168	
Pension costs including past deficit	4,740	4,910	5,090	5,090	5,090	
Total Non-Service Budget TOTAL EXPENDITURE	16,380 105,265	18,761 109,672	18,760 111,951	17,896 117,227	17,084 122,515	
TOTAL EXPENDITORE	105,265	109,672	111,951	117,227	122,515	
NON-COUNCIL TAX FUNDING						
NNDR	(14,226)	(13,517)	(12,767)	(12,017)	(12,017)	4
Income from trading companies	(260)	(260)	(260)	(260)	(260)	7
Non-ringfenced grants	(5,057)	(4,557)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)	5
Transfer (surplus)/deficit Collection Fund	1,600	1,000	1,000	0	0	-
Use of Earmarked Reserve	(93)	0	0	0	0	
Total non-council tax funding	(18,036)	(17,334)	(15,027)	(15,277)	(15,277)	
COUNCIL TAX	(87,229)	(92,338)	(96,924)	(101,950)	(107,238)	
TOTAL FUNDING	(105,265)	(109,672)	(111,951)	(117,227)	(122,515)	
COUNCIL TAX		c	c	£	c	
Adult Social Care Precept	162.38	186.84	212.53	239.49	£ 267.80	
Council Tax at Band D	1,060.73	1,097.30	1,135.70	1,176.01	1,218.33	
Special Expenses	35.60	36.67	37.76	38.89	40.06	
Total Council Tax	1,258.71	1,320.81	1,385.99	1,454.39	1,526.19	
	,	,	,	,	,-	
	No. Band D	No. Band D	No. Band D	No. Band D	No. Band D	
	properties	properties	properties	properties	properties	
Council Taxbase	70,250	70,550	70,700	70,850	71,000	6
Unparished Taxbase	36,680	36,980	37,130	37,280	37,430	6
ASSUMPTIONS						
CTAX increase (%)	2.99%	2.99%	2.99%	2.99%	2.99%	
ASC precept (%)	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	
Pay inflation (%)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Utility inflation (%) Contract inflation not linked to CPI / RPI (%)	62.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	
Fees & charges inflation (%)	Actual Actual	6.50% 2.00%	4.50% 2.00%	3.50% 2.00%	3.50% 2.00%	
Adult Social Care Income (usually related to pensions / benefits) (%)	10.00%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	
Growth in tax base (Band D properties)	500	300	150	150	2.50% 150	
Bank of England base rate	4.19%	3.78%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	
Government Grant inflation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	

NOTES

- 1. Pay inflation excludes staff in Optalis and AfC. It includes in 23/24 the increase in the employers contribution rate from 15.1% to 16.6% from 2023/24.
- ${\bf 2. \ Contract \ inflation \ includes \ pay \ inflation \ related \ to \ Optalis \ and \ AfC \ staff.}$
- $\textbf{3.} \ \textbf{This is the budget gap, or the amount of efficiency savings or additional funding that is required to set the budget.} \\$
- $4. \ Reflects the \ regeneration \ of \ Maidenhead \ and \ the \ reduction \ in \ projected \ business \ rates \ as \ a \ result \ (estimated).$
- 5. The New Homes Bonus is assumed not to continue. Services Grant assumed to be £0.500m in 2023/24, before being removed. Funding from 2025/26 reduced by 1/3 to reflect fiscal tightening expected in the next spending review round.
- 6. Assumes growth in taxbase Band D properties see assumptions above.



AHH02G Adult Social placements AHH03G Block contra AHH04G Client contri AHH05G Hackney Car	1 1	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care				2023/24	2024/25				
AHH02G Adult Social placements AHH03G Block contra AHH04G Client contri AHH05G Hackney Car			Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care			£'000	£023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000		
AHH03G Block contra AHH04G Client contri AHH05G Hackney Car	ial Care residential spot-purchased			, tout Social Care	There has been an increase in the number of adults requiring nursing care. This is net of client contributions and is based on current levels of demand, making no assumptions about future trends.	E	2,567	2,567	0	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
AHH04G Client contri AHH05G Hackney Car	ts	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Increase in number of adults requiring residential care. This is net of client contributions and is based on current levels of demand, making no assumptions about future trends.	E	277	277	0	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
AHH05G Hackney Car	tract for residential and nursing placements	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	There is a shortfall on the current budget for the nursing and residential block contracts. This includes realignment of the budget for Clara Court and Queens Court to match the contractual obligations with Care UK who run the homes.	E	313	313	0	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
,	ntributions to Adult Social Care	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	The current level of income from people paying for their care remains below budget. This budget growth is based on current forecasts of receipts.	E	418	418	0	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
AUUIOCC Information	Carriage License Income	Councillor David Cannon	Adults & Housing	Trading Standards & Licensing	Current data shows there has been a significant reduction in License Renewals.	E	120	120	0	0	0		INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
AHHUGG Information	on Advisory Service (IAS)	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Commissioning & Support	The Information Advice and Support Service is a statutory service that that provide information, advice and support to disabled children and young people, and those with SEN, and their parents/carers. It has been largely funded by the DSG Central Block and external grants. The DSG Central Block funding has been reduced by 20% each year since 2019 and the grant opportunities have ceased. In the years 2021-22 and 2022-23 the expenditure has been supported by a unspent grant money which has now depleted.	E	61	61	0	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
AHH07G Coroners joi	joint arrangement	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	The coroners services is a joint arrangement with costs split across Berkshire authorities. The Council have been notified of cost pressures in this service.	E	60	60	0	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil

Reference	Growth Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of why the growth is required	Essential (E) /	Full year		Part-year		-		Link to Corporate Plan
						Discretionary (D)	impact	impact	impact	impact	mpact	impact	
							£'000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	
CHI01G	Independent Fostering Panel increased capacity and pay award	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	The increase in panel advisor rates is required to be in line with local market rates and the increase capacity is required to meet statutory duties of support.	E	16			0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil
CHI02G	Children in Care estimated future demand	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	The estimated increased cost of supporting children in care including accommodation and direct support costs.	D	694	694	0	0	0	0	their notential THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
CHI03G	Development of financial support and processes	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Business Services	Development of financial support including automated reporting on the finance system and business partnering models.	E	25	25	0	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
CHI04G	Fostering recruitment strategies	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	The recruitment of additional foster carers including an enhanced benefits package to improve recruitment and retention; additional capacity be built into the Fostering Service to ensure the recruitment and marketing of foster care is appropriately resourced; capacity to train new social workers, support ongoing development and ensure best practice is applied across the service; increase foster carer rates which will support better recruitment and retention.	E	157	157	0	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI05G	Home To School Transport	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education/ Special Educational Needs	Pressure on the Homes to School Transport budget including the impact from discontinued bus services; increased numbers of children with Education, Health and Care Plans and refugees.	E	352	352	0	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI06G	New Case Management System	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Development and implementation of a new Case Management System including licences, hosting and employee costs. This new system will require less officer time inputting and extracting data enabling greater focus on priority activities.	E	500	200	230	50	10	10	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI07G	Education Welfare Service Funding	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education Welfare	Changes in legislation removing the ability to offer Education Welfare Service to schools on a traded basis.	E	128	75	53	0	0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
СHI08G	Unaccompanied asylum seeking children	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Pressure on the unaccompanied asylum seeking children budget including a change in the age profile of asylum seekers that will reduce the amount of grant funding; the impact of the National Transfer Scheme reflecting the additional accommodation costs and a new team required to meet this materially incremental demand.	E	713	703	10	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI09G	External Legal Services	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Increased volume and complexity of cases resulting in prolonged legal proceedings.	E	300	300	0	0	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI11G	INVEST TO SAVE: Intensive Support Team	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Investment in an Intensive Support Team to transform the support provided to children and young people on the edge of care; whilst they are in care and supporting them to leave care. This initiative will help control the number of children coming in to care and requiring longer term more costly interventions.	D	(58)	448	(356)	(50)	(50)	(50)	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
CHI12G	INVEST TO SAVE: Project Officer	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education / Service Wide	Project Officer post to build project capacity and maximise income generation opportunities across the service.	D	(18)	22	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
	TOTAL CHILDREN'S SERVICES GROWTH						2,809	2,992	(73)	(10)	(50)	(50)	

Reference	Growth Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of why the growth is required	Essential (E) / Discretionary (D)	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Link to Corporate Plan
							£'000	2023/24 F000		2025/26 £000		2027/28 £000	
GLS01G	Scrutiny Officer	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Governance	The LGA Peer Review in January 2022 recommended that dedicated scrutiny support 'would ensure timely responses and improve the quality of reports and briefings to support an effective scrutiny function.' It also recommended a review of the structure of Health O&S. Both recommendations were approved by Cabinet in March 2022. The proposal is therefore to recruit an officer to undertake the statutory role of Scrutiny Officer and provide support to both Members and officers to improve the effectiveness of the scrutiny function including the refreshed health scrutiny function. The Democratic Services Officer post is a careergraded post with level 3 already including the statutory role of Scrutiny Officer therefore the grading has already been set as grade 7 £0.034-£0.037m; the growth bid is for this amount plus on-costs (£25%).	Е	45			C	0	-	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
GLS03G	Member Induction, Training and Development 2023	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Governance	To enable a comprehensive induction and development programme for Members after the local elections May 2023. One-off bid.	D	() 5	(5)	C	0		A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
GLS04G	Local elections 2023	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Governance	The costs of running local elections fall to the council (unlike e.g. parliamentary elections where costs are recovered from central government). The anticipated total cost is £0.216m. However there are three important caveats: -This figure could rise to £0.246m if we needed to undertake covid mitigations such as were required for the PCC elections in May 2021. -This figure could fall if any parish elections are contested as some costs are then shared with parishes. For example if all parishes were contested we would save £0.041m. If 6 parishes were contested (as happened in 2019) we would save £0.009m. -We do not yet have the full picture of the impacts of the Elections Bill /voter ID and any associated costs.	Е	C	206	(206)	C	0	_	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
GLS05G	Schools DPO buyback service	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Governance	The income target for the Schools DPO service is unachievable due schools opting to procure the service from new suppliers entering the market at significantly lower costs. The structure of the offer from RBWM was revised for 2022/23, offering a two tier service to try to increase demand but this has not been successful.	D	25	5 25	0	C	0		A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
GLS06G	Annual canvass - staffing costs	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law, Strategy & Public Health	Governance	The staffing budget for the annual canvass was removed in 2019/20 (it is not clear why). This has not had an impact for the canvass in 2020 and 2021 as covid restrictions limited the work of canvassers to telephone contact. However, as those restrictions are now lifted the council has a responsibility to make in person visits to properties that have not responded to the annual canvass through any other communication method (email, letter, telephone).	E	10	10	0	C	0		A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
	TOTAL GLS&PH GROWTH						80	291	. (211)	C	0	0	

Reference	Growth Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of why the growth is required	Essential (E) / Discretionary (D)	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Link to Corporate Plan
							£'000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	5 2026/27 5 £000	2027/28	
PLA01G	Leisure Centre rent concession income	Councillor Ross McWilliams	Place	Communities / Neighbourhoods / Partnerships	The income expected in 2023/24 is lower than expected due to changes in behaviours and patterns of use post Covid.	D	194			C	0 0		THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
PLA02G	Public transport subsidies	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Recent challenges for bus operators have resulted in a substantial increase in costs, without bus fare income returning to pre-covid levels. This will result in upward pressures on supported services costs. The borough will not be able to maintain the existing supported services with either a loss of some services or a significant reduction in service quality on a number of routes if the budget remains at 2022/23 level.		200	200	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA03G	Tree Maintenance and Inspections	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Planning	Funding required including: - Unplanned maintenance of trees owned by the borough. It is considered risks are increasing due to change to climate; and - Undertake pro-active inspections including the necessary maintenance works.	E	454	454	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Taking action to tackle climate change and its consequences, and improving our natural environment.
PLA04G	Section 81 works extra resource	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Self funding is delayed to 2024/25 instead, resource required and include will be part of re-letting the Volker contract as from April 2024.	D	(75	(75)	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA05G	Highways and Streetworks software	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Annual licence renewal CONFIRM IT asset management software used by the Highway Services department.	Е	88	88	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA06G	Parking Income season tickets	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Due to ongoing impact of post COVID changes, parking season tickets are not likely to recover to pre covid levels within 2023/24. This is especially relevant with the changing demand for season tickets as people are working from home more on a permanent basis.	E	250	250	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA07G	Car Parks	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Additional funding required for: - Maintaining the fabric of car park buildings across the borough with the aim to reduce Health & Safety complaints caused by poor maintenance. - Increase in service charges for Hines Meadows car park's.	E	210	210	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA08G 140	Fly Tipping	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Neighbourhood Services	The current Street Cleansing contract includes a maximum number of removing fly tipping across the Borough. This has proven to be insufficient as a result of a large increase for a number of years now. Therefore, additional funding is required to remove all illegal deposits of any waste onto public land, in a timely manner to keep the borough clean and tidy.	E	100	100	0	O	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Taking action to tackle climate change and its consequences, and improving our natural environment.
PLA09G	Tivoli Contract	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Neighbourhood Services	As a result of negotiations held with contractor Tivoli, additional funding is required, covering labour, fuel and waste disposal to allow the contractor and carry out specified works.	E	150	150	0	C	0	0	INSPIRING PLACES. Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper.
PLA10G	Burials income reversal	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Burials income target was increased for 21/22 (for 1 year only) and is not being met, as burial income has not increased in line with the target, due to a move to interments rather than burials and a decreased death rate following Covid.		10	10	0	C	0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their notential
	TOTAL PLACE GROWTH						1,656	1,731	(75)	0	0	0	

Reference	e Growth Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of why the growth is required	Essential (E) / Discretionary (D)	Full year impact £'00	Part-year impact 2023/24		Part-year impact 2025/20	impact 2026/27		
RES01G	Library repairs and maintenance	Councillor Samanth Rayner	Resources	Library and Resident Services	Previously repairs and maintenance has been partly met from capital budgets. However, following a tightening of controls over allocation of expenditure to capital budgets this is no longer possible. As such, additional budget is required for essential repairs and maintenance work to ensure buildings remain compliant and safe. This includes routine inspections such as PAT testing, lift maintenance, legionella testing, as well as essential reactive maintenance and repair.	E	4.			(0 0	0	THRIVING COMMUNITIES. Where families and individuals are empowered to achieve their ambitions and fulfil their potential.
RES02G	ICT costs	Councillor Samanth Rayner	Resources	Human Resources, Corporate Projects and IT	Additional ICT costs as follows: - Extension of current three year warranty with Dell for modern workplace devices to five years (£0.054m) - By changing our model for our network and firewalls, there will be an increase of up to £0.020m per annum for broadband costs, but a reduction in capital required for firewall equipment. The new model will improve business continuity and remove single points of failure. - Three year renewal due April 2023 and is likely to increase by £0.120m based on the average market research testing (£0.040m per annum).		61	0 114	(54)		o c	O	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
RES04G	Leadership development programme	Councillor Samanth Rayner	na Resources	Human Resources, Corporate Projects	Roll out of the approved Leadership Development Programme. The programme will be delivered to two cohorts in 2023/24, six cohorts in 2024/25 and six cohorts in 2025/26 and each year thereafter.	D	1	0 14	27	((40)	a	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
RESO6G	External Audit Fees	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	Corporate Management	The current budget for external audit fee does not reflect the scale fee advised by Public Sector Audit Appointments (£0.075m), along with the cost of the audit of the Housing Subsidy and Teachers' Pension Claims (£0.026m). Public Sector Audit Appointments have warned audit fees may increase by 150% from 2024/25.	E	3.	2 32	188	(0	O	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS PROMISES.
	TOTAL RESOURCES GROWTH						13	4 202	(28)		(40)	0	

Appendix C: Growth - Corporate Budgets and Chief Executive

Refere	nce Growth Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of why the growth is required	Essential (E) /	Full year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Link to Corporate Plan
						Discretionary (D)	impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	
								2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
							£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
CORPO	1G Transformation investment	Councillor Andrew	Contingency and	Contingency and	One-off funds set aside in the budget to invest in specific priorities.	D	(475	(475)	0	0	0	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS
		Johnson	Corporate	Corporate									PROMISES.
	TOTAL CONTINGENCY AND CORPORATE GROWTH						(475	(475)	0	0	0	

								2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
							£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
CEX01G	Chief Executive Salary	Councillor Andrew	Chief Executive	Chief Executive	Increase in remuneration to reflect market rates.	D	20	20	0	0	0	0	A COUNCIL TRUSTED TO DELIVER ITS
		Johnson											PROMISES.
	TOTAL CHIEF EXECUTIVE GROWTH						20	20	0	0	0	0	

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	EQIA required?
							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
AHH01S	Reablement for all	Councillor David	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Increase the capability of the reablement support services. This should allow individuals to remain at their	£'000 (1,300)	£000 (300)	£000 (500)	£000 (500)	£000	£000	Yes
AIIII013	neablement for all	Coppinger	Addits & Housing	Addit Social Care	homes and in the community for longer, delaying the need to move into residential settings. Will involve training partnerships with families, care providers, health partners and the wider community to secure	(1,300)	(300)	(300)	(300)	Ü	0	16
AHH02S	Right-sizing care with wider support	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	increased independence. A clearer focus on care packages which connect people to community and local activities which reducing the need for eligible support. Driven by both the strengths-based focus of the three-conversation model and a clear approach to independence. Will involve the use of assistive technology, wellbeing circles, Direct Payments and increased engagement with the community offer via a revised social care offer.	(750)	(250)	(250)	(250)	0	0	Yes
AHH03S	Long term independent living	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Develop and implement options to enable more people living with long-term challenges to live independently. This includes developing a shared lives scheme (where people with space in their homes can offer accommodation to those in need) and developing alternatives to residential placements.	(480)	(160)	(160)	(160)	0	0	Yes
AHH04S	Promote independence	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Two year project to review all care packages on a priority basis, in line with "right-sizing" care approach to ensure fairness across the system.	(500)	(250)	(250)	0	0	0	Yes
AHH05S	Extra care provision	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Refresh current contractual arrangements to match level of service currently required.	(50)	(50)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH06S	Top-up fees and choice policy	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Review application of current Adult Social Care policies in respect of choice and charging. For example, greater application of top-up fees when residents choose provision that is more expensive than the Council would ordinarily commission, or residents transition from self-funded to state funded care.	(350)	(150)	(200)	0	0	0	Yes
AHH07S	Charging recipients of Adult Social Care	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	The Council follows national guidance in charging recipients of adult social care, where they have the means to pay. However, charging is a complicated process so a greater emphasis on navigating these complexities and ensuring charges are raised in a timely manner should help families to plan better and reduce the impact of long-term debt to the council.	0	(350)	(350)	(350)	1,050	0	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
AHH08S	Review of partner contributions for support	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Work with partners to ensure that appropriate contributions such as CHC, winter pressures and other initiatives for social care improvement are effectively funded	(500)	(250)	(250)	0	0	0	Yes
AHH10S	Care Home Quality improvement offer	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Remove funding for officer, currently part of ICB service with other East Berks LA's	(34)	(34)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH11S	Provider Services	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Implement an electronic care and time management system within the CQC-regulated provider services to drive long-term efficiencies.	(215)	(215)	0	0	0	0	No - Different protected characteristics will not be disproportionately or differently impacted
AHH12S	Contract for support on external funding	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	The Council has previously engaged "Our Community Enterprise" to advise partners and stakeholders on accessing external funding. A review of this contract has determined performance standards have not been met, partly due to less funding opportunities being available. As such the contract will be ended from 1 April 2023.	(40)	(40)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH13S	Review safeguarding and QA arrangements	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Safeguarding	Review scope of roles and remits in light of Optalis and RBWM changes.	(74)	(74)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH14S	Domestic Abuse Accommodation Funding	Councillor Ross McWilliams	Adults & Housing	Housing	The Domestic Abuse Grant is an annual grant will be built into base budget to support the safe accommodation strategy action plan.	(177)	(177)	0	0	0	0	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
AHH15S	Improve utilisation of contracted accommodation for Temporary Accommodation	Councillor Ross McWilliams	Adults & Housing	Housing	Negotiate alternative use for some under-used accommodation as Temporary Accommodation.	(100)	(100)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH16S	Review of environmental health teams	Councillor David Cannon	Adults & Housing	Environmental Health	The service will be reviewed to ensure sufficient trained officers can support: the food business establishments within the legally set code of practice; residential units including HMOs; and statutory nuisances. In addition, the review will consider the external out of hours noise nuisance service contract which expires in March 2023.	(160)	(160)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH17S	Review Trading standards establishment	Councillor David	Adults & Housing	Trading Standards	which extires in warrn 2023. The service will be reviewed in light of two current vacancies to create a sustainable team able to support the annual programme of work and risk assessed spot inspections.	(47)	(47)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH18S	Line by line budget review	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	All	Review of budgets compared to last year's outturn has identified areas where budgets can be reduced. This includes items like a budget for subsidy loss on housing benefits that is no longer needed.	(411)	(411)	0	0	0	0	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
AHH19S	Review policies for access to care	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Establish strict needs based policy on access to nursing and residential capacity.	(1,200)	(1,000)	(200)	0	0	0	Yes
AHH21S	End IAG services for Older People	Councillor David	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Remove service working with residents to arrange payment to adult social care.	(31)	(31)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH22S	Move Meals on Wheels to fully costed model	Coppinger Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Residents currently pay for meals and council pays for delivery. Proposal to charge delivery to cover the costs of the service.	(20)	(20)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH23S	Reduce scale of services to carers	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Reduce volume of work with carers including review of respite contract.	(80)	(80)	0	0	0	0	Yes
AHH30S	Review Optalis agency use and establishment	Councillor David Coppinger	Adults & Housing	Adult Social Care	Review use of agency staff and establishment to give about 90% of current capacity, potentially resulting in increased waiting lists for some services and reduction in non-statutory tasks	(750)	(750)	0	0	0	0	Yes
	TOTAL ADULTS AND HOUSING SAVINGS					(7,269)	(4.899)	(2,160)	(1,260)	1,050	0	

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	EQIA required?
							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
CHI01S	Reduced contributions relating to the former Berkshire County Council Premature Retirement scheme	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Savings will be generated through reduced contributions to the scheme reflective of recent years.	(58)	(58)	0	0	0	C	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
CHI02S	Removal of the Children in Care estimated future demand	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Increased thresholds and greater challenge in respect of children in care placements.	(694)	(694)	0	0	0	С	Yes
CHI03S	Increased receipt of government grant receipts	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Increased receipt of specific grants for services.	(68)	(68)	0	0	0	O	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
CHI04S	Children in Care Placement Review	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Review of all Children in Care placements identifying where appropriate changes in provision and reduction in costs, whilst meeting the child's needs.	(1,875)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)	
CHI05S	Increased Children in Care accommodated within in- house, or by a return to family members	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Identify existing and new Children in Care placed with Independent Fostering Agencies that could be provided in-house, or by a return to family members.	(480)	` '	(100)	(100)	(100)	,,	Yes
CHI06S	employees	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Business Services	Prioritise the Workforce Development training budget to essential, statutory elements only.	(40)	` ,	0	0	0		Yes
CHI07S	, ,	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education	Home To School Transport provided at statutory level; current exceptional provision phased out over a 5 year plan.	(40)	, ,	(8)	(8)	(8)	,-,	Yes
CHI09S	Reduction in reliance on agency workers	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Recruitment of a dedicated Human Resources Recruitment specialist who will actively work with managers to reduce agency by supporting them in recruiting of permanent frontline staff.	(184)	(144)	(40)	0	0	C	No - Staffing changes will not result in redundancies/changes to role or impact on frontline
CHI10S	Removal of workforce retention initiatives	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Cease the Social Care & Early Help Stability Programme payments to employees including Refer a Friend and Stepping Up allowance schemes.	(170)	(170)	0	0	0	0	Yes
CHI12S	Reduction in reliance on External Legal Services	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Service to gate-keep use of external legal services and significantly restrict the use on a risk assessed basis.	(300)	(300)	0	0	0	C	Yes
CHI13S	Limit acceptance of National Transfer Scheme Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Only accept new National Transfer Scheme requests when the authority has the resources to keep them safe	. (500)	(500)	0	0	0	C	Yes
CHI14S	Reduction in the Education Welfare Service	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education	Remove existing traded service element of Education Welfare Service as they are new burdens that haven't been funded.	(128)	, ,	(53)	0	0		Yes
CHI15S	Reduction in the Youth Offending Service Team	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Review of the Youth Offending Service structure and priorities.	(40)	, ,	0	0	0		Yes
CHI16S	Reduction in the Admissions Service Team	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education	Review of the Admissions Service structure and priorities.	(40)	` ,	0	0	0		Yes
CHI17S	Reduction in the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Service Team	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education	Review of the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Service structure and priorities.	(40)	, ,	0	0	0		Yes
CHI18S	Review Special Educational Needs and Disabilities policies as part of Delivering Better Value	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Education	Savings driven out of local authorities cost base as a result of Delivering Better Value work and the transformation grant.	(250)	(250)	0	0	0	Ü	Yes
CHI19S	Reduction in the Business Support Service Team	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Business Support	Review of the Business Support structure moving to statutory processes only.	(170)	(170)	0	0	0	0	Yes
CHI20S	Removal of all non-statutory Family Hub services	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Review of the Family Hub structure with targeted group work for those not open to a social worker ceasing, leaving Health Visiting services as main offer.	(480)	(480)	0	0	0	C	Yes
CHI21S	Removal of Family Support Worker posts	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	Social Care & Early Help	Limit offer to vulnerable children to only time-limited interventions which reduce the immediate risk of serious harm. Reduce use of voluntary arrangements. Remove all posts that are not social work qualified and do not offer interventions such as life story work across CYPDS, Duty & Assessment and the Children in Care team; minimise externally funded interventions including respite and seek only to ensure current safety.	(110)	(110)	0	0	0	C	Yes
CH22S	National Insurance savings	Councillor Stuart Carroll	Children's Services	All	Savings from the decision to reduce the previous increase in employers National Insurance contributions.	(89)	(89)	0	0	0	O	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
	TOTAL CHILDREN'S SERVICES SAVINGS					(5,756)	(3,751)	(576)	(483)	(483)	(463)	

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Reference	e Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	EQIA required?
							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
GLS01S	Line-by-line review	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy	All	Review of budgets compared to last year's outturn has identified areas where budgets can be reduced. This includes items like printing and software, and also the expected decrease in national insurance.	(55)	(55)	0	0	0		No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
GLS02S	Council buildings waste contract	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy		Potential saving as service is being re-tendered and budgets are being centralised - exact figure not yet available as specification not yet determined	(10)	(10)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS05S	Review of facilities		Governance, Law and Strategy	Civic Team	Review of Facilities including: - rationalisation of Ways into Work posts - remove one facilities officer post. This would affect the day to day running of council buildings, cover for evening meetings may not be available. Impact would be particularly felt at times of corporate events e.g. elections where the team undertake significant additional hours moving equipment around the borough.	(37)	(37)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS07S	Documents in confidential storage	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Strategy	Electoral and Information Governance Services	Reduce budget by 10% for corporate access to documents stored in Iron Mountain	(2)	(2)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS08S	Twinning budget		Governance, Law and Strategy	Civic Team	Reduction in the community based activities that the Twinning Committee undertake; potential long term impact on the ability of the borough to host the Youth Sports Games (RBWM next due to host in 2024). The Twinning Committee has significant reserves and this is not the core business of the Council.	(5)	(5)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS09S	Townhall Budget & RBWM contribution to Lord Lieutenant office	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy		Reduce Town Hall ops budget by 10% and reduce RBWM contribution to Lord Lieutenant Berkshire cost of office by 10%.	(5)	(5)	0	0	0		No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
GLS10S	Deletion of Comms and Marketing Manager	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy		The strategic work of the comms manager would move to the head of service - workload pressure. The postholder is due to leave in Nov 2022, this post would be deleted from the establishment.	(89)	(89)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS12S	Corporate Performance Officer post	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy	Performance Team	This post is currently vacant - recruitment delayed for 1 year. This is a 0.4fte.	(15)	(15)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS13S	Subscription to Local Government Information Unit	Rayner	Governance, Law and Strategy		Subscription is not fully utilisised and can be ceased.	(11)	(11)	0	0	0	0	Yes
GLS14S	Corporate costs recharged		Governance, Law and Strategy	Public Health Grant	This is the internal recharge for the corporate costs of administering the Public Health Grant	(190)	(190)	0	0	0	-	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
	TOTAL GLS&PH SAVINGS					(418)	(418)	0	0	0	0	

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	EQIA required?
						ппрасс	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000				·		
PLA01S	Line-by-line review	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	All	Review of budgets compared to last year's outturn has identified areas where budgets can be reduced. This includes items like consultancy, staff public transport, training and also includes the decrease in national insurance.	(376	£000) (376)	£000	£000	£000 0	£000	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA02S	Highways Development Control service	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Increasing the size of the proposed in house team will allow a reduced amount of consultancy support to respond to planning applications, planning performance agreements and smaller S278 schemes which will allow more of the fees for these services to be retained by the council and therefore reduce the overall net cost to the council.	(50	(50)	C	C	0	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA03S	Public Transport Subsidies	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	S106 contribution towards support public transport subsidies. This is an one-off.	((350)	350	C	0	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA04S	Sustainability team projects	Councillor Donna Stimson	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	The Council has been successful in securing external grant funding and \$106 contributions towards sustainability projects (for example Carbon Offsetting contributions and Biodiversity Net Gain). The Council will ensure cost recovery of staff time for administration, project development and delivery.	(50	(50)	C	C	0	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA05S	Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspace income	Councillor Donna Stimson	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Use of Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspace income, received from S106 development to support funding of the Natural Environment team to deliver management, maintenance and projects on Allen's Field and review of fiture sites.	(30	(30)	C	C	0	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA06S	Operational changes in parks	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Review of the operation of parks including: - Provision of public conveniences and / or consideration of charging; - Closure of park gates; and / or utilisation of volunteers - Pets corner on Ray Mill island and whether there are alternative provision arrangements.	(50	(50)	С	С	0	() Yes
PLA07S	Review of parking enforcement near schools	Councillor Phil	Place	Neighbourhood	Review of service provided for 2 schools in the borough.	(11	(11)	С	С	0	(Yes
PLA08S	Parking subsidies	Haseler Councillor Phil	Place	Services Neighbourhood	Review policy of subsidised parking.	(67	(67)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA09S	Charging opportunities for car parking	Haseler Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Services Neighbourhood Services	Look at additional opportunities for charging for parking to cover the cost of operating, including: - Free parking on Sundays; and / or - Management of the Riverside car park.	(60	(60)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA10S	Cashless Parking expansion	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Increase use of cashless parking utilising the existing digital solution via RingGo app, resulting in a saving of service costs as well as the collection of cash. A pay-by-app method of payment for on- and off street parking will be introduced instead in some areas.	(60	(60)	С	С	0	() Yes
PLA11S	Income opportunities across Neighbourhood Services	Councillors Gurpreet Bhangra, McWilliams	Place	Neighbourhood Services	identification of areas where legitimate charges could be made to recover costs including: - Pavement licencing: - Cleansing and valeting services provided in car parks (currently only provided in Hines Meadow and Windsor Leisure Centre); - Licence vendors in key locations, parks, on streets; - Licence for private trainers using parks; and / or - Boat hire in Maidenhead through concession contract.	(50) (50)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA12S	Waste operational changes	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Review of waste services including: - Waste transfer station opening times; and / or - Introduce re-use "shop" at the household waste recycling centre.	(15	(15)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA13S	Place Service Transformation Programme	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Various	A Strategic review of Place Service structures, functions and alignment to the Corporate Plan. This programme steers away from service specific cuts that would be possible to achieve this value of savings and instead seeks a more overarching view of how the directorate should involve for the next three to five years.	(250) (250)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA14S	Contract efficiencies	Councillors Gurpreet Bhangra, Hasler, McWilliams	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Explore savings options and income generation within key contracts incl. Highways, Waste Disposal, Parking enforcement, grounds maintenance. Potential for amended specifications.	(90	(90)	C	C	0	(Yes
PLA15S	Parish council & Commercial Partnership	Councillor Gurpreet Bhangra	Place	Communities / Neighbourhoods /	Parish Council and other commercial organisation be approached to seek support funding as an income to reduce the net cost of community services.	(90	(90)	С	С	0	() Yes
PLA16S	Economic Growth Team	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Place	Partnerships Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Changes to the economic growth team budget to reduce town centre events budget, utilise UK Shared Prosperity Fund to support staff time for monitoring and project delivery. Realising the remaining cost savings from the Museum and Tourist Information Centre co-location at the Guildhall (such as Business Rates) as well as opportunities for income generation from stronger integration of existing services operating from the Guildhall and as a result of the Museum accreditation.	(115	(115)	C	C	o	() Yes
PLA17S	Climate Partnership funding	Councillor Donna Stimson	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Transport	Utilise carbon offsetting and biodiversity net gain fund to deliver projects through the Climate Partnership.	(100	(100)	C	C	0	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services

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							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
PLA18	Planning Performance Agreements	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place	Planning	Increase promotion of the benefits of Planning Performance Agreements and encourage greater uptake.	(66)	(66)	0	0	0		No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
PLA19	Planning Application fee	Councillor Phil Haseler	Place		Increase in fee income from planning application due to increased availability of land for development and improve clarity arising from the adoption of the Borough Local Plan.	(63)	(63)	0	0	0		No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
	TOTAL PLACE SAVINGS					(1,593)	(1,943)	350	0	0	0	

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	Part-year impact	EQIA required?
						£'000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	
RES01S	Line by line budget review	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	All	Review of budgets compared to last year's outturn has identified areas where budgets can be reduced. This includes items like corporate subscriptions, hire charges, staff public transport and the expected decrease in national insurance.	(275)			0	£000	2000	No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RES02S	Internal Audit	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	Finance	Internal Audit provision is no longer purchased from Wokingham and is now to be provided by SWAP Internal Audit Services at a cost of £0.350m per annum.	(38)	(38)	0	0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RES03S	Registrars income	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Resources	Revenues & Benefits	Income budget for the Registrars service adjusted to reflect continued strong performance (note a £100k one off saving was included in the 23/24 registrars budget). There are risks with this, as the demand for weddings remains uncertain post-pandemic, as does the trend for citizenship ceremonies post-Brexit. As such this will need to be kept under review.		(55)	0	0	С	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RES04S	Property assets	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	Property Services	The Council is due to vacate St Mary House in July 2023. Assuming any dilapidation costs are met from other budgets, this budget can be released. In addition the vacation of Clyde House is likely to be delayed a year resulting in a further year of rent from tenants.	(151)	(118)	(33)	0	С	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RESO5S	Corporate debt recovery	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	Council-wide	Excluding Adult Social Care (which is dealt with separately) and Housing Benefit overpayments there is approximately £4.500m of overdue debt. Most debt over a year old is already 100% provided for. A renewed focus to prevent debt becoming old could enable the Council to reduce bad debt provisions for a one-off benefit to the budget. Actions could include setting up of a specific Board with service representation to ensure appropriate debt recovery action is taken in a timely manner. The current bad debt provision for this debt is £1.900m so if this could be reduced by 10% there would be a one-off benefit to the budget.	C	(190)	190	o	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RESO6S	HR document management	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	The new HR system has an inbuilt document management system which will allow for the notice to be served on the current arrangement.	(5)	(5)	0	0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RESO7S	Telephony (mobile phone contract)	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	Revised contract for mobile phones has resulted in lower costs.	(75)	(75)	0	0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RES08S	DWP grant	Councillor Samantha Rayner	Resources	Library and Resident Services	In 2022/23 additional DWP grant was received for the "Youth Hub". This saving assumes the scheme runs again in 2023/24 and the Council is successful in an application.	(90)	(90)	0	0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RESO9S	Admin support	Councillor Andrew Johnson	Resources	All	Review of admin functions across the Council.	(45)			0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
RES10S	Staffing review in Resources	Councillor David Hilton	Resources	All	Review of current vacancies across the Directorate and options for alternative delivery. This will reduce capacity to support corporate programmes, etc.	(100)	(100)	0	0	C	(No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
	TOTAL RESOURCES SAVINGS					(834)	(991)	157	0	0		

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	EQIA required?
						impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	
							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
CORP01S	Line by line budget review	Councillor Andrew Johnson			Review of budgets compared to last year's outturn has identified areas where budgets can be reduced. This includes the expected decrease in national insurance.	(129)	(129)	0	C	0		No - Proposal will not affect front-line services
	TOTAL CONTINGENCY AND CORPORATE SAVINGS					(129)	(129)	0	0	0	0	

Reference	Saving Title	Portfolio holder	Directorate	Service Area	Description of how the saving will be achieved	Full year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	Part-year	EQIA required?
						impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	impact	
							2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	
						£'000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
CEX01S	National insurance	Chief Executive	Councillor Andrew	Chief Executive	Savings from the reversal of the NI increase.	(2)	(2)	0	C	0	0	No - Proposal will not
			Johnson									affect front-line services
	TOTAL CHIEF EXECUTIVE SAVINGS					(2)	(2)	0	0	0	0	

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Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH – 01S, 02S, 04S, 08S
Completed by: Optalis Date: 7 November 2022	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel Date 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Adult Social Care aims to promote well-being, increase, and maintain independence and ensure people with support needs have as much choice and control over their lives and care as possible. We are therefore, proposing to increase reablement services and strengthen our reviewing function to ensure consistent reviewing practice at the six-week review to ensure a clear focus remains on promoting an individual's well-being and increasing independence.

Reablement approaches are already used with each individual based on their needs with the ambition of recovering lost capabilities regardless of protected characteristics. We will review circumstances where an increase in care and support was provided for a short-term period but not reviewed and working with individuals and their carers/families to identify a range of ways to meet their needs.

Practice experience indicates that an individual's need for support is likely to reduce following the initial assessment. The service will follow a well-established process for carrying out the reviews and therefore, there is unlikely to be a negative impact on any protected characteristic.

The aim is to ensure that everyone with support needs receives care and support which is safe, personalised, and affordable. In addition, we have identified several people who have complex needs and who are currently supported by adult social care and subject to charging. We believe that for some people, these needs should be supported by the NHS via Continuing Health Care arrangements. This is a well- established process based on a joint assessment between health and social care practitioners. The joint assessment is carried out within the national Continuing Health Care guidance and is a statutory responsibility. The joint assessment of eligibility for Continuing Health Care is conducted under the same legal equalities framework as assessments for Social Care. If the person is assessed as not eligible for support via Continuing Health Care, the existing support package is continued.

How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
within this proposal?	impact	impact

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Adults & Housing

	How might these characteristics affect		
	the impact of the proposal?		
	the impact of the proposar.	(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The reablement work and reviews will be	x	,
7.00	undertaken with individuals and will not		
	focus on, or be primarily differentiated,		
	by a person's age or disability. However,		
	this will only be relevant to people who		
	receive support from adult social care.		
	Each person will be part of a review to		
	identify support needs and ways of		
	meeting those needs in a personalised		
	and cost-effective way. This is a statutory		
	responsibility and will be paramount in		
	any consideration. A service which safely		
	reduces people's reliance on high levels		
	of care through smarter working will have		
	better outcomes for the person. The joint		
	assessment of eligibility for Continuing		
	Health Care is conducted within		
	equalities legislation. Review of these		
	arrangements will impact on older or		
	disabled people receiving a support		
	package from Adult Social Care. There are		
	only two outcomes from the reviews;		
	either the support package continues to		
	be provided by adult social care or some		
	or all of it is delivered by the NHS. The		
	latter outcome will reduce or remove any		
	direct cost to the individual and there is		
51 Lilli	no adverse impact		
Disability	These reviews will be undertaken with	Х	
	individuals and will not focus on, or be		
	primarily differentiated, by a person's age		
	or disability. However, these reviews will		
	only be relevant to people who receive support from adult social care. Each		
	person will be part of a review to identify support needs and ways of meeting those		
	needs in a safe, personalised, and cost-		
	effective way. This is a statutory		
	responsibility and will be paramount in		
	any consideration. A service which safely		
	reduces people's reliance on high levels		
	of care through smarter working will have		
	better outcomes for the person. The joint		
	assessment of eligibility for Continuing		
	Health Care is conducted within		
	equalities legislation. Review of these		

	arrangements will impact on older or disabled people receiving a support package from Adult Social Care. There are only two outcomes from the reviews; either the support package continues to be provided by adult social care or some or all of it is delivered by the NHS. The latter outcome will reduce or remove any direct cost to the individual and there is no adverse impact.	
Sex	n/a	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a	
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	n/a	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put	in
place to mitigate or minimise it?	

None identified as needs as defined in the Care Act 2014 would continue to be met.

Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH - 03S, 05S
Completed by: Optalis	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel
Date: 7 November 2022	Date 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Implement Shared Lives scheme - Shared Lives is an initiative whereby people with space in their homes invite people to live with them and be supported.

These schemes are regulated by the Care Quality Commission, have a local infrastructure and are subject to a high level of monitoring. The scheme enables people with support needs to live in someone's home with the person supporting them, and the person supporting is paid for the use of the house and the support provided. These arrangements are flexible and work well for many people, but also are more flexible, personalised and cost effective than more traditional placements in care settings for people with support needs. We want to expand our shared lives offer from the current 5 people.

Shared Lives will offer a positive accommodation/support choice to people to broaden the range of support options. Those people who wish to use Shared Lives will have chosen to do so and will be fully engaged in any process of matching them with shared lives carers. Shared Lives places are offered under a CQC regulation framework and local monitoring to ensure that they meet people's needs. Shared lives carers are assessed and vetted prior to acceptance on the scheme and receive regular support from the Shared Lives service.

The current contractual arrangements for Extra Care will be reviewed to meet actual current needs and, as they are based on individual needs, will account for needs arising from any protected characteristics.

How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
within this proposal?	impact	impact
How might these characteristics affect		
the impact of the proposal?		
	(Tick where	(Tick where
(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)

Age	Shared Lives will offer a positive accommodation/support choice to people. Those people who wish to use shared lives will have chosen to do so and will be fully engaged in any process of matching them with shared lives carers. Shared Lives places are offered under a CQC regulation framework and local monitoring to ensure that they meet people's needs.	x	
Disability	Shared Lives will offer a positive accommodation/support choice to people. Those people who wish to use shared lives will have chosen to do so and will be fully engaged in any process of matching them with shared lives carers. Shared Lives places are offered under a CQC regulation framework and local monitoring to ensure that they meet people's needs.	x	
Sex	n/a		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a		
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a		
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a		
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a		
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	n/a		

Where a poten	al negative impact h	nas been ide	ntified, what m	easures would be	e put in
place to mitiga	e or minimise it?				
None identified.					

Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH6S
Completed by: Optalis Date: 7 November 2022	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel Date 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

This refers to the full implementation of the Council's policy on implementing the Care Act 2014 in respect of people in residential and nursing accommodation. The policy was approved by Full Council in December 2019 and can be found at the following link Report template (moderngov.co.uk)

The Royal Borough has a statutory duty, under the Care Act 2014, to meet the eligible support needs of adults in the borough. This includes becoming responsible for funding people who have moved into a registered care home in the borough and who subsequently run out of money, and people who have been assessed as no longer eligible for NHS Continuing Health Care.

Usually, the costs that individuals or the NHS pay for care costs is more than the Royal Borough would usually pay for similar support needs. Whilst the council will always try to negotiate with the current care home to reduce the costs, in most cases, the council exercises its discretion and allows the person to stay in the care home, paying a higher rate than it would for people who have care originally commissioned by the council.

The approach, consistent with practice in other local authorities, is to set a personal budget equal to the cost of the council meeting the person's needs in a care home with a suitable place available. The council would then negotiate with the current provider based on the amount of the personal budget with a view to only funding the person in a care home at that level, or lower.

In addition, there are people who approach the local authority to fund the cost of their new eligible care needs in a nursing or residential care because they do not have the funding to pay for it. In these cases, the local authority will set a personal budget at the amount that a placement is available that can meet the person's needs. If the person, or their family, chooses a more costly placement then the person will have to find a third party to top up their personal budget to the increased amount.

In all cases, the "wellbeing" principle of the Care Act will apply, e.g., if there is sufficient medical evidence to suggest that moving a person would be significantly detrimental to their wellbeing, then the council will allow the person to stay in their current care home and pay a higher rate.

The approach is in line with the Care Act 2014 and will ensure that all people are treated equitably and there is sufficient funding available to meet assessed social care needs for all eligible residents.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A') The approach is in line with the Care Act 2014 and will ensure that all people are treated equitably and there is sufficient funding available to meet assessed social care needs for all eligible residents. In all cases, the person's assessed needs will be met, and the well-being principle will apply.	relevant)	reievant)
Disability	The approach is in line with the Care Act 2014 and will ensure that all people are treated equitably and there is sufficient funding available to meet assessed social care needs for all eligible residents. In all cases, the person's assessed needs will be met, and the well-being principle will apply.		
Sex	n/a		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a		
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a		
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a		
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a		

Considerations e.g., low				
income, poverty				
Where a notential nega	ative impact has been identi	fied what measur	res would k	ne nut in
place to mitigate or mi		iica, wiiat iiicasai	es would k	e put III
n/a				

Socio-economic

n/a

Service area:	Voluntary Sector
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH12S
Completed by: Jesal Dhokia	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel
Date: 21 November 2022	Date: 21 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements
- To allow the contract with Our Community Enterprise (OCE) to come to its natural end on the 31 March 2023
- The contract is partially funded and although it will affect some of the voluntary sector organisations that have worked with OCE
- No, it does not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect		
	the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	There are a number of organisations that		x
	work with the community across all ages.		
	Many of these group deliver their own		
	fundraising and submit their own grant		
	applications to external funders without any		
	support from bid writing organisaitons. The		
	new way of working with our communities		
	through asset based community development		
	(ABCD) solutions will continue to drive and		
	build resilience. The ABCD approach will		
	reach out to the more disdvantaged		
	communtities, the innovation fund will		
	continue to support individuals to wish to		
	deliver community based solutions and would		
	not require a fundraising orgainsation for this.		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Adults & Housing

	Support to VCS groups will continue through the Community Team within Place and other various development officers within RBWM	
Disability	The disability forum is a membership forum and does not apply for external funds. RBWM will continue to work with Maidenhead Football Club and Maidenhead Magpies to support groups with disabilities. A new Sports Development Officer is in post who will look to support organisations and support funding applications alongside the community team such as Recharge and Rockets Wheelchair Basketball	x
Sex	n/a	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	Organisations that have supported residents from various faith orgainsation have not used OCE services to apply for their grants.	х
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a	
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	n/a	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

OCE were part funded, the other area of funding relied on their success rate and charged a consultancy fee to the group. The organisation would continue this model with voluntary sector organisations and charge a consultancy fee based on the success of external grant funding. There is also a new sports development officer is in place who will support organisations on bid writing where is related to health and wellbeing including sports projects. The officer will work closely with the community service team to develop asset-based community development initiatives to build on community resilience and community engagement across RBWM. Although there is a negative impact on some of the groups who used OCE, the community team have the skills to support organisations to apply to funding pots and external grant.

Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Directorate.	Addis & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH13S
Completed by: Optalis	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel
Date: 7 October 2022	Date 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

This EQIA is in response to a saving proposal to restructure the safeguarding and quality assurance service.

The intended outcome of these savings proposals is to ensure that a balanced budget can be set for Adult Social Care while retaining appropriate overview of adult and children's safeguarding.

It is proposed to reduce the Safeguarding team by 1.0 FTE and cease the role of RBWM principal social worker. The multi-agency partnership has a strong base, supported by external scrutiny, to retain effective oversight.

The planned introduction of CQC inspections has changed the requirement for RBWM to have a clear assessment of service quality, separate from the practice improvement resourced and operated by Optalis

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	The safeguarding arrangements need to ensure that sufficient time is given to age related safeguarding concerns.		x

Disability	The safeguarding arrangements need to ensure that sufficient time is given to disability related safeguarding concerns.	х
Sex	n/a	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a	
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	n/a	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in		
place to mitigate or minimise it?		
A clear set of priorities will be developed to ensure that the risks identified here are managed.		

Service Area:	Housing, Environmental Health & Trading Standards
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number	AHH16S and AHH17S
Completed by: Tracy Hendren	Approved by Kevin McDaniel
Date: 22 November 2022	Date: 22 November 2022

What is the purpose of this budget proposal?

- What are its intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

The intended outcome of these savings is to ensure a balanced budget can be for the local authority by reducing the staffing costs by 10% within Housing, Environmental Health and Trading Standards

The staff savings proposed are from within existing teams with the intention of remaining professional colleagues cross-skilling for the same functions which are delivered to any resident as needed.

All services are statutory or regulated services and therefore, peaks in demand will be impacted with responses times being stretched and potential challenges with capacity.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	Increased waiting times for households requesting a statutory service where there is an increase in demand.		х
Disability	Increased waiting times for households requesting a statutory service where there is an increase in demand.		х

Sex	n/a	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a	
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g. low income, poverty	n/a	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

Detailed consultation with the affected staff to find the combination of changes which minimises the impact of the proposals.

Service area:	ASC
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH19S
Completed by: Helen Sargeant Dar Date: 8 November 2022	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

To reduce the number of nursing/residential placements by approx. 50 to remain within budget – reduction of Spot Placements from 125 to 75.

The action required would be to only support new placements based on the highest level of risk over a significant period to balance the current budget. This would mean people remaining in hospital or in the community until a bed is available. Nursing placements would be affected as this is the biggest budget pressure.

Individuals, families, the hospital trust would all be affected. Discharges from hospital would be delayed further, increasing the chance of challenge from the Trust. Individuals and families would be affected having to care for their relative until a placement became available.

We have a statutory duty to assess and meet the needs of individuals who are eligible under the Care Act 2014. If we were unable to meet the needs of individuals who have been assessed, we would be in breach of this duty.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	Mostly affecting older people in need of Nursing or Residential Care. Delays in transfer of care from hospital could create Safeguarding issues – the level of		Х

	deterioration for older people remaining in hospital increases disproportionally on a daily basis and signifcantly affects mobility, cognition, general health and exposure to hospital borne illness including sepsis and Covid. People needing res/nursing care in a community setting would not have their assessed needs met in a timely way and the stress on carers (formal and family) would be extreme and expensive (eg increase in domiciliary support needed). Some people would end up in hospital because of carer breakdown.	
Disability	As above	Х
Sex		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief		
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment		
Pregnancy and Maternity		
Marriage and Civil Partnership		
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty		

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The proactive focus on returning home with the right support could enable many more people to remain in their own homes rather than taking the step to residential accommodation.

Service area:	ASC
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH – 10S, 22S, 23S
Completed by: Helen Sargeant Dar	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel
Date: 8 November 2022	Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Reduce or remove services/increase charge:

- 1. To removed support for the Care Home Quality improvement service
- 2. To charge delivery fee on each meal provided by Meals on Wheels which would cover the actual cost
- 3. Reduce volume of work with carers including review of respite contract

Most of the above is preventative work supporting people to be independent longer and/or to be supported to gain skills and employment.

Individuals, carers, and families will be affected by the proposals, including vital preventative support e.g., Meals on Wheels is not just about feeding someone, it is also a monitoring system and helps to prevent loneliness and isolation.

Carers save public money by caring for family members themselves and if respite is withdrawn the service may pick up people who would otherwise have been cared for without statutory intervention. Carer stress likely to be exacerbated.

The above are not strictly statutory service. The Care Act, however, places emphasis on preventing, reducing, or delaying needs (for statutory/long-term support). We have a duty under the Care Act to support Carers and meet their eligible needs.

The Care Home Quality Support service has been focussed on helping Care Homes to recognise the diversity and individual needs of residents as part of their core business. The reduction in this service may result in less inclusive practice in some lower quality provisions.

Equality Impact Analysis

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal? (If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	People will lose much needed support to sustain themselves or their cared-for. It will impact the ability to be independent for as long as possible without the need for statutory provision. Potentially people will need care and support earlier. There maybe increasing pressure for families to place relatives into long term residential care.		X
Disability	As above. An already disadvantaged group inclding life-expectancy, increased ill-health factors would be further disadvantaged by having employment/skills opportunities removed.		Х
Sex			
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief			
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment			
Pregnancy and Maternity			
Marriage and Civil Partnership			
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty			

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

People may choose alternative meal arrangements e.g., frozen meal delivery or a change in the overall package of care to ensure safety.

Carers may continue to care with less support, and other groups may offer different types of help.

Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH21S, AHH20S
Completed by: Optalis	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel
Date: 10 November 2022	Date: 10 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

These proposals include the following:

AHH21S – End the Information and Advice Service provided under contract with Age Concern Slough and Berkshire East. This is a targeted service and one that supports the council to unblock debts by supporting people to organise their finances. This would have an impact on the council's ability to recover adult social care debt.

AHH20S – Terminate the contract with the Advocacy People mid-term thus ending the support to the Learning Disability Partnership Board and support for the peer advocacy group for people with a learning disability. This would negatively impact on the ability of people with a learning disability in terms of them being able to shape the services that support them.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	Ceasing the contract to support older people with their finances would have a negative impact on people and would also reduce the council's ability to recover debts.		х
Disability	Ceasing the support for people with a learning disability to self-advocate and for the Learning Disability Partnership Board would impact on people being able to shape the services that support them.		x

Sex	n/a	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a	
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	Ceasing the contract to support older people with their finances would have a negative impact on people and would also reduce the council's ability to recover debts.	x

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in
place to mitigate or minimise it?
None identified beyond existing support such as that provided by the CAB.

Service area:	Adult Social Care
Directorate:	Adults & Housing
Budget proposal reference number/s:	AHH30S
Completed by: Optalis Date: 7 October 2022	Approved by: Kevin McDaniel Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

The intended outcome of these savings proposals is to ensure that a balanced budget can be set for Adult Social Care.

Residents will be negatively impacted as will staff who choose to stay employed by Optalis. The delivery of ASC will be impacted to the detriment of Optalis and the Council.

Statutory timescales will not be met as specified in the Care Act 2014.

Agency worker freeze

Optalis competes with other local authorities in a limited pool of staff and, as it offers less favourable terms and conditions, often must rely on temporary staff through agencies to cover vacancies. Not being able to use agency staff will have an impact on waiting times for residents and morale on existing staff with increased workloads.

Reduce staffing by 10% in all adult social care teams

As above, capacity is already stretched in teams with waiting lists. This proposal will further increase waiting lists and decrease moral. It may involve redundancies across Optalis.

10 days enforced unpaid leave for all staff

Further increasing waiting lists and reducing morale, this is effectively a 5% pay cut for all staff when inflation is high. Other LAs are giving staff pay increases which will widen the gap between the borough and other employers.

Staffing pay freeze

As above, in addition to the 5% pay cut, this will further widen the gap between what other employers pay and Optalis. It will inevitably lead to staff finding jobs in other boroughs.

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Adults & Housing

	1		
	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	Increased waiting times for people for assessment and care to be put in place with risks of not complying with the Care Act 2014.		х
Disability	Increased waiting times for people for assessment and care to be put in place with risks of not complying with the Care Act 2014.		х
Sex	n/a		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	n/a		
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	n/a		
Pregnancy and Maternity	n/a		
Marriage and Civil Partnership	n/a		
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	Optalis already has less favourable terms and conditions compared to ASC staff in other boroughs. Some staff are already reporting that they are struggling to meet the costs of rising inflation.		X

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

Detailed consultation with the affected staff to find the combination of changes which minimises the impact of the proposals.

Service area:	Placements & Fostering Services
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI02S/CHI04S/CHI05S
Completed by: James Norris	Approved by: James Norris
Date: 14 November 2022	Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Containment of the Children in Care estimated future demand

Increased thresholds and greater challenge in respect of children in care placements. The proposal will impact on children not in care. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Children in Care Placement Review

Implementation of Child-by-Child Savings Plan identifying planned moves and/or rate reductions. This should result in provision more appropriately meet the child's needs. The proposal will impact on children in care. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Children in Care accommodated within in-house provision

Identify existing and new Children in Care placed with Independent Fostering Agencies that could be provided in-house, or by a return to family members. The proposal will impact on children in care. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The Placements & Fostering saving does		
	impact on this protected characteristic,		
	however, children will be supported as		
	set		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

	out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Disability	N/A	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	The Placements & Fostering saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	The Placement & Fostering saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The Placements & Fostering saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The Placements & Fostering Service saving will be met through child by child reviewing and assessment of Children in Care packages, identifying any changes needs. This saving has been partly matched by a growth item highlighting the risk that the pressure will materialise whilst corrective mitigation is undertaken.

Service area:	Business Support
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI06S/CHI07S/CHI16S/CHI19S
Completed by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Reduction in workforce development training for employees

Prioritise Workforce Development Training budget to essential, statutory elements only. The proposal will impact on employees operating in non-essential, statutory services. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Home to School Transport provided at statutory levels

Home To School Transport provided at statutory level; current exceptional provision phased out over a 5-year plan. The proposal will impact pupils receiving non statutory provision. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Reduction in the Admissions Service Team

Review of the Admissions Service structure. The proposal will impact on employees within the Admissions Service Team. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Reduction in the Business Support Service Team

Review of the Business Support structure moving to statutory processes only. The proposal will impact on employees within the Business Support Service Team. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

Age	The Business Services savings will not materially impact on this protected characteristic. The Home to School Transport saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, future pupils will still be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Disability	The Home to School Transport saving does not impact on this protected characteristic as they are supported through a separate budget.	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The Home to School Transport saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, future pupils will still be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The Business Services savings will be driven through process savings and efficiencies whilst ensuring statutory responsibilities are met, however, inevitably there may be some reduction in service response rates.

Service area:	Education Services
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI14S
Completed by: Clive Haines Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Education Welfare Service

Remove existing traded service element of Education Welfare Service as they are new burdens that haven't been funded. However, that is a high-risk reputational decision for the Council.

The outcomes are that the Education Welfare Service will be funded directly. The new Working together to improve school attendance guidance makes it a statutory duty that the Attendance support meetings (One per full term for every maintained, special, and independent school in the borough), case work for severely absent and support /signposting for persistently absent pupils be provided free of charge to schools.

Who will be affected by the proposal?

The Education Welfare Officers, admin support and manager

Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

If not supported, we would not be fulfilling the statutory duties that will be coming into force September 2023.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tiek whore	/Tiek whore
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	The Education Welfare Service saving does impact on this protected characteristic,		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

Disability	however, pupils will still be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities. N/A	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	The Education Welfare Service saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, pupils will still be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The Education Welfare Service saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, pupils will still be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The Academy Conversion saving will be met through negotiations with the DfE highlighting the improvements made at the school and the expected ongoing positive outcomes for pupils following the intervention programme managed by the local authority. This saving has been matched by a growth item highlighting the risk that the pressure will materialise whilst corrective mitigation is undertaken.

Service area:	Social Care & Early Help
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI10S/CHI15S/CHI20S/CHI21S
Completed by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: James Norris 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Workforce retention initiatives

Cease Social Care & Early Help Stability Programme including Refer a Friend, Stepping Up Allowances. The proposal will impact on employees within the Social Care & Early Help Service. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Reduction in the Youth Offending Service Team

Review of the Youth Offending Service structure. The proposal will impact on employees within the Youth Offending Service Team. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Cease all non-statutory Family Hub services

Review of the Family Hub structure with a reduction of 50%; targeted group work for those do not open to a social worker will cease, leaving Health Visiting services as main offer. The proposal will impact on employees within the Family Hub Service Team. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Removal of Family Support Worker posts

Limit offer to vulnerable children to only time-limited interventions which reduce the immediate risk of serious harm. Reduce use of voluntary arrangements. Remove all posts that are not social work qualified and do not offer interventions such as life story work across CYPDS, Duty & Assessment and the Children in Care team; minimise externally funded interventions including respite and seek only to ensure current safety. The proposal will impact Family Support Worker. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

influence the needs of individuals po	Potential Positive mpact	Potential negative impact
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Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
		relevant)	relevant)
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')		
Age	The Social Care & Early Help saving does		
	impact on this protected characteristic,		
	however, children will be supported as		
	set		
	out in accordance with statutory		
	responsibilities.		
Disability	The Social Care & Early Help saving does		
	impact on this protected characteristic,		
	however, children will be supported as		
	set		
	out in accordance with statutory		
	responsibilities.		
Sex	N/A		
Dana Ethalaista and	The Conied Cours Of Fourth Holes considered and		
Race, Ethnicity and	The Social Care & Early Help saving does		
Religion/Belief	impact on this protected characteristic,		
	however, children will be supported as		
	set		
	out in accordance with statutory		
	responsibilities.		
Sexual Orientation and	N/A		
Gender Reassignment			
Pregnancy and	The Social Care & Early Help saving does		
Maternity	impact on this protected characteristic,		
·····cy	however, children will be supported as		
	set		
	out in accordance with statutory		
	responsibilities.		
Marriage and Civil	N/A		
Partnership			
rarthership			
Socio-economic	The Social Care & Early Help saving does		
Considerations e.g., low	impact on this protected characteristic,		
income, poverty	however, children will be supported as		
	set		
	out in accordance with statutory		
	responsibilities.		

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

The Social Care & Early Help savings will be driven through process savings and efficiencies whilst ensuring statutory responsibilities are met, however, inevitably there may be some reduction in service response rates.

Additionally, consultation with key stakeholder groups will enable prioritisation of activities to ensure the most valued continue within the reduced resource.

Service area:	External Legal Services
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI12S
Completed by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: James Norris Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

External Legal Services

Service to gate-keep use of external legal services and restrict use to limited budget on a risk assessed basis. The proposal will impact on the external legal service provider and Social Care & Early Help staff. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The External Legal Services saving does impact on this protected characteristic, children and families will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.		
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	The External Legal Services saving does impact on this protected characteristic, children and families will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	The External Legal Services saving does impact on this protected characteristic, children and families will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The External Legal Services saving does impact on this protected characteristic, children and families will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The External Legal Services saving will be met through discussions with the current provider to increase practice improvements and deliver efficiencies in value for money. This will be coupled with changes within internal processes to access External Legal Services. This saving has been matched by a growth item highlighting the risk that the pressure will materialise whilst corrective mitigation is undertaken.

Service area:	National Transfer Scheme
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI13S
Completed by: James Norris	Approved by: James Norris
Date: 14 November 2022	Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Limit acceptance of National Transfer Scheme Unaccompanied Asylum-Seeking Children
Only accept new National Transfer Scheme requests when the authority has the resources to keep
them safe. The proposal will impact on Unaccompanied Asylum-Seeking Children who are not

registered with RBWM. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal? (If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	The National Transfer Scheme saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	receasing	reievanity
Disability	N/A		
Sex	The National Transfer Scheme saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

	out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	The National Transfer Scheme saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The National Transfer Scheme saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The National Transfer Scheme saving will be met through discussions with the home Office government department in respect of the volume of young people being accommodated within the Borough and future directed transfers. This saving has been matched by a growth item highlighting the risk that the pressure will materialise whilst corrective mitigation is undertaken.

Service area:	Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Services
Directorate:	Children's Services
Budget proposal reference number/s:	CHI17S/ CHI18S
Completed by: James Norris	Approved by: James Norris
Date: 14 November 2022	Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Reduction in the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Service Team

Review of the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Service structure. The proposal will impact on the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Service Team staff. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

Review Special Educational Needs and Disabilities policies as part of Delivering Better Value Savings driven out of local authorities cost base because of Delivering Better Value work and transformation grant. The proposal will impact on the Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Services. This will not conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The Special Educational Needs & Disabilities saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.		
Disability	The Special Educational Needs & Disabilities saving does impact on this protected characteristic, however, children will be supported as set out in accordance with		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Children's Services

	statutory responsibilities.	
Sex	N/A	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic	The Special Educational Needs &	
Considerations e.g.,	Disabilities	
low income, poverty	saving does impact on this protected	
	characteristic, however, children will be	
	supported as set out in accordance with statutory responsibilities.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Services savings will be driven through process savings and efficiencies whilst ensuring statutory responsibilities are met, however, inevitably there may be some reduction in service response rates.

Service area:	Governance
Directorate:	Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health
Budget proposal reference number/s:	GLS015 GLS025 GLS055 GLS065 GLS 075 GLS085 GLS155
Completed by: ED/KS Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: ED Date: 14 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

These budgets in these areas primarily consist of staff so to achieve the cash limited budget we have focussed on reducing levels of service in areas that present less risk to the Council in not being able to fulfil its statutory duties.

Key outcomes;

- To focus resource on maintaining key governance to an acceptable standard so that a level
 of assurance can continue to be provided to the Council on the Annual Governance
 Statement.
- To ensure that statutory obligations in respect of meetings, access to information, information management can be met.

Affected Groups; Staff and members, recipients of Twinning Committee community-based activities (e.g., Youth Games)

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration		
	A reduction in Members' allowances may discourage individuals with this		x

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health

	protected characteristic from putting themselves forward as candidates	
	The proposal would potentially affect individuals with this protected characteristic if the Mayor or Deputy Mayor had this protected characteristic; the removal of the	X
	Mayor's car would mean they would need to travel to civic functions independently	х
	The reduction in funding to the Twinning Committee may affect future opportunities for young people to attend events such as the Youth Games	
Disability	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	
	A reduction in Members' allowances may discourage individuals with this protected characteristic from putting themselves forward as candidates	X
	The proposal would potentially affect individuals with this protected characteristic if the Mayor or Deputy Mayor had this protected characteristic; the removal of the Mayor's car would mean they would need to travel to civic functions independently	X
Sex	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health

Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	
	A reduction in Members' allowances may discourage individuals with this protected characteristic from putting themselves forward as candidates	X
	The proposal would potentially affect individuals with this protected characteristic if the Mayor or Deputy Mayor had this protected characteristic; the removal of the Mayor's car would mean they would need to travel to civic functions independently	x
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A - Service reviews will not use this protected characteristic as a relevant consideration	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A A reduction in Members' allowances may discourage individuals with this protected characteristic from putting themselves forward as candidates	х

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?		

Service area:	Communications
Directorate:	Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health
Budget proposal reference number/s:	GLS10S GLS11S
Completed by: ED	Approved by:
Date: 9 November 2022	Date

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

These budgets in these areas primarily consist of staff so achieve the cash limited budget we have focussed on reducing levels of service in areas that present less risk to the Council in not be able to fulfil its statutory duties.

Key outcomes;

- To focus resource on maintaining key governance to an acceptable standard so that a level of assurance can continue to be provided to the Council on the Annual Governance Statement.
- To ensure that statutory obligations in respect of meetings, access to information, information management can be met.

The proposal is to delete a post and to withdraw "Around the Royal Borough" from publication.

The deletion of the communications and marketing manager post has no equality impact.

The removal of Around the Royal Borough would impact on those currently receiving the magazine who are unable to access material from the Council in any other way.

		,
How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
within this proposal?	impact	impact
How might these characteristics affect		
the impact of the proposal?		
	(Tick where	(Tick where
(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health

Age	Some customers of advanced years may not be able to access and sign up to the newsletter online.	Х
Disability	Some people who live with disabilities may not be able to access and sign up to the newsletter online.	Х
Sex		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief		
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment		
Pregnancy and Maternity		
Marriage and Civil Partnership		
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty		

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

The communications team will continue to promote the digital newsletter which is currently weekly.

Customers who require assistance to access the email newsletter online can visit the libraries for assistance.

Where necessary a copy may be printed locally but the instances of this will need to be monitored as this would impact on the potential cost saving.

Community champions have also been created since the pandemic and information is shared with them from the communications team which can then be cascaded to the community via different channels.

The communications team also share information with the parish councils for them to cascade with their audiences.

Service area:	Strategy, Performance, Policy, Procurement
Directorate:	Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health
Budget proposal reference number/s:	GLS12S GLS13S
Completed by: ED	Approved by:
Date: 9 November 2022	Date

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

These budgets in these areas primarily consist of staff so achieve the cash limited budget we have focussed on reducing levels of service in areas that present less risk to the Council in not be able to fulfil its statutory duties.

Key outcomes;

- To focus resource on maintaining key governance to an acceptable standard so that a level of assurance can continue to be provided to the Council on the Annual Governance Statement.
- To ensure that statutory obligations in respect of meetings, access to information, information management can be met.

The removal of the post will impact on other team members and the wider organisation in relation to information being used to make decisions. The subscriptions will impact on the whole organisation.

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	N/A		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Governance, Law Strategy and Public Health

Disability	N/A	
Sex	N/A	
SCA		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in		
place to mitigate or minimise it?		

Service area:	Neighbourhood services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA06S
Completed by: Naomi Markham	Approved by: Alysse Strachan
Date: 15 November 2022	Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Review of the operation of parks including:

- Provision of public conveniences and / or consideration of charging.
- Closure of gates
- Pets corner on Ray Mill island and whether there are alternative provision arrangements.

All the above options are subject to a service review taking place to look at alternative methods of provision including engagement with parishes, community groups, the business community and interested members of the public to look at ways of providing these services differently.

None of the services are statutory requirements.

If any of the options result in a closure or reduction in facilities this may have an impact on all park users including residents and visitors to the borough but at this point no impact on any group with a protected characteristic has been identified.

As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
within this proposal?	impact	impact
How might these characteristics affect		
the impact of the proposal?		
	(Tick where	(Tick where
(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)

Age	N/A	
Disability	N/A	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA07S
Completed by: Neil Walter Date: 15 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Review of parking enforcement near schools

- Review of service provided for 2 schools in the borough.
- Schools to be confirmed as part of the review.
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?	(Tick where	(Tick where
Age	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A') N/A	relevant)	relevant)
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A		

Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA08S
Completed by: Neil Walter	Approved by: Alysse Strachan
Date: 15 November 2022	Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Review of parking subsidies

- Review of parking subsidies including:
 - Staff parking
 - Electric vehicles
 - Christmas period
 - Volunteers
- Potentially staff, electric vehicle owners, volunteers, and car park users to be confirmed as part of the review. Does not impact disabled parking
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals	Potential positive	Potential negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	N/A		
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		

Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA09S
Completed by: Neil Walter	Approved by: Alysse Strachan
Date: 15 November 2022	Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Charging opportunities for car parking

- Look at additional opportunities for charging for parking to cover the cost of operating, including:
 - Free parking on Sundays and on Bank Holidays
 - Out of town car parks
 - Parkes and open space parking
 - Management of the Riverside car park Businesses these potential income streams would not be directly from the public
- Some/ all car park users. Does not impact disabled parking.
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	N/A		
Disability	N/A		

Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA08S
Completed by: Neil Walter Date: 15 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Removal of pay & display machines

- Removal of pay & display machines across the borough, resulting in a saving of service costs as well as the collection of cash. A pay-by-app method of payment for on and off-street parking will be introduced instead.
- Some/ all on street parking and car park users.
- No conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The proposal would potentially make		
	it difficult to obtain a pay and display		*
	ticket with cash without having to		
	walk further than previously		
Disability	The proposal would potentially make		*
	it difficult to obtain a pay and display		
	ticket with cash without having to		
	walk further than previously		
Sex	N/A		

Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?

Retain several machines where card payments can still be made. Keep distances between available machines to a minimum where possible but especially in shopping areas. Signage to direct users to the nearest machine to be in place. There is no need for an App to be used as a normal phone can be used to pay for parking.

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA11S
Completed by: Chris Wheeler Date: 14 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Income Opportunities across Neighbourhood Services

- Identification of areas where legitimate charges could be made to recover costs including:
 - Pavement licencing
 - Cleansing and valeting services provided in car parks (currently only provided in Hines Meadow and Windsor Leisure Centre)
 - Licence vendors in key locations, parks, on streets
 - Licence for private trainers using parks
 - Boat hire in Maidenhead through concession contract
- Businesses these potential income streams would not be directly from the public
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	N/A		
Disability	N/A		

Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA12S
Completed by: Naomi Markham Date: 15 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Waste operational changes

- Review of waste services including:
 - Further initiatives on waste reduction and increased recycling
 - Waste transfer station opening times
 - Introduce re-use "shop" at the household waste recycling centre
- Some/ all residents to be confirmed as part of review
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	N/A		
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		

Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Place Service
Directorate:	Place Service
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA13S
Completed by: Andrew Durrant Date: 11 November 2022	Approved by: Andrew Durrant Date: 11 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Place Service Transformation Programme

A Strategic review of Place Service structures, functions, and alignment to the Corporate Plan. This programme steers away from service specific cuts in isolation that would generate savings but aims to achieve a more overarching view of how the directorate should involve for the next 3-5 years.

The review will encompass the whole of Place Service, the staff, teams, and contracted services that exist within this directorate of RBWM. However, the focus of this programme of work is to consider efficiencies through better service alignment, contract re-procurement and maximising existing resource. It does not set out to remove or reduce current staffing levels as these are already recognised as being inadequate as some areas.

In addition to ensuring close alignment and prioritisation of RBWM corporate plan goals, Place service is responsible for some statutory duties and health and safety compliance, therefore the transformation programme will carefully map out and retain adequate management capacity for these duties.

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	N/A		

Disability	N/A	
Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative i place to mitigate or minimis	mpact has been identified, what measures would be put in e it?

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA14S
Completed by: Chris Wheeler Date: 15 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Contract efficiencies Neighbourhood Services

- Explore savings options and income generation within key contracts incl.
 Highways, Waste Disposal, Parking enforcement, grounds maintenance. Potential for amended specifications.
- Contractors to be confirmed as part of efficiencies review.
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals	Potential positive	Potential negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	N/A		
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		

Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Neighbourhood Services
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA15S
Completed by: Chris Wheeler Date: 15 November 2022	Approved by: Alysse Strachan Date: 15 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

Parish Councils and commercial partnership

- Parish Councils and other commercial organisation be approached to seek support funding as an income to reduce the net cost of community wardens.
- Parish councils
- As details emerge a further review may be required but at this stage no conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements has been identified

	How do the protected characteristics influence the needs of individuals within this proposal?	Potential positive impact	Potential negative impact
	How might these characteristics affect		
	the impact of the proposal? (If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	(Tick where relevant)	(Tick where relevant)
Age	N/A	recounty	recevanty
Disability	N/A		
Sex	N/A		
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A		

Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	N/A	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A

Service area:	Infrastructure, Sustainability and Economic Growth
Directorate:	Place
Budget proposal reference number/s:	PLA16S
Completed by: Chris Joyce	Approved by: Chris Joyce
Date: 11 November 2022	Date: 11 November 2022

Provide a brief explanation of the budget proposal/s:

- What are the intended outcomes?
- Who will be affected by the proposal?
- Does this conflict with any statutory responsibilities or requirements?

The proposals for changes in the economic growth team budget have been developed to minimise impacts on service delivery and protect services which directly impact those with protected characteristics. We are maintaining our economic development resources which focus on jobs, employment, and skills where there are specific programmes of work targeted at particular groups.

The proposed changes include a reduction in the events budget for the town centre teams with focus shifting to facilitating and promoting events and seeking sponsorship rather than providing funding. Some of the saving relates to realising further savings from the Museum and Tourist Information Centre co-location such as business rates and utilising external funding from the UK Shared Prosperity fund to support staff time in delivering and monitoring projects.

This is not a statutory service and does not impact any statutory requirement.

	How do the protected characteristics	Potential	Potential
	influence the needs of individuals	positive	negative
	within this proposal?	impact	impact
	How might these characteristics affect the impact of the proposal?		
		(Tick where	(Tick where
	(If no influence on impact, state 'N/A')	relevant)	relevant)
Age	The proposals have been developed to ensure resource to support our programmes to support young people into work are retained.		
Disability	The proposals have been developed to ensure resource to support our programmes to support people with disabilities into work are retained.		

Appendix D: Equality Impact Assessments – Place

Sex	N/A	
Race, Ethnicity and Religion/Belief	N/A	
Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment	N/A	
Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	
Marriage and Civil Partnership	N/A	
Socio-economic Considerations e.g., low income, poverty	The proposals retain resource to support employment, jobs and skills programmes that particulalry support those on lower incomes.	

Where a potential negative impact has been identified, what measures would be put in place to mitigate or minimise it?
N/A



Agenda Item 6vi)

Report Title:	Draft Capital Programme 2023/24 – 2025/26
Contains	No - Part I
Confidential or	
Exempt Information	
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Hilton, Cabinet Member for Asset
	Management & Commercialisation, Finance,
	& Ascot
Meeting and Date:	Cabinet – 1 December 2022
Responsible	Adele Taylor – Executive Director of Finance
Officer(s):	and S151 Officer
	Andrew Vallance – Head of Finance and
	Deputy S151 Officer
Wards affected:	All



REPORT SUMMARY

This report details the draft capital programme for 2023/24 onwards including proposed new capital bids and planned expenditure for bids previously approved by Council.

Together with the capital strategy and capital cashflow, it provides a picture of the Council's proposed capital planning and expenditure.

1. DETAILS OF RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATION: That Cabinet notes the report and comments on:

- i) The draft Capital Strategy 2023/24 2025/26 as set out in Appendix B
- ii) Proposed new schemes in Appendix D.
- iii) The capital cash flow in Appendix E.

2. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS AND OPTIONS CONSIDERED

This report sets out the draft Capital Strategy and proposed capital programme for 2023/24 - 2025/26. Once agreed the Council can confirm the implications on its future borrowing and the implications on its final revenue budget and Medium Term Financial Strategy.

Due to the fast-changing economic situation the Draft Capital Programme for 2023/24 will continue to be reviewed and amended as necessary prior to approval by Full Council in February 2023. The report links very closely to two other strategies:

The Treasury Management Strategy that sets out how the Council will fund and afford its planned level of capital investment in 2023/24 and beyond. This also assesses the affordability of capital investment plans in the context of the revenue budget and its Prudential Indicators. A draft strategy was reviewed by Audit and Governance Committee at its October meeting held on 20 October 2022.

The Budget Report 2023/24 and Medium Term Financial Strategy 2023/24 – 2027/28. This sets out the Council's revenue spending for 2023/24 and indicative

spending plans for 2024/25 – 2027/28. The financial position of the Council sets the context for the affordability of the capital programme. Given the challenging financial context, the Council is now operating within its means and no new discretionary spending is included as an addition to the proposed capital programme. New schemes are either self-funded or considered essential to maintain service provision.

Options

Table 1: Options arising from this report

Option	Comments
Note the report in preparation for formal approval at February 2023 Council This is the recommended option	This will allow essential capital schemes to progress

3. KEY IMPLICATIONS

Table 2 below outlines key implications.

Table 2: Key Implications

Outcome	Unmet	Met	Exceeded	Significantly Exceeded	Date of delivery
Services delivered within approved budget	Budget overspend >£250,000	Budget variance +/- £250,000	Budget underspend >£250,000 <£1,500,000	Budget underspend >£1,500,000	31 March 2026

4. FINANCIAL DETAILS / VALUE FOR MONEY

Introduction

- 4.1. The draft Capital Strategy as set out in **Appendix B** provides a high-level overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to the provision of services; along with an overview of how associated risk is managed and the implications for future financial sustainability. It shows how revenue, capital and balance sheet planning are fully integrated. The draft strategy was reviewed by Audit and Governance Committee at its October meeting on 20 October 2022.
- 4.2. Due to rapid changes in the economic and political situation in the UK there is currently a high level of uncertainty with regards to interest rates. The recent substantial increase in interest rates and anticipated further increases have significantly increased the cost of borrowing available to the Authority.
- 4.3. Like many councils, RBWM has chosen to capitalise certain council spending e.g. replacement of equipment to ease the pressure on its Revenue Budget. The Council has also invested heavily in the regeneration of the Borough as well as schemes that will help to generate future income.

- 4.4. The Capital Review Board (an officer board overseeing delivery of the capital programme) has met regularly to review the existing capital programme, ensuring unnecessary schemes are dropped, and optimal financing arrangements are made to reduce the pressure on the revenue budget.
- 4.5. The Council recognises the impact that high levels of investment is having on its revenue budget through servicing increased borrowing, with higher interest rates now placing greater pressure on the revenue budget. It has therefore sought to further restrict its capital investment in 2023/24 and beyond.
- 4.6. In order to minimise the cost of financing risk to the Authority, capital programme schemes for 2022/23 are under regular review. Where feasible, capital budget will be reduced, and unspent external funding reallocated to qualifying schemes. Once this exercise is complete, any available external funding will be allocated to 2023/24 essential capital schemes that have not been shortlisted due to the current economic climate.
- 4.7. With interest rates at 5% a £10m increase in capital expenditure would result in an increase in annual borrowing costs of £500,000.
- 4.8. For 2023/24 the Council has focused on:
 - **Fully-funded schemes**, where the cost of the scheme is fully or largely met by external funding.
 - **Unavoidable capital investment** predominantly relating to immediate requirements to replace or enhance essential fixed assets for service delivery, namely IT assets for business continuity.
- 4.9. The Capital Programme, using this strategy, is prioritised into four key areas:
 - 1. Regeneration schemes
 - 2. Major Strategic Acquisitions
 - 3. Efficiency Projects
 - 4. Operational schemes
- 4.10. For 2023/24 the Council has focused on:
 - capital grants
 - developer contributions in the form of s106 & CIL
 - partner contributions,
 - capital receipts
 - prudential borrowing, the cost of which is funded from the revenue budget.
- 4.11. **Table 3** below shows the 2023/24 Capital Programme in detail together with the sources of funding in 2023/24 as shown in **Appendix D**. It also provides

indicative figures for the cost of the relevant capital schemes in the following two years.

Table 3: Summary of the 2023/24 Capital Programme

Proposed Capital Bids 2023/24			Funding		
	Gross Cost	S106	CIL	Grant	Net
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Estimated Slippage to 2022/23	10,079	-	-	-	10,079
Ongoing Major Schemes Approved by Council in Previous Years	13,756	-	-	-	13,756
Fully funded schemes	13,357	(330)	(4,324)	(8,703)	-
Corporately Funded Essential Schemes	3,377	-	-	-	3,377
Capitalised Debt charges	381	-	-	-	381
Total	40,950	(330)	(4,324)	(8,703)	27,593

- 4.12. The total draft Capital Programme for 2023/24 is currently £40,950,000, of which the largest share (£13,756,000) relates to the ongoing cost of existing capital schemes. New capital investment amounts to £13,357,000 for fully funded schemes and £3,377,000 for corporately funded schemes. After taking into account funding from a range of sources, the net cost of the 2023/24 programme to be funded from borrowing is currently £27,593,000.
- 4.13. The overall three-year draft Capital Programme will increase expenditure by £62,838,000, of which the largest share of £47,518,000 relates to schemes approved in previous years and forecast prior year slippage of £10,079,000 from 2022/23 to 2023/24. Note this forecast slippage position will be updated at outturn to reflect the actual position. At this stage, expected year-end slippage to 2023/24 has been estimated at 30% of the net 2022/23 capital programme.
- 4.14. The above figures are reflected in the Revenue Budget and Medium-Term Financial Projections, which also assume additional essential capital investment of £27,593,000 in 2023/24 and £54,404,000 in the next two financial years. £10,079,000 of proposed capital spending relates to spending that was originally expected in 2022/23 and is forecast to slip into 2023/24. This has had a positive impact on the Revenue Budget for 2022/23 of £258,000 based on a short term borrowing rate of 2.56%.
- 4.15. Since 2020/21, major schemes of over a year's duration now have their interest costs capitalised until the scheme is complete to recognise that the value of the asset will not be realised until complete. This reduces the impact on the revenue budget whilst the asset is under construction. If the project is delayed or interest rates fluctuate there is the possibility that interest costs could exceed the budget.
- 4.16. Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP), essentially the principal repayment, is calculated on an annuity basis over the life of the asset starting in the year following completion. This is in line with the approved Treasury Management Policy for RBWM and the statutory guidance on minimum revenue provision.

Developer Contributions

4.17. Developer Contributions in the form of S106 and CIL income are playing a significant role in helping to fund the Capital Programme. Current balances are set out in Table 3.

Table 3 - S106 and CIL contributions

S106 & CIL Balances October 2022	£'000
Developer Contributions by Service Area	
Carbon Offset Contribution - Lifestyle	155
Carbon Offset Contribution - Building Emissions	522
Carbon Offset Contribution	7
Special Protection Area (SPA)	884
Allotments	9
Landscape	3
Archiving	14
Biodiversity	0
Air Quality	7
Admin Costs	-
Waste Management	17
Economic Development	11
Indoor Sports	12
Public Art	211
Town Centre Enhancements	10
Library Services	278
Community Facilities	81
Education	367
Workplace Travel Plans	19
Highways	739
Open Space	602
Affordable Housing	924
Public Transport	436
Community Infrastructure Levy	
Windsor	758
Maidenhead	955
RBWM	8,474
Total s106 & CIL	15,493

4.18. It is important that there is transparency in the way that these developer contributions are used. These funds can only be used once to fund capital priorities in line with the capital strategy. CIL collected separately for Windsor town and Maidenhead town is applicable to those urban areas; RBWM CIL is useable borough wide.

Major Schemes in Programme

- 4.19. The Programme includes one major scheme, Broadway Car Park, budgeted to spend £13,756,000 in 2023/24. Further schemes profiled to spend in future years are linked to corporate plan priorities. These projects are listed below with further detail in **Appendix C.**
 - Affordable Housing
 - Broadway Car Park, Maidenhead
 - Maidenhead Development

River Thames Scheme

4.20. The total cost of major capital schemes from 2022/23 – 2025/26 is £60,698,000. Some schemes will enable the generation of future Capital Receipts. After considering debt financing costs, other schemes will generate future revenue income, e.g., Broadway car park. The 2022/23 Vicus Way Car Park scheme included in Appendix C is now complete.

Fully Funded Schemes £13,357,000

4.21. These schemes are funded from s106 & CIL allocations from developers or specific grant and have no net cost to the Council but need to be approved and monitored through the year to ensure spending is within budget and the scheme is delivered as planned. This is subject to further review. Agreed schemes are set out in Appendix D.

Borough Funded Schemes £3,377,000

- 4.22. These schemes are funded from additional borrowing and include statutory schemes, refurbishment and enhancement schemes. The gross value of these schemes totals £3,377,000.
- 4.23. In previous years the Council has also approved a number of discretionary schemes that have added to borrowing costs and impacted on the revenue budget but due to affordability only essential schemes are being proposed for 2023/24 as additions to the programme. These are set out in **Appendix D**.
- 4.24. All expenditure below £20,000 is de Minimis for capital purposes and expenditure below this amount is funded from within revenue budgets. This decision has the benefit of a reducing the number of capital projects, enabling more focus on larger schemes when approving and monitoring spend.
- 4.25. Further information on the Council's longer-term plans are included in the Capital cash flow as detailed in **Appendix E**.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1. None.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

- 6.1. Funding maintenance and assets with a short life from capital means that an increasing share of the capital programme is required for essential day to day capital spending. This spending is often unavoidable with the need to maintain key buildings along with the need to update and replace obsolete technology.
- 6.2. This creates a risk that the Council will have even less money to invest in major new schemes.
- 6.3. In past years, a revenue contribution to capital to reduce the cost of borrowing, particularly for short life assets has been in place. However, due to revenue budget pressures, this provision is unaffordable for 2023/24.

6.4. This is something that the Council will need to address, particularly as interest rates have recently risen sharply.

7. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

- 7.1. Equality impact assessments have been completed for each proposed capital bid.
- 7.2. The Council's Capital Review Board is in the development stages of considering the impact of climate change/sustainability for each capital scheme and will enhance this process further in future.

8. CONSULTATION

- 8.1. Consultation will take place with the local Chambers of Commerce in February 2023. The Lead Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance and Ascot attends, together with officers. The meetings serve to consult on the proposals within this paper.
- 8.2. Consultation will also take place with the Leader of the Opposition, the Lead Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance and Ascot, Cabinet and officers. This meeting serves to consult on the proposals within this paper.
 - 8.3. Consultations will take place with all Overview and Scrutiny Panels. The feedback from these panels will be included in the Budget Report 2023/24 which will be presented to February 2023 Council.
- 8.4. Consultation will take place with the local Chambers of Commerce in February 2023. The Lead Member for Asset Management & Commercialisation, Finance and Ascot attends, together with officers. The meetings serve to consult on the proposals within this paper.

9. APPENDICES

This report is supported by five appendices:

- Appendix A Equality Impact Assessment
- Appendix B Draft Capital Strategy
- Appendix C Major Schemes
- Appendix D Proposed New Schemes
- Appendix E Capital Cashflow

10 BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

None

11 CONSULTATION

Name of consultee	Post held	Date sent	Date returned
Mandatory:	Statutory Officers (or deputy)		
Adele Taylor	Executive Director of Resources/S151 Officer	21/10/22	28/10/22
Emma Duncan	Deputy Director of Law and Strategy / Monitoring Officer	21/10/22	21/10/22
Deputies:			
Andrew Vallance	Head of Finance (Deputy S151 Officer) Report author	20/10/22	21/10/22
Elaine Browne	Head of Law (Deputy Monitoring Officer)	21/10/22	
Karen Shepherd	Head of Governance (Deputy Monitoring Officer)	21/10/22	27/10/22
Other consultees:			
Directors (where relevant)			
Tony Reeves	Chief Executive		
Andrew Durrant	Executive Director of Place	21/10/22	23/10/22
Kevin McDaniel	Executive Director of People Services		

Confirmation	Cabinet Member for Asset	Yes
relevant Cabinet	Management &	
Member(s)	Commercialisation, Finance and	
consulted	Ascot	

REPORT HISTORY

Decision type:	Urgency item?	To follow item?
Not a key decision	No	No

Report Author: Andrew Vallance, Head of Finance	

APPENDIX A - EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Essential information

Items to be assessed: (please mark 'x')

Strategy	Х	Policy	Plan	Х	Project		Service/P	rocedure
Responsible	е	Andrew	Service	Fi	nance	Dire	ectorate	Resources
officer		Vallance	area	0	1 0 E		D. (
Stage 1: Eq Screening (mandatory			e created: 10/2022	as	tage 2 : Fu ssessment pplicable)		Dat N/A	te created : \

Approved by Head of Service / Overseeing group/body / Project Sponsor:

"I am satisfied that an equality impact has been undertaken adequately."

Signed by (print): Andrew Vallance

Dated: 20/10/2022

Guidance notes

What is an EqIA and why do we need to do it?

The Equality Act 2010 places a 'General Duty' on all public bodies to have 'due regard' to:

- Eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act.
- Advancing equality of opportunity between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.
- Fostering good relations between those with 'protected characteristics' and those without them.

EqIAs are a systematic way of taking equal opportunities into consideration when making a decision, and should be conducted when there is a new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure in order to determine whether there will likely be a detrimental and/or disproportionate impact on particular groups, including those within the workforce and customer/public groups. All completed EqIA

Screenings are required to be publicly available on the council's website once they have been signed off by the relevant Head of Service or Strategic/Policy/Operational Group or Project Sponsor.

What are the "protected characteristics" under the law?

The following are protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010: age; disability (including physical, learning and mental health conditions); gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; sexual orientation.

What's the process for conducting an EqIA?

The process for conducting an EqIA is set out at the end of this document. In brief, a Screening Assessment should be conducted for every new or reviewed strategy, policy, plan, project, service or procedure and the outcome of the Screening Assessment will indicate whether a Full Assessment should be undertaken.

Openness and transparency

RBWM has a 'Specific Duty' to publish information about people affected by our policies and practices. Your completed assessment should be sent to the Strategy & Performance Team for publication to the RBWM website once it has been signed off by the relevant manager, and/or Strategic, Policy, or Operational Group. If your proposals are being made to Cabinet or any other Committee, please append a copy of your completed Screening or Full Assessment to your report.

Enforcement

Judicial review of an authority can be taken by any person, including the Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) or a group of people, with an interest, in respect of alleged failure to comply with the general equality duty. Only the EHRC can enforce the specific duties. A failure to comply with the specific duties may however be used as evidence of a failure to comply with the general duty.

Stage 1: Screening (Mandatory)

1. What is the overall aim of your proposed strategy/policy/project etc and what are its key objectives?

This report details the draft capital programme for 2023/24 onwards including proposed new capital bids and planned expenditure for bids previously approved by Council.

Together with the capital strategy and capital cashflow, it provides a picture of the Council's proposed capital planning and expenditure.

A full EQIA will be undertaken on the final budget and capital strategy submitted to Council in February 2023.

1.2 What evidence is available to suggest that your proposal could have an impact on people (including staff and customers) with protected characteristics? Consider each of the protected characteristics in turn and identify whether your proposal is Relevant or Not Relevant to that

characteristic. If Relevant, please assess the level of impact as either High / Medium / Low and whether the impact is Positive (i.e. contributes to promoting equality or improving relations within an equality group) or Negative (i.e. could disadvantage them). Please document your evidence for each assessment you make, including a justification of why you may have identified the proposal as "Not Relevant".

Protected characteristics	Relevance	Level	Positive/negative	Evidence
Age	N/A	N/A	N/A	Key data: The estimated median age of the local population is 42.6yrs [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020]. An estimated 20.2% of the local population are aged 0-15, and estimated 61% of the local population are aged 16-64yrs and an estimated 18.9% of the local population are aged 65+yrs. [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Disability	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Gender re- assignment	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Marriage/civil partnership	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Pregnancy and maternity		N/A	N/A	
Race	<u> </u>	N/A	N/A	Key data: The 2011 Census indicates that 86.1% of the local population is White and 13.9% of the local population is BAME. The borough has a higher Asian/Asian British population (9.6%) than the South East (5.2%) and England (7.8%). The forthcoming 2021 Census data is expected to show

Dalinian and	NIA	NI/A	NI/A	a rise in the BAME population. [Source: 2011 Census, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Religion and belief		N/A	N/A	Key data: The 2011 Census indicates that 62.3% of the local population is Christian, 21.7% no religion, 3.9% Muslim, 2% Sikh, 1.8% Hindu, 0.5% Buddhist, 0.4% other religion, and 0.3% Jewish. [Source: 2011 Census, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A	Key data: In 2020 an estimated 49.6% of the local population is male and 50.4% female. [Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2020, taken from Berkshire Observatory]
Sexual orientation	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Outcome, action and public reporting

Screening Assessment Outcome	Yes / No / Not at this stage	Further Action Required / Action to be taken	Responsible Officer and / or Lead Strategic Group	Timescale for Resolution of negative impact / Delivery of positive impact
Was a significant level of negative impact identified?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Does the strategy, policy, plan etc require amendment to have a positive impact?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

If you answered **yes** to either / both of the questions above a Full Assessment is advisable and so please proceed to Stage 2. If you answered "No" or "Not at this Stage" to either / both of the questions above please consider any next steps that may be taken (e.g. monitor future impacts as part of implementation, re-screen the project at its next delivery milestone etc).

Stage 2 : Full assessment 2.1 : Scope and define

2.1.1 Who are the main beneficiaries of the proposed strategy / policy / plan /
project / service / procedure? List the groups who the work is targeting/aimed
at.
N1/A
N/A
2.1.2 Who has been involved in the creation of the proposed strategy / policy
/ plan / project / service / procedure? List those groups who the work is
targeting/aimed at.
N/A
2.2 : Information gathering/avidance
2.2 : Information gathering/evidence
2.2.1 What secondary data have you used in this assessment? Common
sources of secondary data include: censuses, organisational records.
N/A
0.00 What arise and data have seen also inform this account 2.00 mm.
2.2.2 What primary data have you used to inform this assessment? Common
sources of primary data include: consultation through interviews, focus groups,
questionnaires.
N/A
1

Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation

Protected Characteristic	Advancing the Equality Duty: Does the proposal advance the Equality Duty Statement in relation to the protected characteristic (Yes/No)	what level? (High /	impact : Does the proposal	what level? (High /	Please provide explanatory detail relating to your assessment and outline any key actions to (a) advance the Equality Duty and (b) reduce negative impact on each protected characteristic.
Age	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Disability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gender reassignment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Marriage and civil partnership	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pregnancy and maternity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Religion and belief	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sexual orientation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Advance equality of opportunity

Protected	Advancing the	If yes, to	o Negative	If yes, to	Please provide
Characteristic	Equality Duty	what	impact:	what	explanatory
	:	level?	Does the	level?	detail relating to
	Does the	(High /	proposal	(High /	your
	proposal		disadvantage		assessment and

	advance the Equality Duty Statement in relation to the protected characteristic (Yes/No)		them (Yes / No)	Medium / Low)	outline any key actions to (a) advance the Equality Duty and (b) reduce negative impact on each protected characteristic.
Age	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Disability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gender reassignment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Marriage and civil partnership	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pregnancy and maternity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Religion and belief	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sexual orientation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Foster good relations

Protected	Advancing the	If yes, to	Negative	If yes, to	Please provide
Characteristic	Equality Duty	what	impact:	what	explanatory
	:	level?	Does the	level?	detail relating to
	Does the	(High /	proposal	(High /	your
	proposal	Medium	disadvantage	Medium	assessment and
	advance the	/ Low)	them (Yes /	/ Low)	outline any key
	Equality Duty		No)		actions to (a)
	Statement in				advance the
	relation to the				Equality Duty
	protected				and (b) reduce
	characteristic				negative impact
	(Yes/No)				on each
					protected
					characteristic.
Age	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
D: 1.334	N 1 / A	N 1 / A	N 1/A	N 1 / A	N 1 / A
Disability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Gender reassignment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Marriage and civil partnership	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pregnancy and maternity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Race	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Religion and belief	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sex	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sexual orientation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2.4 Has your delivery plan been updated to incorporate the activities identified in this assessment to mitigate any identified negative impacts? If so please summarise any updates.

These could be service, equality, project or other delivery plans. If you did not have sufficient data to complete a thorough impact assessment, then an action should be incorporated to collect this information in the future.

N/A

Draft Capital Strategy 2023/24 to 2026/27



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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

CIPFA's Prudential Code requires Councils to have a capital strategy. The Code states that "In order to demonstrate that the authority takes capital expenditure and investment decisions in line with service objectives and properly takes account of stewardship, value for money, prudence, sustainability and affordability, authorities should have in place a capital strategy that sets out the long-term context in which capital expenditure and investment decisions are made and gives due consideration to both risk and reward and impact on the achievement of priority outcomes.

1.2 Objectives

The purpose of the strategy as per the Code is that it is "intended to give a high-level overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contributes to the provision of services, along with an overview of how associated risk is managed and what the implications might be for future financial sustainability."

The Council must demonstrate that it takes capital expenditure and investment decisions in line with service objectives and properly takes account of stewardship, value for money, prudence, sustainability and affordability giving due consideration to both risk and reward and the impact on outcomes.

The strategy aims to balance capital expenditure needs and expectations (e.g., replacement of business-critical IT systems) with the scarcity of available resources to enable the identification and optimisation of all sources of capital funding and also be flexible enough in order to respond to emergencies and changes in priorities.

The Capital Strategy is a collective document involving various departments within the organisation. It is not purely a finance function; all the relevant officers should review this document periodically and update it accordingly.

1.3 Capital Strategy Framework

The strategy maintains a strong and current link to the Council's priorities and to other key strategy documents such as

- Treasury Management Strategy (Including strategies on Investments and Borrowings)
- RBWM Property Company Business Plan
- Asset Management Strategy

2. The Royal Borough

- 2.1 The Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead covers an area of 76.6 square miles. Located in the heart of the Thames Valley, the borough is rich in areas of natural beauty and green space. The River Thames flows through the borough for 25 miles, forming a significant landscape feature and wildlife corridor. Distinct towns and villages, each with their own identity and character but all related by an attractive countryside, create a high-quality environment in which to live, work and visit. Our unique and long association with the Crown has also gifted the borough with a rich portfolio of heritage assets, attractions, and world-class events.
- 2.2 Situated less than 30 miles from the west of Central London, and close to Heathrow Airport, the borough is on the M4 corridor and is served by a combination of main line and branch line rail services. Our location is a key factor in attracting businesses to invest in the borough, and we are part of a dynamic regional economy. The borough is home to an impressive range of local, national, and international businesses and our residents are able to take advantage of employment opportunities across the Thames Valley region and in the capital.

Icon image	People: Description
	In 2020 an estimated 151,273 people live in the borough. <i>(ONS MYE 2020)</i> . By 2043 this is estimated to be 155,348 (ONS projections 2018-based edition)
### ##### ######	In 2020 an estimated: 20.1% of the local population are aged 0-15. (2043 estimate: 17.4%) 61% are aged 16-64. (2043 estimate: 56.1%) 18.9% are aged 65+. (2043 estimate: 26.5%). (ONS)
	In 2020 the estimated median age of the local population is 42.6 , an increase on 2001 estimates (38.69) <i>(ONS)</i> .
ŶŶŶ	The 2011 Census indicates 86.1% of the local population is White and 13.9% is BAME . The Royal Borough has a higher Asian/Asian British population (9.6%) than the South East (5.2%) and England (7.8%). The forthcoming 2021 Census data is expected to show rise in the BAME population.
	In 2020 an estimated: 5,131 people aged 18-64 have impaired mobility (predicted to rise to 5,323 by 2030). 2,129 people aged 18-64 have a learning disability (predicted to decrease to 2,093 by 2030). (PANSI)
	In 2020 there is an estimated 770 people per sq.km , a 13.2% increase since 2001 (680 people per sq.km) (ONS)
W	Life expectancy at birth is 81.8 (males) ↑ SE average (80.6) and England average (79.4) Life expectancy at birth is 84.7 (females) ↑ SE average (84.1) and England average (83.1) (2018-20, ONS)
	The Royal Borough has a Score of 8.4 on the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD 2019) ✔ SE (15.5) and England (21.7) (MHCLG). However, the borough has some areas ranked as most deprived (scores 1-4)
* 0	The Royal Borough has 70 parks , open spaces and play areas, covering a total area of around 295 hectares 25 miles of River Thames
	Over 950 Listed Buildings, 17 Scheduled Monuments (including Windsor Castle) 12 registered historic parks and gardens, and world-class attractions and events
73	27 Conservation Areas11 sites designated by Natural England as very best wildlife and geological sites in the country

Icon image	People: Description
222	66 state schools
ŝ.	6 leisure centres (externally managed)
	11 libraries
(Internal Control of C	10,785 active businesses (IDBR, 2020) Highest proportion (24.6%) of local businesses are in the professional, scientific, and technical industry (2021, ONSIDBR)
	82% economic activity rate ↑ SE (80.8%) and ↑ England (78.7%)
	77.5% of economically active employed ✓ SE (77.6%) and ✓ England (75.1%)
	3.6% of economically active unemployed ✔ SE (3.8%) and England (4.5%) (Dec-21, APS, ONS)
	58.6% of working population educated to NVQ4 level and above <i>↑</i> SE (45.1%) and England (43.1%) (Dec-21, APS, ONS)
	£32,240 median annual salary for all workers (excluding self-employed)
	£515,000 median price of a property ↑ SE (£365,000) and England (£285,000) (ONS, Dec-21)

- 2.4 The Royal Borough delivers essential services to the community: the residents, businesses and partners of Windsor and Maidenhead every day. Services range from those that the Royal Borough is required to carry out by law (statutory duties) such as street cleaning, waste collection, planning and building control, education and social care, through to discretionary services, such as sport and leisure, tailored to local priorities and needs.
- 2.5 Adults and Children's services are managed on behalf of the Borough by Optalis Ltd and Achieving for Children (AFC) respectively. The Council shares ownership of these organisations with other partner authorities and group accounts are prepared annually including the Council's share of these joint ventures.
- 2.6 Everything we do has to be provided within the challenge of reduced central grant to local government and increasing demand on service areas as the population grows and ages.
- 2.7 Our commitment to delivering high quality services is rooted in our commitment to providing value for money. Outside of London the Royal Borough has the lowest level of Council Tax in England.
- 2.8 Council Tax is 39% below the national average (including adult social care and parish precepts (Band D) as well as significantly below neighbouring Berkshire councils. This presents challenges to service provision.

- 2.9 As a council we measure how well we are performing through a range of indicators as well as our residents' survey. Everything we do has to be provided within the challenge of reduced central grant to local government and increasing demand on service areas as the population grows and ages.
- 2.10 The Royal Borough is committed to providing high quality services that offer value for money. Our corporate priorities guide our spending, alongside our statutory roles looking after the most vulnerable people in society and protecting the environment. Our capital strategy must balance the growing demands for services such as adult social care and children's services with our commitment to protect the environment and promote a buoyant and diverse economy.
- 2.11 An increasing proportion of our expenditure is being spent on services that support individual and vulnerable people. In all the services we either commission or deliver we will strive to achieve the best outcomes for our residents achieving the best value for money.
- 2.12 Our low council tax means our expenditure spent on all services, but in particular non-statutory services provided to our community, is under particular pressure. The Royal Borough has committed to a significant savings programme and is continually working to ensure that the services it delivers are subjected to rigorous value for money testing. We will continue to seek out opportunities to deliver efficiencies, savings and ways to increase our income.
- 2.13 The Royal Borough has an on-going transformation plan, which will aid delivery of the increased efficiencies and savings requirement.

3. Corporate Plan

- 3.1 The Corporate Plan articulates the Royal Borough's priorities for the period 2021-2026 and sets the strategic direction in order to ensure efforts and resources are directed to the right areas. This is particularly important given the scale of financial challenge and resource constraint, and in the face of challenges facing the borough as highlighted in the previous section. The overarching aim of the Corporate Plan is to create a sustainable Borough of innovation and opportunity.
- 3.2 A key driver of the Capital Strategy is our Corporate Plan 2021-26, which was adopted by Full Council in November 2021 with a headline vision of "Creating a sustainable borough of opportunity and innovation". The Plan sets three overarching objectives: thriving communities, inspiring places and a council trusted to deliver its promises. These include 50 related goals for achievement in the period 2021-2026.
- 3.3 The Council has included in its priorities for the next five years, a ladder of housing opportunity, to support better life chances for all.
 - Over 3,000 new homes by 2026, of which at least 1,000 will be affordable housing (of mixed tenures and affordable housing types).
 - 2,000 households helped into new and existing affordable homes, prioritising social and affordable rent.
 - More people with learning disabilities to live in their own homes or with their families, increasing the proportion by 10 percent points by 2025.
 - A decrease in the number of households living in temporary accommodation to less than 100 by April 2025 with 80% or more living in the borough.
 - Ensure that no one sleeps rough in the borough through necessity.
- 3.4 Inspiring Places is one of the fundamental goals of the Corporate Plan and includes: -
 - Supporting the borough's future prosperity and sustainability
 - An increase in the number of new and surviving businesses within the borough, including the expansion of Creative industries.

- An increase in footfall in Windsor between 2021-2026, and in Maidenhead, following its regeneration.
- An increase in the proportion of women and girls who feel safe in the Borough, including through a safe, thriving night-time economy.
- Undertake a master planning exercise for central Windsor by 2023 and submit a business case for Government funding for identified improvements along Ascot High Street.
- Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper
- Deliver new transport infrastructure to support growth, including completing Phase 1 of Maidenhead Housing Enabling works and the remaining junction improvements.
- Investment along the A308 corridor to deliver on the recommendations of the corridor study.
- An increase in full fibre to 95% of properties by 2025; eliminate 4G "not-spots" in rural areas; and establish a test-bed and small cell roll out for 5G.
- Deliver new and enhanced community and youth facilities, including at Blackamoor Lane, Larchfield and Windsor.
- Increase walking and cycling by 50% by 2025, including investing in new cycle infrastructure through the North-South Green Spine in Maidenhead, and improved cycle ways in Ascot, Sunningdale, Sunninghill and Windsor.
- Deliver the Windsor Public Realm project, transforming Castle Hill into a pedestrian first zone, and growing the local economy and increasing numbers of local jobs.
- Increase the passenger satisfaction and the number of bus journeys per head of population to close the gap with neighbouring Berkshire authorities as well as establishing trials to deliver better rural bus service connectivity.
- Enable delivery of the key social, physical and green infrastructure to support new development at the Desborough / South West Maidenhead site (AL13 in the BLP), including strategic highway improvements, public transport, cycling and walking infrastructure, new primary and secondary schools, community facilities and open space.
- Review the collection of Community Infrastructure Levy and Section 106 funding, in order to increase developer investment in sustainable, community infrastructure.
- 3.5 Taking action to tackle climate change and its consequences and improving our natural environment will be achieved by:
 - A decrease in the borough and council's own emissions by 50% by 2025 and net zero by 2050, at the latest.
 - The Council commits to spend £1 million on reducing emissions through energy efficiency improvements over the period and will seek external funding to accelerate the plans.
 - Achieve the National Air Quality Objective (AQO) across all Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) by 2025.
 - Increase the percentage of residents who enjoy the borough's green spaces on a regular basis and feel that they are able to access quality green spaces easily.
 - Drive energy efficiency improvements through our social housing providers, increasing the proportion of homes at EPC rating C to 100% by 2030.
 - Adopt a new, best practice Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) to drive forward our climate and environmental goals in all new developments.
 - Enable an increase in renewable energy generation in the Borough, by 10 fold by 2026 (from a baseline of 13,067 MWh in 2018).
 - Enable the delivery of electric vehicle charging infrastructure to meet growing demand through a new EV implementation plan.
 - Increase biodiversity across the borough, supporting the Berks, Bucks and Oxfordshire Wildlife Trust vision for 30% of land for nature by 2030. We will ensure a minimum of 10% biodiversity net gain through the planning system and new Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspaces (SANGs) to mitigate the impact of new developments on the Thames Basin Heath Special Protected Area (SPA).
 - Increase recycling to 50% of waste by 2025, and to 65% by 2035, with an overall reduction in waste generated.

- Invest £10m on flooding prevention within Datchet, Horton and Wraysbury, and Old Windsor wards, working in partnership with the Environment Agency. Alongside further investment, borough-wide, in protection against surface water flooding as part of delivering our climate adaptation plan.

4. Strategic Direction of the Royal Borough

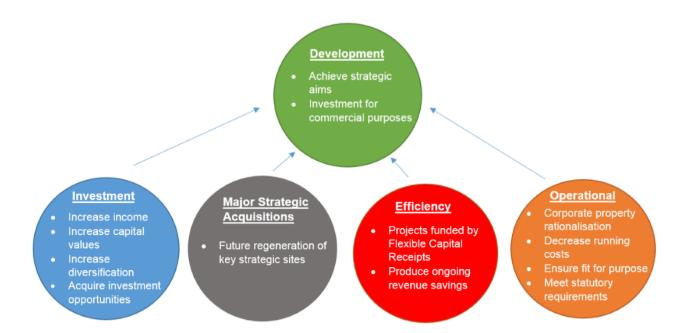
- 4.1 Through our Corporate Plan, we have identified a number of priorities for the Borough, these will be built into the capital programme as the years proceed and funding streams become available.
- 4.2 The Royal Borough's Capital Strategy forms the basis for long-term planning of capital investment. It builds upon processes implemented for the delivery of the Royal Borough's varied and aspiring capital programme. Thorough asset and resource planning has further facilitated the making of informed decisions.
- 4.3 Local authorities continue to face financial pressures with the impact of high inflation and interest rates continuing to exacerbate the economic situation post-covid. The Royal Borough is also required to take a balanced approach when assessing affordability and service needs.
- 4.4 Looking ahead, together with our partners, we will continue to improve our Borough's infrastructure with ambitious regeneration planned in the forthcoming years.
- 4.5 We will ensure that the Royal Borough employs sufficiently qualified and experienced staff to be able to deliver our Capital Strategy, including asset managers, development managers, legal and accountancy support staff.
- 4.6 In conjunction with the Medium-Term Financial Plan, Treasury Management Policy and the Borough's Strategic plans, the Capital Strategy paves the way for making infrastructure improvements across the Borough.

5. The Royal Borough's Priorities

- 5.1 The Royal Borough's priorities are paramount to the capital strategy. The Corporate Plan was approved by Council in November 2021. The Plan recognises that we must make choices about where we focus resources, and it is a key component of good governance. Setting strategic direction in order to ensure efforts and resources are directed to the right areas is particularly important given the scale of financial challenge and resource constraint, and in the face of challenges facing the borough, including:
 - climate change
 - the recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic and wider changes in the shape of the economy
 - a growing and ageing population
 - persistent pockets of deprivation and inequalities
 - and the high costs of housing in the borough.

The Plan also sets out our approach to achieving change. The Capital Strategy will help support informed decision making in the delivery of Corporate Plan.

- 5.2 Finance is both the enabler that allows the Royal Borough to deliver these key priorities and the constraint that the Royal Borough needs to work within as it makes tough decisions between those priorities.
- 5.3 The Royal Borough's capital programme is prioritised into five key areas: Development, Investment, Major Strategic Acquisitions, Efficiency and Operational.



6. Service Priorities for Investments

6.1 The Royal Borough's service priorities for investment over the lifetime of this strategy are set out by directorate for ease of reference, in the table below: -

Directorate	Service priorities	Related statutory or other plan	Related to the Council priority/Corporate Plan
Resources	Maintenance and improvement of existing accommodation provision for the Council and its tenants to ensure statutory requirements met and rental income is maintained and enhanced.	Asset Management Plan	
	Improvement in energy efficiency to reduce environmental impact.	Environment and Climate strategy	Values and Taking Action on Climate
	Continued investment in use of mobile technologies to enabling the workforce to deliver in efficient and effective ways	IT strategy (currently being updated)	Make most effective use of resources
	Investment in telephony solutions that realise benefits of mobile devices.	IT strategy (currently being updated)	Make most effective use of resources
	Investment in network redesign and replacement.	IT strategy (currently being updated)	Make most effective use of resources
	Investment in technologies that support service transformation.	IT strategy (currently being updated)	Make most effective use of resources
	Investment for improvements in library buildings and facilities to support a sustainable and resilient Library Service	Library transformation strategy	Inspiring Places

Directorate	Service priorities	Related statutory or other plan	Related to the Council priority/Corporate Plan
Place	Investment in essential highways infrastructure, including bridges and footpaths	Local Transport Plan	Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper
	Investment in "Active Travel" and alternative transport linked to climate change	Local Transport Plan Local cycling and walking infrastructure plan	Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper and Taking Action on Climate
	Investment in road safety, where clear evidence identifies intervention required	Local Transport Plan	
	Electric Vehicle Charging infrastructure to support transition to electric vehicles and tackle transport emissions	Environment and Climate Strategy and Local Transport Plan.	Taking Action on Climate
	One off pump priming investment in digital and communications infrastructure.	Berkshire Recovery and Renew	Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper
	Maintain & improve accessibility to our community assets that have a measurable and direct positive impact on residents Health & Wellbeing		
	Town Centre enhancements as part of local master planning exercises that supports vision charters across Maidenhead & Windsor, with a business case developed for identified improvements along Ascot High Street, which leverage external investment		Quality infrastructure that connects neighbourhoods and businesses and allows them to prosper
Adults, Health & Housing	New accommodation provision for vulnerable people.	Adult Social Care Transformation Programme	
Children's Services	Education: Mainstream and SEND capacity to keep up with growth in population in partnership with all state schools.	Inclusion Strategy	Healthy, skilled and independent residents

Directorate	Service priorities	Related statutory or other plan	Related to the Council priority/Corporate Plan
	£3.7m investment in new/improved SEND/AP provision from the High Needs Provision Capital Allocation.		
	New special school on the land west of Windsor. £2.2m investment in the five oil boiler replacement schemes, part funded by the Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme.		
	Education: maintenance of community and voluntary controlled school buildings, including investment in carbon reductions.		Well managed resources, delivering value for money
	Social Care: 18-25 supported accommodation for care leavers and those with additional needs.	Council Transformation Strategy	
	Social Care: 5-10 residential children's home places to challenge the marketplace.	Sufficiency Strategy	
	Office accommodation for services.		
	Modern technology platform for mobile and partnership working.		Well managed resources, delivering value for money

6.2 The Royal Borough also needs to be flexible enough to respond to opportunities to lever in additional external funding or grant that could partially fund an additional project alongside some capital investment from the Royal Borough.

7. Capital Strategy

7.1 Scope

Capital expenditure is strictly defined by statue and accounting principles and is principally expenditure incurred in buying, constructing or improving assets such as land, buildings, vehicles, plant, machinery and intangibles (e.g. computer software). It also includes grant and advances to be used for capital purposes, such as Disabled Facility Grants.

The Royal Borough's policy on capitalisation in accordance with the Royal Borough's approved accounting policies and procedures, is that expenditure on land, buildings, vehicles, plant, machinery, and intangibles over £20,000 will be capitalised, expenditure under these limits is deemed to be a revenue cost.

Ideally, the Royal Borough aims to cover recurring spending from its Revenue Budget and fund short life assets from external income sources. Borrowing is used to fund spending on longer life assets e.g. buildings and infrastructure.

The Capital Strategy sets out the Council's approach to:

- Working with partners
- Asset management planning
- RBWM Property Company Business Plan

- Risk appetite
- Governance and decision making
- Capital financing & affordability
- Invest to Save
- Managing borrowing
- Leasing
- Monitoring & project evaluation
- Capital investment in 2022/23 to 2026/27

7.2 Working with Partners

The Royal Borough is committed to work with its partners to carry out its objectives. Given the financial challenges faced by the Royal Borough, it is particularly important that it works closely with regional and other local authority partners to deliver investment across the Borough which otherwise would not be deliverable or affordable. This is through central government grants and town council/Parish contributions or through delivering schemes in partnership with neighbouring authorities. The Partners have the freedom to propose and identify the schemes but those will need the approval from the members on the basis of council priorities and affordability.

7.3 Community Engagement

The Royal Borough engages with residents and the local community when making decisions that impact capital investment. Examples include Highway consultations, the Residents' survey 2022 and the Active Travel consultations.

The future SEND and AP Capital Strategy consultation will guide capital investment in new and improved provision for children and young people with EHCPs and/or in Alternative Provision.

7.4 Asset Management Planning

The Royal Borough has the responsibility for a range of assets. The asset management strategy establishes the priorities for asset management planning. It is essential to understand the need, utilisation, condition, income generating potential and the investment and operating cost requirements of assets, whether owned or leased. The Council has a Capital Review Board in place to make appropriate decisions and ensure that proper practices are followed.

The core asset management programme which deals with General Fund assets is now supplemented with additional budget as a result of a review of the condition of the Royal Borough's General Fund assets. This revealed that after years of under investment that significant funding would be required to ensure that assets are maintained at an acceptable standard to allow the Royal Borough to continue to deliver its services.

7.5 RBWM Property Company Business Plan

This function is carried out by the RBWM Property Company. Further details are set out in the table:

To help develop and regenerate the Council's assets to create a Borough of Opportunity and Innovation by:

Identifying and helping to deliver low carbon solutions on all new projects wherever possible Facilitating the delivery of new homes, indirectly with the Council and Joint Venture partners and directly investing as the Prop Co in residential development.

Ensuring greater access to quality affordable housing for those in housing need.

Support the regeneration of the Borough's Town Centres and 'Place Making', working alongside Council colleagues and Stakeholders at an early stage of development to ensure optimal outcomes.

To grow Prop Co as an asset of value for the Council with a portfolio of residential, retail, and commercial properties.

To provide the Council with cost savings, a dividend on its investment and/or other value towards the cost-of-service provision, both financial and social.

7.6 IT

Utilising IT solutions for local authority service delivery and digital enablement is crucial for the Royal Borough.

Following the rollout of Windows 10 laptop devices IT Services have been able to promote remote working for staff and leverage the investment of the Microsoft Office 365 Suite. As Office 365 is cloud-based, the full-featured experience can be accessed from anywhere, on any device, as long as staff are online, allowing them to create, collaborate and communicate more efficiently and effectively. Microsoft Teams is now a fundamental part of the organisation allowing staff to instant 'chat' message, collaborate on files and create/attend audio and video meetings with internal colleagues and external partners. This has reduced costs associated with corporate telephony and legacy conference calling facilities.

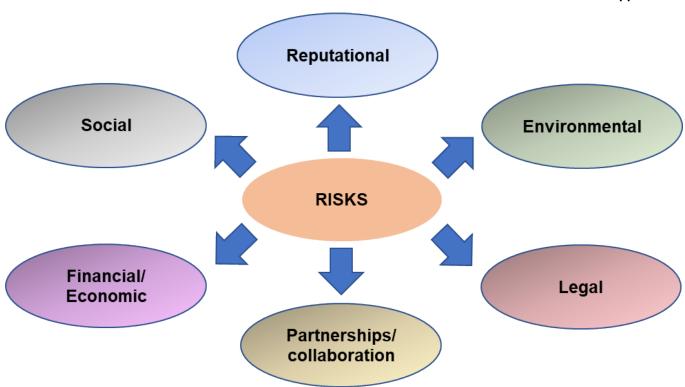
Additional Microsoft Teams phone system licenses were also introduced in 2021 to give staff the ability to utilise Microsoft Teams as a fully functional softphone via their devices. This allows calls to be made and received via existing council direct dial extension and service numbers and ceased the costly and traditional ISDN lines and PBX solution.

Future IT projects includes work on the network redesign and broadband which will further improve business continuity as well as investigations of enhancements to the Teams Cloud Telephony solution to migrate additional services over to this solution. These works will form part of the Corporate IT and Digital Strategy that is being developed. Major systems replacements of the Adult Social Care and Children's IT systems are also planned.

The IT strategy is currently under development. Investment in IT to allow business continuity forms part of the capital plans and further investment is planned during 2023/24.

7.7 Risk Appetite

Any new proposed capital scheme should be supported by a sound business case/options appraisal and should include a full evaluation of risk:



This should have regard to the whole life costing methodology, "the systematic consideration of all relevant costs and revenues associated with the acquisition and ownership of an asset." In practical terms this means that any appraisal will need to consider not just the initial outlay, but all costs/income associated with the project that are likely to occur in future years, including possible replacement. This is vital to ensure that the Royal Borough is not committing itself to future liabilities that are unsustainable.

7.8 Governance & Decision Making

It is important that those charged with governance understand the long-term context in which investment decisions are made and the financial risks to which the Royal Borough is exposed. The strategy should therefore contain sufficient detail to allow members to understand how stewardship, value for money, prudence, sustainability and affordability will be achieved.

In common with other local authorities, The Royal Borough is facing a challenging financial climate and it is therefore essential that systems are in place to ensure that scarce resources are allocated in the most effective possible way and therefore expenditure needs to be prioritised:

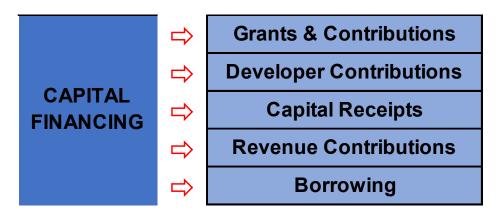
Priority	Type of Projects to deliver strategic outcomes as per the Royal Borough's vision	
Highest	Unavoidable capital expenditure due to an emergency such as one affecting service	
Priority	continuity or business critical infrastructure	
	Projects necessary to deliver statutory, mandatory and legal/contractual obligations	
	Projects that give rise to revenue savings or income generation. These can be developed	
	as invest to save projects	
to	Projects attracting additional external funding	
Lowest	Projects which improve the Royal Borough assets and reduce the need for revenue	
Priority	maintenance	

7.9 Capital Financing & Affordability

The Royal Borough will need to assess the overall affordability of any new scheme, having regard to the availability of resources, existing financial commitments and the projected level of balances forecast in the medium-term financial strategy.

The prudential code requires 'the local authority shall ensure that all of its capital and investment plans and borrowing are prudent and sustainable."

Capital expenditure can be funded in a variety of ways:



Grants and developer contributions are generally used to fund specific capital schemes linked to the conditions imposed by the relevant grant or contribution. There is little, if any, latitude in the way grant funding can be applied. Capital receipts are derived from the sale of the Royal Borough's non-assets. The Royal Borough's asset management planning identifies all the opportunities available for capital receipts, However, asset disposals are infrequent.

Revenue contributions are a flexible source of funding, but they put an immediate strain on the General Fund balance and can therefore only be used to a limited extent.

Borrowing spreads the cost over a number of years but loan servicing costs and the overall level of debt exposure both need to be considered and clearly flagged in a business case including the impact of minimum revenue provision requirements.

7.10 Invest to save

Invest to save is investment now to transform and reshape services to reduce running costs/generate efficiency savings or earn income to pay back the initial outlay. Priority should be given to these projects providing that they are supported by a sound business case and financial appraisal.

7.11 Managing Borrowing

The Royal Borough will have £206m of total current borrowing both long term and short term as at 31 March 2023. This is funded from Public Works Loan Board (PWLB), other local authorities and financial institutions for a number of schemes/projects previously approved by members. It should be noted that due to the cost of borrowing in the current economic climate and outstanding debt liabilities, the Royal Borough should only consider it as a last resort after all other sources of financing have been exhausted. At the time of writing, the cost of local authority borrowing from the Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) has increased significantly. This follows the recent financial uncertainty.

Due to being linked to gilt yields, interest rates have significantly increased. The PWLB sets its rates at a margin that is above the government's cost of borrowing, causing the interest rates to move in line with gilts. Investors have demanded a much higher return for investing in government bonds, which have caused some to halve in value. As a result, PWLB interest rates have increased. This unprecedented situation will be closely monitored by officers and cost of borrowing projections updated before the final 2023/24 budget is approved by members at February 2023 Council.

The rapid changes in the economic and political situation currently in the UK has caused a high level of uncertainty with regards to interest rates. The recent substantial increase in interest rates and anticipated further increases has significantly increased the cost of borrowing available to the Authority. This significantly impacts capital spending plans for the foreseeable future.

7.12 Leasing

Leasing obligations are similar to borrowing as they have an ongoing revenue budget commitment. Leasing will be considered following due diligence over the life of the asset, comparing the financial and non-financial benefits and risks compared to the Council owning such asset itself.

By 1 April 2024, the Royal Borough is required to implement IFRS 16 (International Financial Reporting Standard), although it has an option to implement earlier. This accounting standard sets out the guidelines for recognising and disclosure requirements for accounting for leases and will replace previously in place requirements under IAS 17 (International Accounting Standard). This means from this date the way the Royal Borough accounts for assets it leases from third parties will change as assets will be shown on the Royal Borough's Balance Sheet as Right to Use Asset with a corresponding liability.

The definition of a lease has been adapted for the public sector as being 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time.'

The Royal Borough currently leases some assets including land, buildings, vehicles and photocopiers.

Under these changes these right of use assets will be disclosed on the balance sheet except for leases with a term of 12 months or less or if the asset is of low value. The accounting standard does not include intangible assets (e.g. computer software licences) or where a contract contains use of an asset but the supplier has the ability to substitute alternative assets throughout the period (e.g. hygiene bins).

When the asset is recognised in the balance sheet a corresponding liability is then created, representing the obligation to make lease payments. When the Royal Borough makes a lease payment rather than it showing as an expense against the relevant cost centre, it is split between paying off this liability and interest payments. The asset is depreciated in the same way as similar assets of that class, usually over the life of the lease unless the asset useful life is lower.

In preparation, a data gathering exercise has already been undertaken to record all the leases the Royal Borough has, including those at peppercorn/nil consideration (where the Royal Borough pays little or no rental payments at any point during the duration of the lease). The Royal Borough is required to evidence to its external auditors that it is prepared for these changes. The accounting policies will be amended to

reflect the move to IFRS 16 and the threshold for low value will be determined in the year of its implementation.

Finance should be consulted on all new leases and contracts which includes the use of an asset (whether this is directly by the Royal Borough or by the contractor) to deliver obligations under a contract so that it can be assessed to see if the contract contains an embedded lease.

7.13 Treasury Management

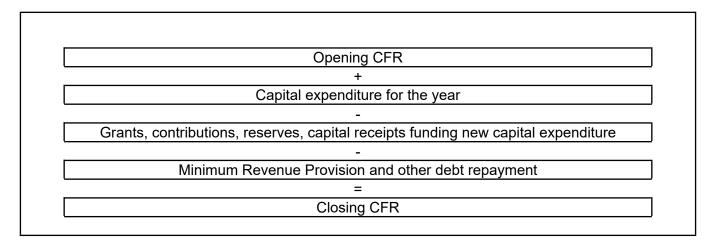
The Royal Borough undertakes borrowing for two main purposes:

- Meeting its daily cashflow commitments, and
- Financing its capital programme

Treasury Management is the management of the Royal Borough's borrowing, investments and cashflows and is essential in particular when accessing the affordability of a capital project, the Treasury Management Strategy includes:

- The borrowing strategy
- The authorised limit for external debt

Where capital expenditure has been incurred without a specific funding stream to meet the expenditure, there will be an increase in the Royal Borough's Capital Financing Requirement (CfR) which is a determinant of the Royal Borough's underlying need to borrow. The Royal Borough is required to make a prudent provision for the repayment of historic capital expenditure from its revenue budget, this known as minimum revenue provision (MRP). CFR is calculated below:



At 31 March 2022, the Royal Borough's CFR was £225.3m, subject to audit, compared to its total borrowing of £206.6m reflecting under borrowing of £18.7m.

7.14 Monitoring & Project evaluation

It is the responsibility of the relevant budget holder and their team to manage costs and to provide explanations for any variations or slippages from the approved budget as soon as they become known. Budget monitoring statements are presented to senior management and to Cabinet regularly through the bi-monthly Financial Update report.

Major capital projects are reviewed at the Capital Review Board meetings throughout the project. The board has representation from across the services teams including Finance. These meetings discuss progress, including cost projections.

A post project evaluation is required to be undertaken to measure delivery against required project outcomes, not just time and cost. It is again the responsibility of the budget holder to undertake this review. This will help the Royal Borough for the future as lessons learned can be transferred to new projects and help with such things as benchmarking.

8. National Financial Context

- 8.1 Over recent years all local authorities have faced significant reductions in government funding because of austerity measures put in place. This has had a significant impact on major investment decisions. The financial sustainability of local government has faced successive challenges, including increased demand for services, notably social care and the Covid-19 pandemic. Current economic developments that have caused inflationary pressures and a significant increase in interest rates will further impact the Borough significantly.
- 8.2 Government capital grants for funding capital projects have been materially reduced over the years. This leaves councils in an unenviable position to finance essential capital schemes using debt where other funding options have been exhausted.
- 8.3 Material pressures on revenue budgets mean that councils are finding it much harder to meet significant borrowing costs stemming from capital investment.
- 8.4 Council budgets have come under significant pressure resulting in some councils capitalising certain spending. This has allowed them to borrow to spread the cost of this spending over a number of years and ease the immediate pressure on the revenue budget e.g., capitalising debt interest in respect of specific capital developments.
- 8.5 Some councils have taken a more commercial approach to their assets. For example, building or expanding car parking to generate additional ongoing income to support the council budget or purchased property for a purely financial return.
- 8.6 In past years, unprecedented low interest rates have enabled councils to borrow cheaply to fund new capital investment. However, the situation has recently reversed causing significant pressures to council finances nationwide. To address the issue of councils borrowing purely for commercial investment, PWLB lending terms have been modified to limit a council's liability to borrow purely for investment purposes.
- 8.7 Many councils have also benefited from capital receipts from asset sales to offset the cost of new capital investment. As with most other councils, the Royal Borough has an asset disposal plan in place.

9. The Royal Borough Financial Context

- 9.1 The Royal Borough has the advantage of substantial and valuable land and buildings holdings. In compliance with its asset management plan, the Borough continues to be pro-active and innovative in using these holdings to generate capital receipts for new investment.
- 9.2 As a general principle, land no longer required for its existing use is declared surplus so that options for its future use or sale can be considered by the Property Services team and members of the Capital Review Board prior to proceeding for a formal decision.
- 9.3 Capital receipts are used to finance capital expenditure. In future, capital receipts will also be utilised for debt redemption in accordance with the Royal Borough's Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy.
- 9.4 Where appropriate, the Royal Borough has used the capital receipts generated from the closure of a facility to largely fund its replacement. Disposals can only take place once the new facility is built, which means that

- The Royal Borough needs to borrow to fund the new facility initially
- The Royal Borough carries the risk of holding and disposing of the previous asset.
- 9.5 In other cases, the Royal Borough has been able to use s106 & Community Infrastructure Levy contributions to offset the cost of certain capital investment, where this is consistent with the terms of the development agreement.
- 9.6 The Royal Borough has also invested in its assets to generate income to support its Revenue Budget. This has included:
 - Converting and investing in the Royal Borough land to generate additional income from car parking provision.
 - Modest investment in commercial property to maintain a revenue income stream.
- 9.7 In addition, the Royal Borough has invested in building and enhancing assets for residents, including the secondary schools expansions programme, libraries and leisure centres. This has resulted in significant capital investment in recent years. The Royal Borough's borrowing is projected to be £241m by 31 March 2024.
- 9.8 When building the Capital Programme for 2023/24 the cost of borrowing will be kept as low as possible by investing in essential schemes only. For 2023/24 debt financing costs, including MRP, are estimated at £11.4m. Short-term borrowing rates are expected to increase to 5% in 2023/24 which places considerable financial pressure on the Council's revenue budget. To minimise this financial burden, the treasury management team will consider the best borrowing options between short and long-term borrowing. An asset disposal plan to reduce debt is in place, however, most capital receipts are projected to be received after this turbulent period which places additional pressure on Council finances.
- 9.9 Officers are currently undertaking an urgent review of approved capital schemes with a view to reducing capital expenditure where possible. This is necessary given the recent steep increase in interest rates.
- 9.10 Overall, the Royal Borough has sought to keep Council tax levels to a minimum. This has meant that it has tightly controlled spending within its Revenue Budget, which in turn has had consequences for its capital budget, such as needing to:
 - Fund significant spending on refurbishing assets from borrowing rather than funding this from within its Revenue Budget
 - Use capital to fund a number of short-life asset replacements e.g. Software.
 - Prioritise spending that generates future income to contribute to its Revenue Budget.
- 9.11 In the short term this has helped to spread the cost of this investment over a number of years and reduce the impact on the Revenue Budget.

However, in the longer term as borrowing and interest rates increase, more and more pressure is placed on the Revenue Budget, through increasing the level of debt financing costs. Interest rates were at 0.75% at the beginning of 2022/23, and are now projected to rise to 5% by the beginning of 2023/24.

10. Developing Capital Plans

10.1 Decisions around future capital investment should not be taken lightly as this often involves significant sums of public spending, which has a significant future impact on the Royal Borough's finances.

- 10.2 The Royal Borough faces some tough choices against competing priorities and therefore always needs to balance the immediate benefit of investing in a new capital asset against the future financial sustainability of council finances. One of these tough choices will be whether to borrow to develop the Royal Borough assets to create long term revenue streams or whether to dispose of assets to help to reduce borrowing costs.
- 10.3 To strike this tough balance the Royal Borough will:
 - Have clear capital investment priorities for all of its key services this will allow it to balance the needs of individual services against one another.
 - Develop clear business cases for major projects so that there is a clear understanding about the benefits that the project will deliver and whether these are worth the level of investment required.
 - Set clear objectives for example it needs to be clear about the payback period it expects from commercial invest to save schemes.
 - Develop a pipeline of projects that fit in with the longer-term plan for capital investment.
- 10.4 This prioritisation will be assisted by having:
 - Surveys of all the Royal Borough assets that set out maintenance requirements over time
 - Clear replacement strategies that show when assets need to be replaced and updated e.g., IT equipment and systems.
- 10.5 Given the long-term nature of capital investment, the Royal Borough should be able to plan effectively and avoid the need for capital schemes to emerge at the last minute.
- 10.6 Above all, there is a need for an effective process to assess competing capital priorities and develop more long-term capital plans.

11. Delivering Capital projects

- 11.1 All capital projects over £100,000 are subject to a gateway process that requires them to set out:
 - A procurement Strategy for the project
 - A project timetable and delivery plan
 - An updated financial assessment including the revenue implications, both immediate and ongoing
 - A clear assessment of project benefits and how these will be delivered and assessed.
- 11.2 The Royal Borough has established a Capital Review Board (CRB) which oversees the delivery of the capital programme. CRB is an officer working group. It is an advisory / monitoring body and takes any decision-making power from the delegated authority of officers attending as set out in the scheme of delegation and the financial procedure rules within the Royal Borough's Constitution. It makes decisions where priorities and budgets are already agreed within the Council's Policy and Budget Framework. Any proposal that is outside the approved Policy and Budget framework will be referred to Cabinet and/or the Royal Borough in accordance with the Constitution. The following summarises the terms of reference of the board:

Membership

- Executive Director of Place
- Managing Director, RBWM Property Company Limited
- Head of Finance (Chair)
- Head of HR, Corporate Projects and IT
- Head of Infrastructure, Sustainability and Economic Growth
- Head of Neighbourhood Services
- Head of Capital Projects and Asset Management, RBWM Property Company Limited
- School Places and Capital Team Leader

Corporate Accountant (Capital)

Support to the Board

- Project Manager Corporate Projects
- Executive Assistant to Executive Director of Place

Frequency

• CRB normally meets every 2 months but more frequently as required e.g. in the lead up to budget setting.

Overall Responsibilities

- Advise on the Royal Borough's Capital Strategy in line with the Council's priorities.
- Ensure the effective development and delivery of the Capital Programme in line with the Royal Borough's Capital Strategy and Council priorities.
- Identify and monitor the resources available to fund the Capital Programme in the most efficient way.
- Oversee the gateway process for the Capital Programme.
- Monitor the progress of the Capital programme and key variances between plans and performance.
- Encourage and enable the development of learning, skills and capacity in the management of capital projects across the organisation.

11.3 Priority Outcomes

- An effective Capital Strategy and Capital Programme that optimises the resources available to deliver the Council's priorities.
- Continuous improvement in the development and delivery of the capital programme and that strategic capital investment is planned and delivered in the most efficient and effective way.
- Review completed of the previously approved Capital Programme in light of the 'new normal' environment the Council will operate in.
- Better management of capital projects, in line with best practice, ensuring benefits are realised.
- Effective bidding for external capital funding.
- Enhanced cross-service strategic working and partnerships with other organisations on the development and management of capital projects.
- That the Capital Strategy and Programme is funded in the most efficient way and fully integrated into the Medium-Term Financial Strategy of the Council.
- That lessons are learnt from capital projects undertaken by the Council.
- 11.4 The Working Group is able to approve the delivery of all projects up to £250,000, while projects above this level will be subject to approval by Cabinet.
- 11.5 Cabinet receives a report on the delivery of capital schemes which is included within the regular Financial Update.

12. Financial Risks

Planning for the future can never be an exact science. There are many factors that the Royal Borough cannot control, the war in Ukraine and recent economic developments being prime examples. External factors have been shown to have a significant impact on costs and the viability of future capital plans.

Interest rates were at 0.75% at the beginning of 2022/23 and are now projected to rise to 5% by the beginning of 2023/24. In light of these expected increases the Authority will review and, where appropriate, reduce its capital programme. With interest rates at 5% a £10m reduction in capital expenditure would result in a reduction in annual borrowing costs of £500,000.

- Revenue Budget ultimately the cost of borrowing to fund capital investment has to be met by the revenue budget. This means that the sustainability of the revenue budget as set out within the Budget Strategy is a key risk factor that impacts on the affordability of capital spending.
- Government Grants although Government Grants have reduced over time this still makes a significant contribution towards the cost and viability of major schools and highways schemes.
 This may improve further should the government award additional capital grant for infrastructure in future years.
- Interest Rates Rising interest rates will impact on the affordability and viability of key future capital projects.
- Project Creep projects delivered over a period of time are inherently risky. Tight cost control
 is needed to ensure that the project keeps within the spending envelope.
- Contractual Risk the cost of major projects can be heavily dependent on the level of competition that influences bids to deliver the scheme.
- 12.1.1 Capital Projects are inherently risky. There are significant risks that the costs of capital schemes can exceed the original capital programme allocation. There is also a delivery risk that projects can be late. Effective project planning and due diligence, project management and budget control are essential in mitigating delivery risks along with the selection of skilled delivery partners.
- 12.2 Funding capital investment represents a significant pressure on the Revenue Budget. It is essential that the Royal Borough understands fully the revenue impact of capital investment and the extent to which the project:
 - Meets the Royal Borough's objectives
 - Is self-funding
 - Delivers a realistic pay back in the case of invest to save schemes

13. Summary and Conclusion

- 13.1 Capital investment decisions involve substantial sums of money and represent a long-term plan, which can extend well beyond the term of the existing Council.
- 13.2 Decisions on future capital investment therefore need to balance a range of different long-term priorities, often within tight financial constraints.
- 13.3 The strategy sets out some clear criteria for determining capital spending and deciding on the competing priorities.
- 13.4 The strategy also sets out a key delivery mechanism designed to deliver effective implementation of capital plans.
- 13.5 Increasing interest rates will result in a pause or discontinuation of some capital projects. This is under continuous review and the final outcome will be included in the February 2023 budget report.
- 13.6 Due to the fast-changing economic situation the Capital Strategy for 2023/24 will continue to be reviewed and amended as necessary prior to approval by Full Council in February 2023.

Appendix 1 - Summary of Capital Programmes

This will be published in the draft budget papers to November cabinet.

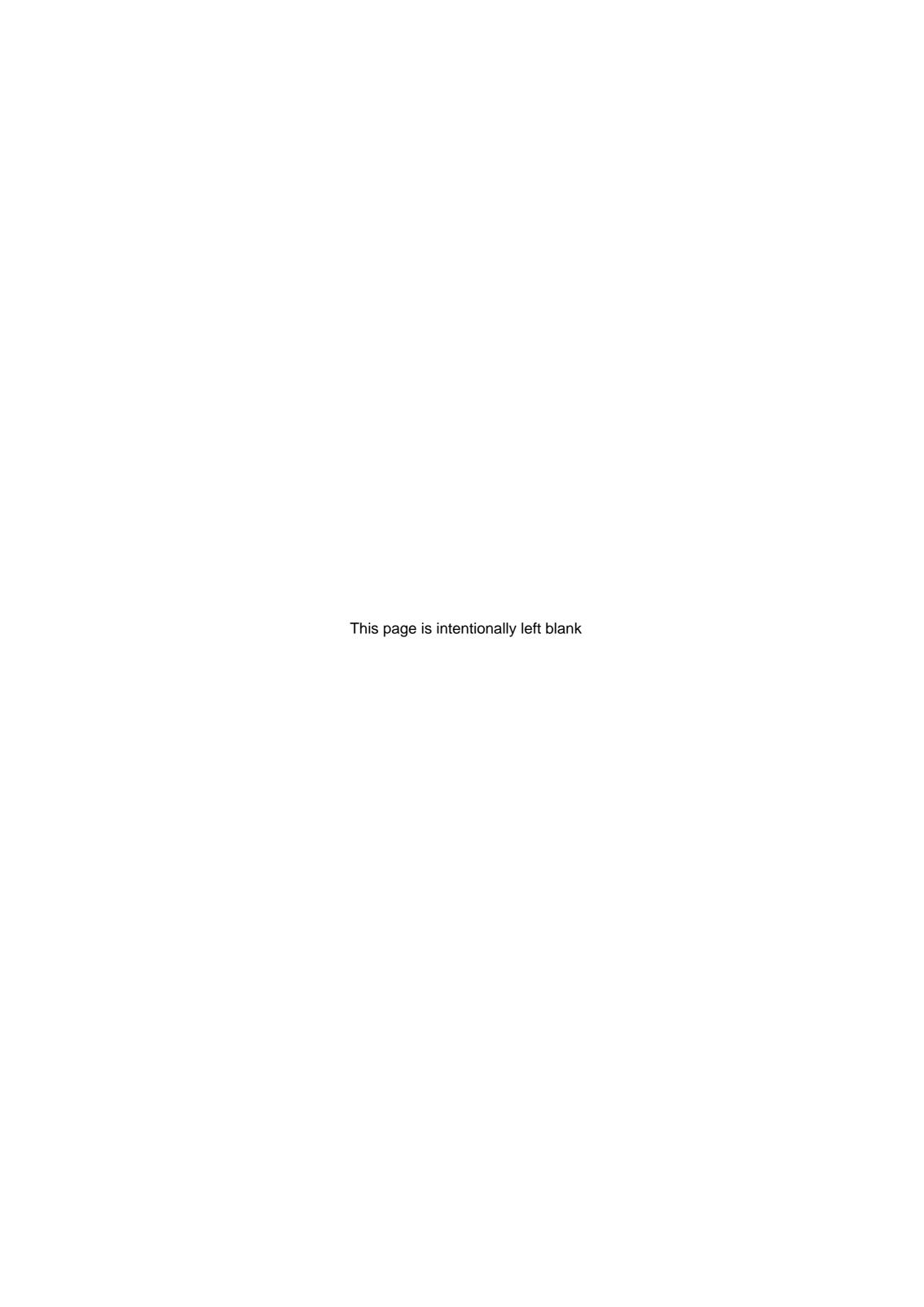
Appendix 2 – Capital Expenditure & Financing 2023/24 to 2026/27

This will be published in the draft budget papers to November cabinet.



Previously approved Major Schemes 2022/23 onwards

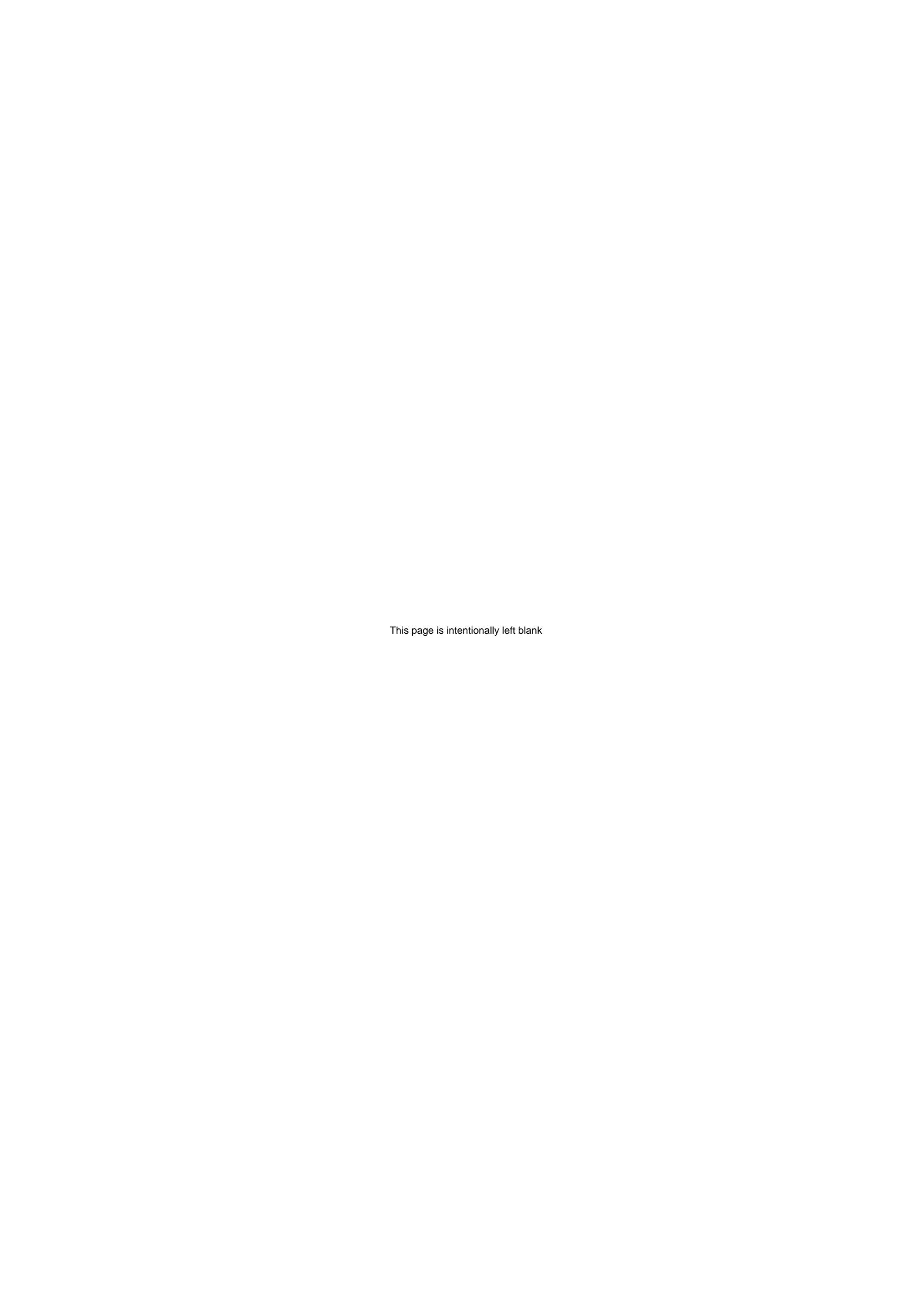
No.	Scheme Name	Date Council Approved	2022/23 Net Cost £'000	2023/24 Net Cost £'000	2024/25 Net Cost £'000	2025/26 Net Cost £'000	Total Net Cost £'000
1	RBWM Affordable Housing - School House	July 2018	-	-	947		947
2	RBWM Affordable Housing - St Edmunds	July 2018	-	-	2,763	771	3,534
3	Broadway Car Park, Maidenhead	August 2018	2,944	13,756	10,231		26,931
4	Vicus Way Car Park, Maidenhead	June 2018	4,236	-	-		4,236
5	Maidenhead Development	February 2016	6,000		-	9,950	15,950
6	River Thames Scheme	April 2015	-	-	9,100		9,100
	Total		13,180	13,756	23,041	10,721	60,698



No.		Title		Service Area	Va escription £'0		\$106 £'000	CIL £'000		Net £'000	Cumulative Borrowing £'000
1	NS1	Footway Maintenance & Construction	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Footways form a vital link for pedestrian access around the borough and it is essential that they are maintained in a safe condition. There are number of footways beyond their design life and require refurbishment to maintain the highway asset in an acceptable condition, and protect residents from potential trips, which will reduce insurance risks. The works will also make provision for providing disabled crossing points where appropriate, and will help to enhance the visual appearance of the environment benefitting local residents, pedestrian, and people with disabilities.	250	-	-	(250)	-	-
2	NS2	Pothole Action Fund DFT Grant	Place	Neighbourhood Services	This is additional maintenance funding from the DfT specifically to fix potholes, but will also be available to undertake longer-term road resurfacing works to prevent potholes from appearing.	1,209	-	-	(1,209)	-	-
3	IS1	Highway Drainage Sche	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth	Annual programme of highway drainage improvement schemes	300		(300)	-	-	-
4	IS4	Maidenhead Town Centre Streets	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth	Improvements to Maidenhead town centre street environment to better facilitate trips into and around town by bike and on foot	150	-	-	(150)	-	-
5	IS6	Road Safety Schemes	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth	Addressing road safety measures historically has required the investment of £200k per annum. This is a recurring bid funded through the Integrated Transport Block to provide safety measures such as the provision of in year requests for road safety measures to be implemented. These will include measures such as pedestrian crossings, traffic calming and speed limit reviews that have been reported as residents concerns for safety. All requests will be triaged and if action is needed prioritised for in year or future years implementation.	200	(200)	-	-	-	-
6	LI1	Self Service Kiosk Upgrade	Resources	Library and Res Contact	4 D-Tech Self Service Kiosks to replace the old equipment. This includes cash and card payment options for Council Services including Council Tax and Business Rates as well as self service library transactions	30	(30)	-	-	-	-
7	HH2	Disabled Facilities Grant	Adults, Health & Housing	Housing, Environmental Health & Trading Standards	We have a several large-scale adaptations in progress that will require significant funding next year. Coupled with the new DFG policy, which will also be in place next year and which includes the potential for discretionary funding above the £30k mandatory grant limit, we will require the additional funds to ensure the works can be completed.	1,032	-	-	(1,032)	-	-
					Grant funded programme of significant maintenance and upgrades for buildings at community and voluntary controlled schools in the borough. The DfE is not expected to announce the level of grant available to the borough in 2023/24 until March 2023. The level of grant is likely to be reduced as Woodlands Park Primary School is converting to an academy on 1st November. All Saints CE Junior School is also expected to convert before the end of the financial year. An estimated £1.1m grant is therefore expected. An adjustment to the budget may need to be taken to Council in Spring 2023 following confirmation of the grant amount.						
					No specific projects have yet been identified. This work will commence, in partnership with Property, once the currently vacant Capital Projects Officer post is filled.						
	ED4	School Condition	Children's		This grant is specifically for addressing school maintenance issues.	1 100			(4.400)		
8	ED1	Allocation 2023/24 High Needs Provision Capital Allocation	Services Children's	School Places	This is for capital works to improve the provision available to children and young people with Special Educational Needs (SEND) and/or in Alternative Provision (AP).	1,100	-	-	(1,100)	-	-
9	ED2	Capital Allocation 2023/24	Services	and Capital Team	This grant is specifically for new SEND and AP provision.	3,421	_	_	(3,421)	-	-
10	NS4	Highway Resurfacing Programme - This bid is a contractual commitment	Place	Neighbourhood Services	The highway network is assessed annually through condition surveys to establish a priority list of roads that require resurfacing treatment. These surveys are a key Government requirement that link directly to Performance Indicators and contribute to the delivery of Local Transport Plan targets/objectives. The resurfacing of roads is essential to improve road safety, through surface skid resistance treatment and prevent further deterioration therefore preserving the structural and serviceability of the highway asset. Investment reduces deterioration delaying higher renewal costs and reduces insurance risks.	1,261	_	_	(1,261)	_	_

No.	Bid No.	Title	Directorate	Service Area	Description	Capital Value £'000	S106 £'000	CIL £'000	Grant £'000	Net £'000	Cumulative Borrowing £'000
11 NS5		Bridge Strengthening	Place	Neighbourhood	The Royal Borough has a statutory duty to undertake specific cyclic inspections of bridge and highway structures to ensure basic safety responsibilities are being delivered. Theses inspections may highlight essential minor capital works (e.g. safety repairs to the structure, parapet walls, weight and height limit signing, pedestrian facilities). Following these inspections it has identified certain structures are currently structurally weak and if work is not carried out to them they will require a weight restriction enforcement on them. All the structures concerned are on the boroughs main network and would have a detrimental impact of repairs are not carried out. The objective of the project is to introduce measures to mitigate and minimise any potential current safety risk and reduce insurance risks.			(220)	(30)	2.000	
		Street Lighting Structural Testing of	T Idoo	Services Neighbourhood	To facilitate the ongoing structural testing of the remaining 10008 street lighting structurally rated amber(close to failing)	200		(220)	(00)		
	NS41	Amber Units Regular annual maintenance of 5 leisure centres -	Place	Services	rated units as required by Contract. Replacement water pumps, air valves; Building management controls system upgrades; Windsor LC roof and wall glazing replacement; Windsor LC all weather pitch surface replacement; Charters LC hall lighting; Charters LC squash court playing wall replacement; drainage issues, all sites; Cox Green LC boiler and automatic door replacement; Cox Green LC fire and burglar alarm replacement, Braywick Park astro pitch light replacement (to LED), Windsor/Braywick fitness equipment replacement and	174	0	(,	-	-	-
		Street Lighting Private Network Cable and Feeder Pillar Replacement	Place	Neighbourhood Services	There are 61 assets with faults caused by damaged and ageing private electrical cables (RBWM maintained) causing dead SWA (dead cable supply to street light and/or illuminated sign) and resulting upgrade of Feeder pillar required during repairs. This will resolve any ongoing problems with RBWM private cables for known problem areas.	450		(450)	-	-	-
15		Cookham Bridge Refurbishment & Structural Repair	Place	Neighbourhood Services	A general inspection has been carried out in May 2017 and has highlighted that the paint system in place is no longer protecting the steel structure. This highlights a significant risk in terms of the structure capacity of the bridge. In addition to this the waterproofing and expansion joint on the deck requires replacement, the parapet needs repair along with this handrail. The bridge was last refurbished in 2000, where it received a new paint system and complete refurbishment. 22/23 funding to the value of £2million was received for carrying out these works. However since the capital bid last year the cost of the materials has increased, and as such additional funding is being requested to fill this short fall. The works are due to be spread over 22/23 & 23/24 capital programmes due to restrictions placed on us by the Environment Agency and channel closes.	600	0	(600)	-	-	-
16	NS27	Car Park Improvements	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Essential Improvements to the councils car parks of which we currently have 4 multi storeys and 42 surface car parks. Including works that will improve the life span of structures as well as improving safety. This programme is for the review, replacement or upgrade of lining on major roads, junctions, crossings and other potential	200	O C	(200)	-		-
17		Road Marking Safety & Signing Safety Programme	Place	Neighbourhood Services	'hazard' locations for road safety reasons. Also provides for replacement and upgrading of road studs and high-friction surfaces. This element is not included within our lump sum of the existing Volker contract.	100	0	(100)	-	-	-
18	NS10	Traffic Signal LED Updates	Place	Neighbourhood Services	Replacement of Traffic Signal equipment which uses halogen lamps which are not longer manufactured. Across our existing portfolio this equals to 693 lamps. This bid is for the switch out of these old units to the new units. This bid also includes the lorry watch sim cards and maintenance for the HVV monitoring camera in Sunningdale. A camera was installed a few years to monitor and prosecute those vehicles breaking the weight tonne limit following a Cllr request. The prosecutions are carried out through the licencing team, but the maintenance of the camera sits with the highways budgets. This camera is now not maintained, nor does it have the new sim cards for transmission of data which are needed every year	130	0	(130)	-	-	
19	NS11	Drift Road Resurfacing	Place	Neighbourhood Services	A combination of installation of concrete channels, carriageway edge haunching, sections of full depth reconstruction, resurfacing and cutting of new drainage grips to improve the condition of Drift Road. To the benefit of all highway users, mitigating against personal injury collision risk, reduced risk of claims arising from collisions and protecting and enhancing the highway as an asset. This work is phased over 4 years, asking for £250 per year to carry out the necessary works.	250	0	(250)	-	-	-
20		Streetlighting LED upgrade, incl. Street Lighting Column/sign safety improvements/ Deillumination of signposts - This is a contractual commitment	Place	Neighbourhood Services	To upgrade the remaining non-LED assets to LED allowing for a reduction in energy consumption and maintenance costs for outdated street lighting assets including lanterns, subway and illuminated signs. The column replacements for damaged assets including existing stumped columns, remaining concrete columns and misaligned columns for safety and compliance that cannot be actioned via the current street lighting maintenance budget due to the quantity. This is linked to the streetlighting upgrade review paper produced July 2021. The total funding requested is £2million, however this is suggested to be split over 4 years.	1		(500)	-	-	-

No.	Bid No.	Title	Directorate	Service Area	Description	Capital Value £'000	\$106 £'000	CIL £'000		Net £'000	Cumulative Borrowing £'000
21	IS3	Electric Vehicle ChargePoint Implementation Plan Rollout (Phase 1)	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth	Installing electric vehicle charge points on street and in our car parks, spread across the borough, to provide for the transition to zero/low emission vehicles	200	0	(200)	-	-	-
22	lS5a	LCWIP Delivery (Local Cycling & Walking Infrastructure Plans)	Place	Infrastructure, Sustainability & Economic Growth	Walking and cycling improvements in neighbourhoods to the north of Maidenhead town centre, and a corridor linking them together, through to the town centre as well as Ascot Station to Heatherwood Hospital - (CIL and S106 applied to leverage external grant funding for the council)	1,500 13,357	(100) (330)		(250) (8,703)	<u>-</u>	- -
202	3/24 B	OROUGH FUNDED SCHE	EMES								-
23	IT1	Network Broadband Deployment	Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	Estimated implementation costs for deploying to new provider contract. £180k required in 2023/24, £60k required in 2024/25.	180	-	-	-	180	180
24	IT3	Firewall Renewal	Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	To purchase and replace the firewalls used to protect the councils sites that are reaching end of life and support.	96	-	-	-	96	276
25	IT4	HR System Procurement	Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	Year 2 capital costs for the HR system procurement. Approved by Cabinet on 26 May 2022. Anticipated to spend £333k in 2022/23	63	_	_	_	63	339
					Having purchased extended warranties for the laptop devices purchased as part of the Modern Workplace project, analysis suggests that the extended warranty model is the most cost effective option for repairs (excluding accidental damage) giving any laptop device five years support and maintenance. There are currently circa 1200 RBWM corporate laptop devices being used with the first phase laptops due to go end of life in June 2024. We recommend purchasing 1/5th of the estate every year to allow for replacements to ensure employees are supported in service delivery; using functioning, secure, up to date and enabling IT infrastructure. The request is being made at this time in order to carry out a compliant appropriate procurement exercise and ensure devices can be secured, delivered, built and deployed to staff with the devices due to go end of life from June 2024. Additionally in preparation for the Borough and Parish council elections taking place in May 2023, new laptop devices are required to replace any iPads that existing Councillors may use which are now entering end of life and are very IT support intensive. Laptops will ensure a consistent device offering. Total estimated costs for these devices of £242,250						
	IT5	Wireless Access Point	Resources	· '	Replacement of end-of-life Wireless Access Points across all	242	-	-	-	242	581
	IT6		Resources	HR, Corporate Projects and IT	A request for a capital fund of £100k is being requested to cover projects detailed in the IT strategy such as cloud migration, remote access, telephony, corporate device operating system maintenance, new IT contract implementations and essential maintenance (hardware or software upgrades). In addition, continual work on cyber security and compliance also require elements of capital funding.	100	-	-	<u>-</u>	100	723
	PR1	RBWM Property Company management fees for Maidenhead development			Annual RBWM Property Company management fees for Maidenhead development.	500		-	-	500	1,223
30	AS1	Adult Social Care system replacement	Adults, Health & Housing	Adult Social Care	A new Adult Social Care system is required to automate processes, allow effective interrogation of data, facilitate good case management, and to allow the Council to implement the Care Reforms from October 2023. Procurement is scheduled to complete by the end of December so it may be that some initial payments to the provider will be required at the end of the 21/22 financial year.	1,150	_	-	_	1,150	2,373
31	ED3		Children's Services	AFC Support Services	Implementation (project management, data migration, training) and ongoing support and maintenance of a new children's social care system		- -	- -	- -	1,004 3,377	3,377



Major Capital Cashflows - Proposed & Agreed

	V4	V 2	V 2	V 4	V F	V	V7	V0	V0	V 10	V 11	V12	V 12	
	Year 1 2022/23	Year 2 2023/24	Year 3 2024/25	Year 4 2025/26	Year 5 2026/27	Year 6 2027/28	Year 7 2028/29	Year 8 2029/30	Year 9 2030/31	Year 10 2031/32	Year 11 2032/33	Year 12 2033/34	Year 13 2034/35	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Projected short term interest rate	2.56%	4.19%	4.62%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	1 000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.30%	4.15%	4.02/6	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Capital Receipts														
Developer & reserves income	4,586	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700		45,286
Residential receipts	5,068	7,424	5,950	50,944	23,932	24,666	32,161	24,168	20,312	21,455	20,693	19,562	24,381	280,716
Commercial receipts	13,950	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		•		13,950
Total Capital Receipts	23,604	11,124	9,650	54,644	27,632	28,366	35,861	27,868	24,012	25,155	24,393	23,262	24,381	339,952
Capital Expenditure														
Annual Capital Programme Schemes	9.300	2,677	9,100	5.000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	71,077
Residential Schemes	6,802	700	4,210	11,221	500	250	500	500	500	-	-,	-	-,	25,183
Commercial Schemes	7,180	13,756	10,231	-	-							-	-	31,167
Capitalised debt charges	462	381		-	-	-	-	-	-				-	843
Capital Programme slippage in	9,852	10,079	8.278	6,364	4,517	2,003	1,451	1,390	1,378	1,376	1,275	1,255	1,251	50,468
Forecast Capital Programme slippage out	(10,079)	(8,278)	(6,364)	(4,517)	(2.003)	(1,451)	(1,390)	(1,378)	(1,376)	(1,275)	(1,255)	(1,251)	(1,250)	41,866
Total Capital Expenditure	23,517	19,315	25,455	18,068	8,014	5,803	5,561	5,512	5,502	5,100	5,020	5,004	5,001	136,871
Borrowing														
L.T. debt at the start of the year	71,265	90,265	88,265	71,265	69,265	67,265	65,265	63,265	51,265	34,265	32,265	31,265	26,265	
Increases/reductions in debt	19,000	(2,000)	(17,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(12,000)	(17,000)	(2,000)	(1,000)	(5,000)	0	
Total debt at year end	90,265	88,265	71,265	69,265	67,265	65,265	63,265	51,265	34,265	32,265	31,265	26,265	26,265	
Net ST debt at start of year	134,598	114,000	124,191	156,996	122,419	104,801	84,238	55,938	45,582	44,072	26,018	7,644	(5,614)	
Increases/Reductions in Debt	(20,598)	10,191	32,805	(34,577)	(17,618)	(20,563)	(28,300)	(10,356)	(1,510)	(18,054)	(18,373)	(13,258)	(19,380)	
Total S.T debt at year end	114,000	124,191	156,996	122,419	104,801	84,238	55,938	45,582	44,072	26,018	7,644	(5,614)	(24,994)	
Total Debt	204,265	212,456	228,261	191,684	172,066	149,503	119,203	96,846	78,336	58,282	38,909	20,651	1,271	
Capitalised debt interest on specific projects	(462)	(381)												
Interest on L.Term Debt	3,110	3,231	3,129	3,036	2,984	2,940	2,880	2,450	1,951	1,531	1,480	1,348	1,232	
Revenue cost of S.T. debt interest	954	4,656	6,439	4,120	3,327	2,753	2,019	1,511	1,239	968	431	-	-	
Broker Fees	105	129	145	138	111	92	68	51	42	33	14	62	50	
Interest charge per MTFP	3,707	7,636	9,713	7,294	6,423	5,785	4,967	4,012	3,233	2,531	1,925	1,410	1,282	
MRP	3,020	3,139	3,323	3,536	3,512	3,366	3,235	3,092	2,931	2,695	2,540	2,483	2,435	
Total cost of Capital Finance	6,727	10,774	13,036	10,830	9,934	9,151	8,202	7,104	6,163	5,226	4,464	3,893	3,717	

